Blue Shield TotalDual Plan (HMO D-SNP) *Member* Handbook

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OMB Approval 0938-1444 (Expires: June 30, 2026)

January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2024

Your Health and Drug Coverage under Blue Shield TotalDual Plan (HMO D-SNP), a Medicare Medi-Cal Plan

Member Handbook Introduction

This *Member Handbook,* otherwise known as the *Evidence of Coverage,* tells you about your coverage under our plan through December 31, 2024. It explains health care services, behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services, prescription drug coverage, and long-term services and supports. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in **Chapter 12** of your *Member Handbook*.

This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.

When this *Member Handbook* says "we," "us," "our," or "our plan," it means Blue Shield TotalDual Plan.

This document is available for free in Arabic, Armenian, Cambodian, Chinese, Farsi, Korean, Russian, Spanish, Tagalog, and Vietnamese.

You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, and/or audio by calling Customer Service at the number at the bottom of this page. The call is free.

• You can make a standing request to get this document in a language other than English or in an alternate format now and in the future. To make a request, please contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service. They will keep your preferred language and format on file for future recommendations. To make any updates on your preference, please contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan.

We have free interpreter services to answer any questions that you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter just call us at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. Someone that speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

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Disclaimers

- Benefits, premium, deductible, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025
- The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.
- It is our plan's responsibility to coordinate your Medi-Cal (Medicaid) benefits to you.
- Blue Shield of California is an HMO D-SNP plan with a Medicare contract and a contract with the California State Medi-Cal (Medicaid) Program. Enrollment in Blue Shield of California depends on contract renewal.
- Coverage under Blue Shield TotalDual Plan is qualifying health coverage called "minimum essential coverage." It satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at <u>www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families</u> for more information on the individual shared responsibility requirement.

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Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

Introduction

This chapter includes information about Blue Shield TotalDual Plan, a health plan that covers all of your Medicare services and coordinates all of your Medicare and Medi-Cal services, and your membership in it. It also tells you what to expect and what other information you will get from us. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

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A. Welcome to our plan

Our plan provides Medicare and Medi-Cal services to individuals who are eligible for both programs. Our plan includes doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services and supports, behavioral health providers, and other providers. We also have care coordinators and care teams to help you manage your providers and services. They all work together to provide the care you need.

B. Information about Medicare and Medi-Cal

B1. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people 65 years of age or over,
- some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and
- people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).

B2. Medi-Cal

Medi-Cal is the name of California's Medi-Cal program. Medi-Cal is run by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government. Medi-Cal helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) and medical costs. It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.

Each state decides:

- what counts as income and resources,
- who is eligible,
- what services are covered, and
- the cost for services.

States can decide how to run their programs, as long as they follow the federal rules.

Medicare and the state of California approved our plan. You can get Medicare and Medi-Cal services through our plan as long as:

• we choose to offer the plan, and

• Medicare and the state of California allow us to continue to offer this plan.

Even if our plan stops operating in the future, your eligibility for Medicare and Medi-Cal services is not affected.

C. Advantages of our plan

You will now get all your covered Medicare and Medi-Cal services from our plan, including prescription drugs. **You do not pay extra to join this health plan.**

We help make your Medicare and Medi-Cal benefits work better together and work better for you. Some of the advantages include:

- You can work with us for **most** of your health care needs.
- You have a care team that you help put together. Your care team may include yourself, your caregiver, doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals.
- You have access to a care coordinator. This is a person who works with you, with our plan, and with your care team to help make a care plan.
- You're able to direct your own care with help from your care team and care coordinator.
- Your care team and care coordinator work with you to make a care plan designed to meet **your** health needs. The care team helps coordinate the services you need. For example, this means that your care team makes sure:
 - Your doctors know about all the medicines you take so they can make sure you're taking the right medicines and can reduce any side effects that you may have from the medicines.
 - Your test results are shared with all of your doctors and other providers, as appropriate.

New members to Blue Shield TotalDual Plan: In most instances you will be enrolled in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan for your Medicare benefits the 1st day of the month after you request to be enrolled in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. You may still receive your Medi-Cal services from your previous Medi-Cal health plan for one additional month. After that, you will receive your Medi-Cal services through Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. There will be no gap in your Medi-Cal

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coverage. Please call us at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week if you have any questions.

D. Our plan's service area

Our service area includes these counties in California: Los Angeles and San Diego Counties.

Only people who live in our service area can join our plan.

You cannot stay in our plan if you move outside of our service area. Refer to Chapter 8 of your *Member Handbook* for more information about the effects of moving out of our service area.

E. What makes you eligible to be a plan member

You are eligible for our plan as long as you:

- live in our service area (incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the service area even if they are physically located in it), **and**
- are age 21 and older at the time of enrollment, and
- have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, and
- are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States, and
- are currently eligible for Medi-Cal, and

If you lose Medi-Cal eligibility but can be expected to regain it within 6 month(s), then you are still eligible for our plan.

Call Customer Service for more information.

F. What to expect when you first join our health plan

When you first join our plan, you get a health risk assessment (HRA) within 90 days before or after your enrollment effective date.

We must complete an HRA for you. This HRA is the basis for developing your care plan. The HRA includes questions to identify your medical, behavioral health, and functional needs.

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We reach out to you to complete the HRA. We can complete the HRA by an in-person visit, telephone call, or mail.

We'll send you more information about this HRA.

If our plan is new for you, you can keep using the doctors you use now for a certain amount of time, if they are not in our network. We call this continuity of care. If they are not in our network, you can keep your current providers and service authorizations at the time you enroll for up to 12 months if all of the following conditions are met:

- You, your representative, or your provider asks us to let you keep using your current provider.
- We establish that you had an existing relationship with a primary or specialty care provider, with some exceptions. When we say "existing relationship," it means that you saw an out-of-network provider at least once for a non-emergency visit during the 12 months before the date of your initial enrollment in our plan.
 - We determine an existing relationship by reviewing your available health information available or information you give us.
 - We have 30 days to respond to your request. You can ask us to make a faster decision, and we must respond in 15 days. If you are at risk of harm, we must respond within 3 days.
 - You or your provider must show documentation of an existing relationship and agree to certain terms when you make the request.

Note: You can make this request for providers of Durable Medical Equipment (DME) for at least 90 days until we authorize a new rental and have a network provider deliver the rental. Although you cannot make this request for providers of transportation or other ancillary providers, you can make a request for services of transportation or other ancillary services not included in our plan.

After the continuity of care period ends, you will need to use doctors and other providers in the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan network that are affiliated with your primary care provider's medical group, unless we make an agreement with your out-of-network doctor. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. A medical group or an Independent Physician Association (IPA) is an organization formed under California law that contracts with health plans to provide or arrange for the provisions of health care services to health plan enrollees. A medical group or IPA is an association of primary care physicians and specialists created to

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provide coordinated health care services to you. Refer to **Chapter 3** of your *Member Handbook* for more information on getting care.

G. Your care team and care plan

G1. Care team

A care team can help you keep getting the care you need. A care team may include your doctor, a care coordinator, or other health person that you choose.

A care coordinator is a person trained to help you manage the care you need. You get a care coordinator when you enroll in our plan. This person also refers you to other community resources that our plan may not provide and will work with your care team to help coordinate your care. Call us at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information about your care coordinator and care team.

G2. Care plan

Your care team works with you to make a care plan. A care plan tells you and your doctors what services you need and how to get them. It includes your medical, behavioral health, and LTSS or other services.

Your care plan includes:

- your health care goals, and
- a timeline for getting the services you need.

Your care team meets with you after your HRA. They ask you about services you need. They also tell you about services you may want to think about getting. Your care plan is created based on your needs and goals. Your care team works with you to update your care plan at least every year.

H. Your monthly costs for Blue Shield TotalDual Plan

Your costs may include the following:

• Plan premium (Section H1)

In some situations, your plan premium could be less.

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H1. Plan premium

As a member of your plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2024, the monthly premium for Blue Shield TotalDual Plan is \$41.00. However, you pay \$0 per month as long as you have Part D Low-Income Subsidy, also known as "Extra Help", and full Medi-Cal coverage.

I. Your Member Handbook

Your Member Handbook is part of our contract with you. This means that we must follow all rules in this document. If you think we've done something that goes against these rules, you may be able to appeal our decision. For information about appeals, refer to Chapter 9 of your Member Handbook or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

You can ask for a *Member Handbook* by calling Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also refer to the Member Handbook found on our website at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The contract is in effect for the months you are enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

J. Other important information you get from us

Other important information we provide to you includes your Member ID Card, information about how to access a Provider and Pharmacy Directory, and information about how to access a List of Covered Drugs, also known as a Formulary.

J1. Your Member ID Card



If your Member ID Card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service at the number at the bottom of the page right away. We will send you a new card.

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As long as you are a member of our plan, you do not need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card or your Medi-Cal card to get most services. Keep those cards in a safe place, in case you need them later. If you show your Medicare card instead of your Member ID Card, the provider may bill Medicare instead of our plan, and you may get a bill. Refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Member Handbook* to find out what to do if you get a bill from a provider.

Remember, you need your Medi-Cal card or Benefits Identification Card (BIC) to access the following services:

- Prescriptions only covered through Medi-Cal Rx
- Dental services only covered through the Medi-Cal Dental Program
- In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)
- Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP)

J2. Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists the providers and pharmacies in our plan's network. While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services.

You can ask for a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (electronically or in hard copy form) by calling Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page. Requests for hard copy Provider and Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

You can also refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists health care professionals (such as doctors, nurse practitioners, and psychologists), facilities (such as hospitals or clinics), and support Providers (such as Adult Day Health and Home Health Providers) that you may see as a Blue Shield TotalDual Plan member. The

Directory lists the pharmacies that you may use to get your prescription drugs. The Directory also provides some information on the following:

- When referrals are needed to see other Providers, specialists or facilities, and
- How to choose a doctor, and
- How to change your doctor, and
- How to find doctors, specialists, pharmacies, or facilities in your area and/or medical group/IPA, and
- How to access Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS), In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) or Multipurpose Senior Services Programs (MSSP), and

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• Information on how to access mail service, home infusion or long-term care pharmacies.

Definition of network providers

- Our network providers include:
 - doctors, nurses, and other health care professionals that you can use as a member of our plan;
 - clinics, hospitals, nursing facilities, and other places that provide health services in our plan; and,
 - LTSS, behavioral health services, home health agencies, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and others who provide goods and services that you get through Medicare or Medi-Cal.

Network providers agree to accept payment from our plan for covered services as payment in full.

Definition of network pharmacies

- Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to fill prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.
- Except during an emergency, you must fill your prescriptions at one of our network pharmacies if you want our plan to help you pay for them.

Call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information. Both Customer Service and our website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network pharmacies and providers.

J3. List of Covered Drugs

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells you which prescription drugs our plan covers.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules or restrictions on any drugs, such as a limit on the amount you can get. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* for more information.

Each year, we send you information about how to access the Drug List, but some changes may occur during the year. To get the most up-to-date information about which drugs are covered, call Customer Service or visit our website at the address at the bottom of the page.

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J4. The Explanation of Benefits

When you use your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits, we send you a summary to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Medicare Part D prescription drugs. This summary is called the Explanation of Benefits (EOB).

The EOB tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, spent on your Medicare Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we paid for each of your Medicare Part D prescription drugs during the month. This EOB is not a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost-sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. Chapter 6 of your Member Handbook gives more information about the EOB and how it helps you track your drug coverage.

You can also ask for an EOB. To get a copy, contact Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

K. Keeping your membership record up to date

You can keep your membership record up to date by telling us when your information changes.

We need this information to make sure that we have your correct information in our records. Our network providers and pharmacies also need correct information about you. They use your membership record to know what services and drugs you get and how much they cost you.

Tell us right away about the following:

- changes to your name, your address, or your phone number; •
- changes to any other health insurance coverage, such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, or your domestic partner's employer, or workers' compensation;
- any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident;
- admission to a nursing facility or hospital;
- care from a hospital or emergency room;
- changes in your caregiver (or anyone responsible for you); and,

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• if you take part in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You are not required to tell us about a clinical research study you are in or become part of, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any information changes, call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)

Information in your membership record may include personal health information (PHI). Federal and state laws require that we keep your PHI private. We protect your PHI. For more details about how we protect your PHI, refer to **Chapter 8** of your *Member Handbook*.

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If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Introduction

This chapter gives you contact information for important resources that can help you answer your questions about our plan and your health care benefits. You can also use this chapter to get information about how to contact your care coordinator and others to advocate on your behalf. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

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?

A. Customer Service

CALL	1-800-452-4413. This call is free.8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a weekWe have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
ТТҮ	711. This call is free.This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking.You must have special telephone equipment to call it.8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
WRITE	Blue Shield TotalDual Plan P.O. Box 927 Woodland Hills, CA 91365-9856
WEBSITE	blueshieldca.com/medicare

Contact Customer Service to get help with:

- questions about the plan
- questions about claims or billing
- coverage decisions about your health care
 - o A coverage decision about your health care is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered services or
 - the amount we pay for your health services.
 - Call us if you have questions about a coverage decision about your health care.
 - To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.
- appeals about your health care

- An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review a decision we made about your coverage and asking us to change it if you think we made a mistake or disagree with the decision.
- To learn more about making an appeal, refer to Chapter 9 of your Member Handbook or contact Customer Service.
- complaints about your health care
 - You can make a complaint about us or any provider (including a non-network or network provider). A network provider is a provider who works with our plan. You can also make a complaint to us or to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) about the quality of the care you received (refer to Section F).
 - You can call us and explain your complaint at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711).
 - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your health care, you can make an appeal (refer to the section above).
 - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
 - You can make a complaint about our plan to the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program by calling 1-888-804-3536.
 - To learn more about making a complaint about your health care, refer to Chapter 9 of your Member Handbook.
- coverage decisions about your drugs
 - A coverage decision about your drugs is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered drugs or
 - the amount we pay for your drugs.
 - Non-Medicare covered drugs, such as over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal Rx Customer Service Center at 800-977-2273.
 - For more on coverage decisions about your prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9 of your Member Handbook.

- appeals about your drugs
 - An appeal is a way to ask us to change a coverage decision.
 - For more on making an appeal about your prescription drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of your Member Handbook.
- complaints about your drugs
 - You can make a complaint about us or any pharmacy. This includes a complaint about your prescription drugs.
 - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your prescription drugs, you can make an appeal. (Refer to the section above.)
 - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <u>www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</u>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
 - For more on making a complaint about your prescription drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.
- payment for health care or drugs you already paid for
 - For more on how to ask us to pay you back, or to pay a bill you got, refer to Chapter 7 of your *Member Handbook*.
 - If you ask us to pay a bill and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook.*

B. Your Care Coordinator

A Care Coordinator is a person specially trained to help you through the coordination of care process. Your Care Coordinator will be part of your Care Team, and he/she will serve as a primary contact for you. Upon enrolling, a Care Coordinator will call you to complete your Health Risk Assessment and Individualized Care Plan. These are tools that your Care Coordinator will use to help identify and personalize your health care needs to fit you. You can contact your Care Coordinator by calling the number below.

CALL	1-888-548-5765. This call is free. 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	 711. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday
WRITE	Blue Shield TotalDual Plan P.O. Box 927 Woodland Hills, CA 91365-9856

Contact your care coordinator to get help with:

- questions about your health care
- questions about getting behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services
- questions about dental benefits
- questions about transportation to medical appointments

Long-term Services and Supports (LTSS) include Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS) and Nursing Facilities (NF).

Sometimes you can get help with your daily health care and living needs.

You might be able to get these services:

- Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS),
- skilled nursing care,
- physical therapy,
- occupational therapy,
- speech therapy,
- medical social services, and
- home health care.
- In Home Supportive Services, through your county social service agency

Depending on the county you live in and your eligibility, you may also receive additional Community Supports through your Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. Your provider can refer you if they think you are eligible for Community Supports or you can reach out to Customer Service or your Care Coordinator to learn more. You might be able to get these services:

- Environmental accessibility adaptations (home modifications),
- Housing transition navigation services,
- Housing deposits,
- Housing tenancy and sustaining services,
- Supportive meals or medically tailored meals,
- Personal care and homemaker services,
- Recuperative care (medical respite),
- Respite for caregivers,
- Short-term post-hospitalization housing, or
- Sobering centers

C. Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) gives free health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. In California, the SHIP is called the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP). HICAP counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do to handle your problem. HICAP has trained counselors in every county, and services are free.

CALL	(800) 434-0222 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday
TTY	711 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	California Department of Aging 1300 National Drive Suite 200 Sacramento, CA 95834-1992
WEBSITE	https://www.aging.ca.gov/Programs_and_Services/Medicare_Counseling/

HICAP is not connected with any insurance company or health plan.

Contact HICAP for help with:

- questions about Medicare
- HICAP counselors can answer your questions about changing to a new plan and help you:
 - o understand your rights,
 - o understand your plan choices,
 - o make complaints about your health care or treatment, and
 - o straighten out problems with your bills.

D. Nurse Advice Call Line

The Blue Shield of California Nurse Advice Line offers support with registered nurses available to answer questions 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Nurses are available via phone to respond to general health questions and provide directions to additional resources for more information. With the Nurse Advice Call Line, members can have a summary of the conversation emailed to them which includes all the information and links for easy reference. You can contact the Nurse Advice Call Line with questions about your health or health care.

CALL	(877) 304-0504 This call is free. 24 hours a day, seven days a week We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	 711 This call is free. This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. 24 hours a day, seven days a week

E. Behavioral Health Crisis Line

CALL	Los Angeles County Access and Crisis Line
	1-800-854-7771 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
	San Diego County Access and Crisis Line
	1-888-724-7240 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free.
	This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week

Contact the Behavioral Health Crisis Line for help with:

questions about behavioral health and substance abuse services •

For questions about your county specialty mental health services, refer to Section K.

F. Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

Our state has an organization called Livanta. This is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is not connected with our plan.

CALL	1-877-588-1123 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, 11:00 a.m. to 3:00 pm., Saturday and Sunday, and 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. on holidays
ТТҮ	1-855-887-6668 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Livanta BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701
WEBSITE	https://livantaqio.com/en/states/california

Contact Livanta for help with:

- questions about your health care rights
- making a complaint about the care you got if you:
 - o have a problem with the quality of care,
 - o think your hospital stay is ending too soon, or
 - think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

G. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or over, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS.

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048. This call is free.
	This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov
	This is the official website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare. It also has information about hospitals, nursing facilities, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and hospices.
	It includes helpful websites and phone numbers. It also has documents you can print right from your computer.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using their computer. Or, you can call Medicare at the number above and tell them what you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you.

H. Medi-Cal

Medi-Cal is California's Medicaid program. This is a public health insurance program which provides needed health care services for low-income individuals, including families with children, seniors, persons with disabilities, children and youth in foster care, and pregnant women. Medi-Cal is financed by state and federal government funds.

Medi-Cal benefits include medical, dental, behavioral health, and long-term services and supports.

You are enrolled in Medicare and in Medi-Cal. If you have questions about your Medi-Cal benefits, call your plan care coordinator. If you have questions about Medi-Cal plan enrollment, call Health Care Options.

CALL	1-800-430-4263 Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ТТҮ	1-800-430-7077 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	CA Department of Health Care Services Health Care Options P.O. Box 989009 West Sacramento, CA 95798-9850
WEBSITE	www.healthcareoptions.dhcs.ca.gov/

I. Medi-Cal Managed Care and Mental Health Office of the Ombudsman

The Office of the Ombudsman works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The Office of the Ombudsman also helps you with service or billing problems. They are not connected with our plan or with any insurance company or health plan. Their services are free.

CALL	1-888-452-8609 This call is free. Monday through Friday, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.
ттү	711 This call is free.
WRITE	California Department of Healthcare Services Office of the Ombudsman 1501 Capitol Mall MS 4412 PO Box 997413 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413
EMAIL	MMCDOmbudsmanOffice@dhcs.ca.gov
WEBSITE	www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/medi- cal/Pages/MMCDOfficeoftheOmbudsman.aspx

J. County Social Services

If you need help with your Los Angeles County or San Diego County benefits, contact your local County Social Services agency.

Contact your county social services agency to apply for In Home Supportive Services, which will help pay for services provided to you so that you can remain safely in your own home. Types of services may include help with preparing meals, bathing, dressing, laundry shopping or transportation.

Contact your county social services agency for any questions about your Medi-Cal eligibility.

CALL	1-866-613-3777 This call is free.
	Los Angeles County Department of Public Social Services has a Customer Service Center (CSC) serving 33 District Offices. Hours of operation are Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, from 7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.
ТТҮ	1-877-735-2929
	This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Los Angeles County Department of Public Social Services
	2855 E. Olympic Blvd.
	Los Angeles, CA 90023
WEBSITE	https://dpss.lacounty.gov
CALL	1-866-262-9881 This call is free.
	County of San Diego Health and Human Services representatives are
	available between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday
	through Friday.
	Access Self-Service line is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
	Callers will need to enter their Social Security Number (SSN) to utilize
	the system.

ТТҮ	1-619-589-4459 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You
	must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	County of San Diego
	Health and Human Services Agency
	P.O. Box 85027
	San Diego, CA 92186
WEBSITE	https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/sdc/hhsa.html

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K. County Specialty Mental Health Plan

Medi-Cal specialty mental health services are available to you through the county mental health plan (MHP) if you meet access criteria.

CALL	Los Angeles County
	1-800-854-7771 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week.
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
	San Diego County
	1-888-724-7240 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week.
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
ТТҮ	711 This call is free.
	This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Contact the county specialty mental health plan for help with:

- questions about specialty mental health services provided by the county
- specialty mental health services including but not limited to:
 - o outpatient mental health services
 - o day treatment
 - o crisis intervention and stabilization
 - o targeted case management
 - o adult residential treatment
 - o crisis residential treatment

L. California Department of Managed Health Care

The California Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC) is responsible for regulating health plans. The DMHC Help Center can help you with appeals and complaints about Medi-Cal services.

CALL	1-888-466-2219 DMHC representatives are available between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
TDD	1-877-688-9891 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Help Center California Department of Managed Health Care 980 Ninth Street, Suite 500 Sacramento, CA 95814-2725
FAX	1-916-255-5241
WEBSITE	www.dmhc.ca.gov

M. Programs to Help People Pay for Their Prescription Drugs

The Medicare.gov website (<u>www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/costs-in-the-coverage-gap/5-ways-to-get-help-with-prescription-costs</u>) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, as described below.

M1. Extra Help

Because you are eligible for Medi-Cal, you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drug plan costs. You do not need to do anything to get this "Extra Help."

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov

If you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your correct copayment level, or if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- For assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, you may call Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week and we can either mail or fax you a list of acceptable documents of evidence or read you the list over the phone. Once you obtain the evidence, or if you already have it, you may send it to us either by fax ((877) 251-6671) or by mail (Blue Shield Medicare, P.O. Box 927, Woodland Hills, CA 91365-9856).
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you will be charged the correct copayment when you get your next prescription. If you overpay your copayment, we will pay you back. Either we will send a check to you or we will deduct the amount from future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owned by you, we may make the payment directly to the

pharmacy. If the state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions.

M2. AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

ADAP helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV drugs. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through the California ADAP at (844) 421-7050, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday or visit their website at: https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/Pages/OA_adap_eligibility.aspx. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call the California ADAP at (844) 421-7050, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, or visit their website at

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/Pages/OA_adap_eligibility.aspx.

N. Social Security

Social Security determines eligibility and handles enrollment for Medicare. U.S. Citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 and over, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use their automated telephone services to get recorded
	information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
ТТҮ	1-800-325-0778 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Social Security Administration Office of Public Inquiries and Communications Support 1100 West High Rise 6401 Security Blvd. Baltimore, MD 21235
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

O. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The RRB is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive Medicare through the RRB, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the RRB, contact the agency.

CALL	1-877-772-5772
	Calls to this number are free.
	If you press "0", you may speak with a RRB representative from 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, and from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. on Wednesday.
	If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB Help Line and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701
	This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
	Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	www.rrb.gov

P. Other resources

The Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program offers FREE assistance to help people who are struggling to get or maintain health coverage and resolve problems with their health plans.

If you have problems with:

- Medi-Cal
- Medicare
- your health plan
- accessing medical services
- appealing denied services, drugs, durable medical equipment (DME), mental health services, etc.
- medical billing
- IHSS (In-Home Supportive Services)

The Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program assists with complaints, appeals, and hearings. The phone number for the Ombuds Program is 1-888-804-3536.

Q. Medi-Cal Dental Program

Certain dental services are available through the Medi-Cal Dental Program; includes but is not limited to, services such as:

- initial examinations, X-rays, cleanings, and fluoride treatments
- restorations and crowns
- root canal therapy
- partial and complete dentures, adjustments, repairs, and relines

CALL	1-800-322-6384
	The call is free.
	Dental benefits are available through Medi-Cal Dental Fee-for-Service and Dental Managed Care (DMC) Programs. Medi-Cal Dental Fee-For- Service Program representatives are available to assist you from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
ТТҮ	1-800-735-2922 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.dental.dhcs.ca.gov

In addition to the Medi-Cal Dental Fee-For-Service Program, you may get dental benefits through a dental managed care plan. Dental managed care plans are available in Sacramento and Los Angeles Counties. If you want more information about dental plans, or want to change dental plans, contact Health Care Options at 1-800-430-4263 (TTY users call 1-800-430-7077), Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. The call is free.

Chapter 3: Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

Introduction

This chapter has specific terms and rules you need to know to get health care and other covered services with our plan. It also tells you about your care coordinator, how to get care from different kinds of providers and under certain special circumstances (including from out-of-network providers or pharmacies), what to do if you are billed directly for services we cover, and the rules for owning Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

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If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare. 40

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A. Information about services and providers

Services are health care, long-term services and supports (LTSS), supplies, behavioral health services, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment and other services. **Covered services** are any of these services that our plan pays for. Covered health care, behavioral health, and LTSS are in **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook*. Your covered services for prescription and over-the-counter drugs are in Chapter 5 of your Member Handbook.

Providers are doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. Providers also include hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, behavioral health services, medical equipment, and certain LTSS.

Network providers are providers who work with our plan. These providers agree to accept our payment as full payment. When you use a network provider, you usually pay nothing for covered services.

B. Rules for getting services our plan covers

Our plan covers all services covered by Medicare and Medi-Cal. This includes certain behavioral health and LTSS.

Our plan will generally pay for health care services, behavioral health services, and LTSS you get when you follow our rules. To be covered by our plan:

- The care you get must be a plan benefit. This means we include it in our Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of your Member Handbook.
- The care must be **medically necessary**. By medically necessary, we mean important services that are reasonable and protect life. Medically necessary care is needed to keep individuals from getting seriously ill or becoming disabled and reduces severe pain by treating disease, illness, or injury. For medical services, you must have a network primary care provider (PCP) who orders the care or tells you to use another doctor. As a plan member, you must choose a network provider to be your PCP.
 - In most cases, our plan must give you approval before you can use a provider that is not your PCP or use other providers in our plan's network. This is called a **referral**. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the services. To learn more about referrals, refer to page 46.

- Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with medical groups. When you choose your PCP, you are also choosing the affiliated medical group. This means that your PCP refers you to specialists and services that are also affiliated with their medical group. A medical group is an association of primary care physicians and specialists created to provide coordinated health care services to you.
- You do not need a referral from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed care, to use a woman's health provider, or for any of the other services listed in section D1 of this chapter.
- You must get your care from network providers that are affiliated with your PCP's medical group. Usually, we won't cover care from a provider who doesn't work with our health plan and your PCP's medical group. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services provided. Here are some cases when this rule does not apply:
 - We cover emergency or urgently needed care from an out-of-network provider (for more information, refer to Section H in this chapter).
 - If you need care that our plan covers and our network providers can't give it to you, you can get care from an out-of-network provider. An authorization is needed and should be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, we cover the care as if you got it from a network provider.
 - We cover kidney dialysis services when you're outside our plan's service area for a short time or when your provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible. You can get these services at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility.
 - When you first join our plan, you can ask to continue using your current providers. With some exceptions, we must approve this request if we can establish that you had an existing relationship with the providers. Refer to Chapter 1 of your *Member Handbook*. If we approve your request, you can continue using the providers you use now for up to 12 months for services. During that time, your care coordinator will contact you to help you find providers in our network that are affiliated with your PCP's medical group. After 12 months, we no longer cover your care if you continue to use providers that are not in our network and not affiliated with your PCP's medical group.

New members to Blue Shield TotalDual Plan: In most instances you will be enrolled in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan for your Medicare benefits the 1st day of the month after you request to be enrolled in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. You may still receive your Medi-Cal services from

your previous Medi-Cal health plan for one additional month. After that, you will receive your Medi-Cal services through Blue Shield Promise Health Plan. There will be no gap in your Medi-Cal coverage. Please call us at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711) if you have any questions.

C. Your care coordinator

C1. What a care coordinator is

A care coordinator is a person specially trained to help you through the coordination of care process. Your care coordinator will be part of your care team and he/she will serve as a primary contact and source of information for you. After enrolling, a care coordinator will call you to introduce himself/herself and help you complete your Health Risk Assessment to identify your health care needs.

C2. How you can contact your care coordinator

You can contact your care coordinator by calling 1-888-548-5765, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. Once you begin working with a care coordinator, you can also contact him/her by calling their direct phone line.

C3. How you can change your care coordinator

To request to change your care coordinator, you may call 1-888-548-5765, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.

D. Care from providers

D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP)

You must choose a PCP to provide and manage your care. Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with medical groups. When you choose your PCP, you are also choosing the affiliated medical group.

Definition of a PCP and what a PCP does do for you

Your PCP is a physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. A PCP can be a Family Practitioner, General Practitioner, Internal Medicine Provider, OB-GYN, and a specialist upon request. You may choose a specialist as your PCP if the specialist agrees to provide all the services that PCPs traditionally provide. To request for your specialist to be your PCP, contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Care (phone numbers and hours of operation are printed on the bottom of this page). A clinic, such as Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC), may be your PCP as well. You will get your routine or basic care from your PCP. Your PCP can also coordinate the rest of the covered services you need. These covered services include:

• X-rays

- Laboratory tests
- Therapies
- Care from doctors who are specialists
- Hospital admissions, and
- Follow-up care

Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with particular medical groups. A medical group or an independent physician association (IPA) is an organization formed under California law that contracts with health plans to provide or arrange for the provisions of health care services to health plan enrollees. When you choose your PCP, you are also choosing the affiliated medical group. This means that your PCP will be referring you to specialists and services that are also affiliated with his or her medical group.

In most cases, you must see your PCP to get a referral before you see any other health care Providers or visit a specialist. Once this referral is approved by your PCP's medical group, you can make an appointment with the specialist or other Provider to receive the treatment you need. The specialist will inform your PCP upon completion of your treatment or service so your PCP can continue to manage your care.

In order for you to receive certain services, your PCP will need to get approval in advance from the Plan, or, in some cases, your PCP's affiliated medical group. This approval in advance is called "prior authorization."

Your choice of PCP

When you become a member of our plan, you must choose a plan Provider to be your PCP.

To choose your PCP, you can:

- Use your *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*. Look in the index of "Primary Care Physicians" located in the back of the directory to find the doctor you want. (The index is in alphabetical order by the doctors' last names.); or
- Go to our website at <u>blueshieldca.com/find-a-doctor</u> and search for the PCP you want: or
- Call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service for help (phone number and hours of operation are printed on the bottom of this page).

To find out if the health care Provider you want is available or accepting new patients, refer to the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* available on our website, or call Customer Service (phone number and hours of operation are printed on the bottom of this page). If there is a particular specialist or hospital that you want to use, it is important to see whether they are affiliated with your PCP's medical group. You can look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* available on

our website at blueshieldca.com/MAPDdocuments2024 or ask Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service to check to see if the PCP you want makes referrals to that specialist or uses that hospital.

Option to change your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP may leave our plan's network. If your PCP leaves our network, we can help you find a new PCP in our network.

You can follow the steps in "Your choice of PCP" above in order to change your PCP. Make sure you call Customer Service to let them know you are changing your PCP (phone number and hours of operation are printed at the bottom of this page).

Once your change has been requested, the assignment to the new PCP and his or her affiliated Medical Group will occur on the first day of the next month following your request to change your PCP.

The name and office telephone number of your PCP is printed on your membership card. If you change your PCP, you will receive a new membership card.

Our plan's PCPs are affiliated with medical groups. If you change your PCP, you may also be changing medical groups. When you ask for a change, tell Customer Service if you use a specialist or get other covered services that must have PCP approval. Customer Service helps you continue your specialty care and other services when you change your PCP.

Services you can get without approval from your PCP

In most cases, you need approval from your PCP before using other providers. This approval is called a **referral**. You can get services like the ones listed below without getting approval from your PCP first:

- emergency services from network providers or out-of-network providers
- urgently needed care from network providers
- urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when you can't get to a network provider (for example, if you're outside our plan's service area or during the weekend)

Note: Urgently needed care must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're outside our plan's service area. Call Customer Service before you leave the service area. We can help you get dialysis while you're away.
- Flu shots and COVID-19 vaccinations as well as hepatitis B vaccinations and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Routine women's health care and family planning services. This includes breast exams, screening mammograms (X-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Additionally, if eligible to get services from Indian health providers, you may use these providers without a referral.

D2. Care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists, such as:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart problems.
- Orthopedists care for patients with bone, joint, or muscle problems.

When you need specialty care or additional services your PCP cannot provide, he or she will give you a referral. Once this referral is approved by your PCP's medical group, you can make an appointment with the specialist or other Provider to receive the treatment you need. The specialist will inform your PCP upon completion of your treatment or service so your PCP can continue to manage your care.

Your PCP will need to get approval in advance from the Plan for you to receive certain services. This approval in advance is called "prior authorization." For example, prior authorization is required for all non-emergency inpatient hospital stays. In some cases, your PCP's affiliated medical group, instead of our plan, may be able to authorize your service.

If you have any questions about who is responsible for submitting and approving prior authorizations for services, contact your PCP's affiliated medical group. You can also call Customer Service. For more information about which services require prior authorization, please refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section D.

A written referral may be for one visit or it may be a standing referral for more than one visit if you need ongoing services. We must give you a standing referral to a qualified specialist for any of these conditions:

- a chronic (ongoing) condition;
- a life-threatening mental or physical illness;
- a degenerative disease or disability;
- any other condition or disease that is serious or complex enough to require treatment by a specialist.

If you do not get a written referral when needed, the bill may not be paid. For more information, call Customer Service at the number at the bottom of this page.

D3. When a provider leaves our plan

A network provider you use may leave our plan. If one of your providers leaves our plan, you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even if our network of providers changes during the year, we must give you uninterrupted access to qualified providers.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
 - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will help you select a new qualified in-network provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask, and we work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are getting continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- If we can't find a qualified network specialist accessible to you, we must arrange an out-of-network specialist to provide your care when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs.
- If you think we haven't replaced your previous provider with a qualified provider or that we aren't managing your care well, you have the right to file a quality of

care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance, or both. (Refer to **Chapter 9** for more information.)

If you find out one of your providers is leaving our plan, contact us. We can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care. Please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. When you call, be sure to tell Customer Service if you are seeing specialists or getting other covered services that needed your PCP's approval (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). Customer Service will help make sure that you can continue with the specialty care and other services you have been getting when you change your PCP. They will also check to be sure the PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Customer Service will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP and tell you when the change to your new PCP will take effect.

D4. Out-of-network providers

If you need medical care that Medicare and/or Medi-Cal requires our plan to cover and the Providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network Provider. Your Primary Care Physician is responsible for submitting the request for prior authorization for out-of-network services. You must obtain an authorization from the plan or your PCP's affiliated medical group prior to seeking care from an out-of-network Provider unless you are receiving emergency or urgently needed services. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider.

If you use an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare and/or Medi-Cal.

- We cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare and/or Medi-Cal.
- If you use a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you must pay the full cost of the services you get.
- Providers must tell you if they are not eligible to participate in Medicare.

E. Long-term services and supports (LTSS)

LTSS can help you stay at home and avoid a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay. You have access to certain LTSS through our plan, including skilled nursing facility care, Community Based Adult Services (CBAS), and Community Supports. Another type of LTSS, the In Home Supportive Services program is available through your county social service agency. LTSS are for members who need assistance to perform routine daily activities such as bathing, dressing,

preparing meals, and administering medications. If you need assistance to continue to live independently, please call your Care Coordinator or Customer Service for a referral.

LTSS includes Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS), In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS), Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP), and Long-Term Care/Custodial Care.

Sometimes you can get help with your daily health care and living needs.

You might be able to get these services:

- Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS),
- Skilled nursing care,
- Physical therapy,
- Occupational therapy,
- Speech therapy,
- Medical social services, and
- Home health care.

Depending on the county you live in and your eligibility, you may also receive additional Community Supports through your Blue Shield Promise Medi-Cal Plan. Your provider can refer you if they think you are eligible for Community Supports or you can reach out to Customer Service or your Care Coordinator to learn more. You might be able to get these services:

- Environmental accessibility adaptations (home modifications),
- Housing transition navigation services,
- Housing deposits,
- Housing tenancy and sustaining services,
- Supportive meals or medically tailored meals,
- Personal care and homemaker services,
- Recuperative care (medical respite),
- Respite for caregivers,
- Short-term post-hospitalization housing, or
- Sobering centers.

F. Behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services

You have access to medically necessary behavioral health services that Medicare and Medi-Cal cover. We provide access to behavioral health services covered by Medicare and Medi-Cal managed care. Our plan does not provide Medi-Cal specialty mental health or county substance use disorder services, but these services are available to you through the Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health (LACDMH) and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (LACDPH), and the County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services.

F1. Medi-Cal behavioral health services provided outside our plan

Medi-Cal specialty mental health services are available to you through the county mental health plan (MHP) if you meet criteria to access specialty mental health services. Medi-Cal specialty mental health services provided by the Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health (LACDMH) and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (LACDPH), and the County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services include:

- mental health services
- medication support services
- day treatment intensive
- day rehabilitation
- crisis intervention
- crisis stabilization
- adult residential treatment services
- crisis residential treatment services
- psychiatric health facility services
- psychiatric inpatient hospital services
- targeted case management

Medi-Cal or Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System services are available to you through the Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health (LACDMH) and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (LACDPH), and the County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services if you meet criteria to receive these services. Drug Medi-Cal services provided by the Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health (LACDMH) and the LoCDMH) and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (LACDPH), and the County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services include:

- intensive outpatient treatment services
- residential treatment services
- outpatient drug free services
- narcotic treatment services
- naltrexone services for opioid dependence

Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System Services include:

- outpatient and intensive outpatient services
- medications for addiction treatment (also called Medication Assisted Treatment)
- residential/inpatient
- withdrawal management
- narcotic treatment services
- recovery services
- care coordination

In addition to the services listed above, you may have access to voluntary inpatient detoxification services if you meet the criteria.

Availability of Behavioral Health Services

You have a comprehensive array of services available to you. You may self-refer to a contracted Provider, and can also be referred by your PCP, family member, etc. There is "no wrong door" in accessing services. You can contact the following for assistance in getting services:

- County Crisis and Referral Line (please see Chapter 2, Section K of this handbook for phone number and hours of operation)
- LA County Department of Public Health, Substance Abuse Prevention and Control (please call 888-742-7900 (TTY: 711), 24 hours, seven days a week)
- County of San Diego Behavioral Health Services Substance Use Disorder Service (please call 888-724-7240 (TTY: 711), 24 hours, seven days a week.)
- Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Behavioral Health Line (please see Chapter 2, Section D of this handbook for phone number and hours of operation)

 Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service (phone number and hours of operation are printed on the bottom of this page)

Process to Determine Medical Necessary Services

Medical necessity is determined by an appropriately licensed Provider. Medical necessity criteria are used by both Blue Shield TotalDual Plan and the County, have been developed by behavioral health experts and other stakeholders, and are consistent with regulatory requirements.

Referral Process between Blue Shield TotalDual Plan and the County

If you are receiving services from either Blue Shield TotalDual Plan or the County, you can be referred to the other entity consistent with your needs. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan or the County can refer you by calling the entity to which the referral is being made. Also, a referral form will be completed by the referring Provider, and it will be sent to the entity that you are being referred to.

Problem Resolution Process

If there is a dispute between you and the County or Blue Shield TotalDual Plan, you will continue to receive medically necessary behavioral healthcare, including prescription drugs, until the dispute is resolved. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan has worked with the County to develop resolution processes that are timely and do not negatively impact the services that you are in need of getting. You can also use the Appeals process of Blue Shield TotalDual Plan or the County, depending upon the entity that you are in dispute with.

G. Transportation services

G1. Medical transportation of non-emergency situations

You are entitled to non-emergency medical transportation if you have medical needs that don't allow you to use a car, bus, or taxi to your appointments. Non-emergency medical transportation can be provided for covered services such as medical, dental, mental health, substance use, and pharmacy appointments. If you need non-emergency medical transportation, you can contact Call The Care directly at 1-877-433-2178 (TTY: 711), 24 hours a day, seven days a week or use the CTC Go mobile app to schedule, edit, track and cancel reservations. Non-urgent appointments and reservations must be made 24 hours in advance of your appointment. Your provider or our transportation vendor, Call The Car, can help you decide the best type of transportation to meet your needs.

Non-emergency medical transportation is an ambulance, litter van, wheelchair van, or air transport. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan allows the lowest cost covered transportation mode and most appropriate non-emergency medical transportation for your medical needs when you need a ride to your appointment. For example, if you can physically or medically be transported by a wheelchair van, Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will not pay for an ambulance. You are only entitled to air transport if your medical condition makes any form of ground transportation impossible.

Non-emergency medical transportation must be used when:

- You physically or medically need it as determined by written authorization from your other provider because you are not able to use a bus, taxi, car, or van to get to your appointment.
- You need help from the driver to and from your residence, vehicle, or place of treatment due to a physical or mental disability.

To ask for medical transportation that your doctor has prescribed for non-urgent **routine appointments**, call Call The Car at 1-877-433-2178 (TTY: 711), 24 hours and 7 days a week or use the CTC Go mobile app to schedule, edit, track and cancel reservations. Non-urgent routine appointment reservations must be made 24-hours in advance of your appointment. For **urgent appointments**, call as soon as possible. Have your Member ID Card ready when you call. You can also call if you need more information.

Medical transportation limits

Blue Shield TotalDual Plan covers the lowest cost medical transportation that meets your medical needs from your home to the closest provider where an appointment is available. Medical transportation will not be provided if Medicare or Medi-Cal does not cover the service. If the appointment type is covered by Medi-Cal but not through the health plan, Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will help you schedule your transportation. A list of covered services is in Chapter 4 of this handbook. Transportation is not covered outside Blue Shield TotalDual Plan's network or service area unless pre-authorized.

G2. Non-medical transportation

Non-medical transportation benefits include traveling to and from your appointments for a service authorized by your provider. You can get a ride, at no cost to you, when you:

- Traveling to and from an appointment for a -service authorized by your provider, or
- Picking up prescriptions and medical supplies.

Blue Shield TotalDual Plan allows you to use a car, taxi, bus, or other public/private way of getting to your non-medical appointment for services authorized by your provider. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan uses Call The Car to arrange for non-medical transportation. We cover the lowest cost, non-medical transportation type that meets your needs.

Sometimes, you can be reimbursed for rides in a private vehicle that you arrange. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan must approve this **before** you get the ride, and you must tell us why you can't get a ride in another way, like taking the bus. You can tell us by calling or emailing, or in person. **You cannot be reimbursed for driving yourself**.

Mileage reimbursement requires all of the following:

- The driver's license of the driver.
- The vehicle registration of the driver.
- Proof of car insurance for the driver.

To ask for a ride for services that have been authorized, call Call The Car at 1-877-433-2178 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, seven days a week at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance (Monday-Friday) before your appointment. For **urgent appointments**, call as soon as possible. Have your Member ID Card ready when you call. You can also call if you need more information.

Note: American Indians may contact their local Indian Health Clinic to ask for non-medical transportation.

Non-medical transportation limits

Blue Shield TotalDual Plan provides the lowest cost non-medical transportation that meets your needs from your home to the closest provider where an appointment is available. **You cannot drive yourself or be reimbursed directly.**

Non-medical transportation does not apply if:

- An ambulance, litter van, wheelchair van, or other form of non-emergency medical transportation is needed to get to a service.
- You need assistance from the driver to and from the residence, vehicle, or place of treatment due to a physical or medical condition.
- You are in a wheelchair and are unable to move in and out of the vehicle without help from the driver.
- The service is not covered by Medicare or Medi-Cal.

H. Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster

H1. Care in a medical emergency

A medical emergency is a medical condition with symptoms such as severe pain or serious injury. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, you or anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:

- serious risk to your health or to that of your unborn child; or
- serious harm to bodily functions; or
- serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or
- In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when:
 - There is not enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery.
 - A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child.

If you have a medical emergency:

- Get help as fast as possible. Call 911 or use the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do not need approval or a referral from your PCP. You do not need to use a network provider. You may get emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the U.S. or its territories or worldwide, from any provider with an appropriate state license.
- As soon as possible, tell our plan about your emergency. We follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. However, you won't pay for emergency services if you delay telling us. Call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. Our Customer Service phone number is located on your membership ID card.

Covered services in a medical emergency

In 2024, Blue Shield TotalDual Plan is offering our members emergency medical coverage whenever you need it, anywhere in the world. There is no plan coverage limit for emergency/urgent services outside the United States every year. To learn more, see the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section D.

If you need an ambulance to get to the emergency room, our plan covers that. We also cover medical services during the emergency. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of your Member Handbook.

The providers who give you emergency care decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. They will continue to treat you and will contact us to make plans if you need follow-up care to get better. Our plan covers your follow-up care. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we will try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

Getting emergency care if it wasn't an emergency

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical or behavioral health emergency. You may go in for emergency care and the doctor says it wasn't really an emergency. As long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we cover your care.

After the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we cover your additional care only if:

- You use a network provider or
- The additional care you get is considered "urgently needed care" and you follow the rules for getting it. Refer to the next section.

H2. Urgently needed care

Urgently needed care is care you get for a situation that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. For example, you might have a flare-up of an existing condition or a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend and need treatment.

Urgently needed care in our plan's service area

In most cases, we cover urgently needed care only if:

- You get this care from a network provider and
- You follow the rules described in this chapter.

If it is not possible or reasonable to get to a network provider, we cover urgently needed care you get from an out-of-network provider. For an up-to-date list of urgent care centers affiliated with your physician group, please contact your PCP. You can also search for urgent care centers in your area by going to <u>blueshieldca.com/find-a-doctor</u>.

Urgently needed care outside our plan's service area

When you're outside our plan's service area, you may not be able to get care from a network provider. In that case, our plan covers urgently needed care you get from any provider.

Our plan does not cover urgently needed care or any other non-emergency care that you get outside the United States.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgently needed care services outside the United States and its territories under the following circumstances, with no combined annual limit. To

learn more, see *Emergency care* and *Urgently needed care* in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section D.

If you need urgent care while outside of the United States and its territories, call the Blue Shield Global Core Services Center toll-free at (800) 810-2583, or call collect at (804) 673-1177, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. In an emergency, go directly to the nearest hospital. You should also call the Customer Service number on the back of your member ID card. As part of this service, for inpatient hospital care, you can contact the Blue Shield Global Core Services Center to arrange for cashless access. If you arrange for cashless access, you are responsible for the usual out-of-pocket expenses such as non-covered charges and copayments. If you do not arrange for cashless access, you will have to pay the entire bill for your medical care and submit a request for reimbursement.

H3. Care during a disaster

If the governor of California, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the president of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit our website for information on how to get care you need during a declared disaster: blueshieldca.com/medicare.

During a declared disaster, if you can't use a network provider, you can get care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost-sharing rate. If you can't use a network pharmacy during a declared disaster, you can fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* for more information.

I. What to do if you are billed directly for services our plan covers

If a provider sends you a bill instead of sending it to our plan, you should ask us to pay our share of the bill.

You should not pay the bill yourself. If you do, we may not be able to pay you back.

If you paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services or if you got a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Member Handbook* to find out what to do.

I1. What to do if our plan does not cover services

Our plan covers all services:

• that are determined medically necessary, and

- that are listed in our plan's Benefits Chart (refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook*), **and**
- that you get by following plan rules.

If you get services that our plan does not cover, **you pay the full cost yourself**, unless it is covered by another Medi-Cal program outside our plan.

If you want to know if we pay for any medical service or care, you have the right to ask us. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not pay for your services, you have the right to appeal our decision.

Chapter 9 of your *Member Handbook* explains what to do if you want us to cover a medical service or item. It also tells you how to appeal our coverage decision. Call Customer Service to learn more about your appeal rights.

We pay for some services up to a certain limit. If you go over the limit, you pay the full cost to get more of that type of service. Refer to **Chapter 4** for specific benefit limits. Call Customer Service to find out what the benefit limits are and how much of your benefits you've used.

J. Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study

J1. Definition of a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way doctors test new types of health care or drugs. A clinical research study approved by Medicare typically asks for volunteers to be in the study.

Once Medicare approves a study you want to be in, and you express interest, someone who works on the study contacts you. That person tells you about the study and finds out if you qualify to be in it. You can be in the study as long as you meet the required conditions. You must understand and accept what you must do in the study.

While you're in the study, you may stay enrolled in our plan. That way, our plan continues to cover you for services and care not related to the study.

If you want to take part in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do **not** need to tell us or get approval from us or your primary care provider. Providers that give you care as part of the study do **not** need to be network providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

We encourage you to tell us before you take part in a clinical research study.

If you plan to be in a clinical research study, covered for enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you or your care coordinator to contact Customer Service to let us know you will take part in a clinical trial.

J2. Payment for services when you are in a clinical research study

If you volunteer for a clinical research study that Medicare approves, you pay nothing for the services covered under the study. Medicare pays for services covered under the study as well as routine costs associated with your care. Once you join a Medicareapproved clinical research study, you're covered for most services and items you get as part of the study. This includes:

- room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- an operation or other medical procedure that is part of the research study
- treatment of any side effects and complications of the new care

If you're part of a study that Medicare has **not** approved, you pay any costs for being in the study.

J3. More about clinical research studies

You can learn more about joining a clinical research study by reading "Medicare & Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

K. How your health care services are covered in a religious nonmedical health care institution

K1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a place that provides care you would normally get in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against your religious beliefs, we cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

This benefit is only for Medicare Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

K2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are against getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical treatment is any care that is **voluntary and not required** by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is any care that is **not voluntary and is required** under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services is limited to non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - You must get approval from us before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will **not** be covered.

There is no limit on the number of days covered for each hospital stay. To learn more, please refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section D.

L. Durable medical equipment (DME)

L1. DME as a member of our plan

DME includes certain medically necessary items ordered by a provider, such as wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, intravenous (IV) infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

You always own certain items, such as prosthetics.

In this section, we discuss DME you rent. As a member of our plan, you usually will **not** own DME, no matter how long you rent it.

In certain limited situations, Blue Shield TotalDual Plan may transfer ownership of the DME item to you depending on if you meet one or all of the following criteria:

- You have a continued medical need for items costing less than \$150 and/or parenteral/infusion pumps
- Physician certification
- If the device or equipment is made to fit you

Call Customer Service to find out about requirements you must meet and papers you need to provide.

Even if you had DME for up to 12 months in a row under Medicare before you joined our plan, you will **not** own the equipment.

L2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare

In the Original Medicare program, people who rent certain types of DME own it after 13 months. In a Medicare Advantage (MA) plan, the plan can set the number of months people must rent certain types of DME before they own it.

Note: You can find definitions of Original Medicare and MA Plans in Chapter 12. You can also find more information about them in the *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. If you don't have a copy of this booklet, you can get it at the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you</u>) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If Medi-Cal is not elected, you will have to make 13 payments in a row under Original Medicare, or you will have to make the number of payments in a row set by the MA plan, to own the DME item if:

- you did not become the owner of the DME item while you were in our plan, and
- you leave our plan and get your Medicare benefits outside of any health plan in the Original Medicare program or an MA plan.

If you made payments for the DME item under Original Medicare or an MA plan before you joined our plan, **those Original Medicare or MA plan payments do not count toward the payments you need to make after leaving our plan**.

- You will have to make 13 new payments in a row under Original Medicare or a number of new payments in a row set by the MA plan to own the DME item.
- There are no exceptions to this when you return to Original Medicare or an MA plan

L3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan

If you qualify for oxygen equipment covered by Medicare and you're a member of our plan, we cover:

- rental of oxygen equipment
- delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- tubing and related accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

Oxygen equipment must be returned when it's no longer medically necessary for you or if you leave our plan.

L4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to Original Medicare**, you rent it from a supplier for 36 months. Your monthly rental payments cover the oxygen equipment and the supplies and services listed above.

If oxygen equipment is medically necessary **after you rent it for 36 months**, your supplier must provide:

- oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months
- oxygen equipment and supplies for up to 5 years if medically necessary

If oxygen equipment is still medically necessary at the end of the 5-year period:

- Your supplier no longer has to provide it, and you may choose to get replacement equipment from any supplier.
- A new 5-year period begins.
- You rent from a supplier for 36 months.
- Your supplier then provides the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.
- A new cycle begins every 5 years as long as oxygen equipment is medically necessary.

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to another MA plan**, the plan will cover at least what Original Medicare covers. You can

ask your new MA plan what oxygen equipment and supplies it covers and what your costs will be.

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Chapter 4: Benefits chart

Introduction

This chapter tells you about the services our plan covers and any restrictions or limits on those services and how much you pay for each service. It also tells you about benefits not covered under our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

New members to Blue Shield TotalDual Plan: In most instances you will be enrolled in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan for your Medicare benefits the 1st day of the month after you request to be enrolled in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. You may still receive your Medi-Cal services from your previous Medi-Cal health plan for one additional month. After that, you will receive your Medi-Cal services through Blue Shield Promise Medi-Cal Plan. There will be no gap in your Medi-Cal coverage. Please call us at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711) if you have any questions.

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A. Your covered services and your out-of-pocket costs

This chapter tells you about services our plan covers and how much you pay for each service. You can also learn about services that are not covered. Information about drug benefits is in Chapter 5 of your *Member Handbook*. This chapter also explains limits on some services.

For some services, you are charged an out-of-pocket cost called a copay. This is a fixed amount (for example, \$5) you pay each time you get that service. You pay the copay at the time you get the medical service.

If you need help understanding what services are covered, call your care coordinator and/or Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711).

B. Rules against providers charging you for services

We don't allow our providers to bill you for in network covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.

You should never get a bill from a provider for covered services. If you do, refer to Chapter 7 of your *Member Handbook* or call Customer Service.

C. About our plan's Benefits Chart

The Benefits Chart tells you the services our plan pays for. It lists covered services in alphabetical order and explains them.

We pay for the services listed in the Benefits Chart when the following rules are met.

- We provide covered Medicare and Medi-Cal covered services according to the rules set by Medicare and Medi-Cal.
- The services including medical care, behavioral health and substance use services, long-term services and supports, supplies, equipment, and drugs must be "medically necessary." Medically necessary describes services, supplies, or drugs you need to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice. A service is medically necessary when it is reasonable and necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate severe pain.

- You get your care from a network provider. A network provider is a provider who works with us. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered unless it is an emergency or urgently needed care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. Chapter 3 of your Member Handbook has more information about using network and out-ofnetwork providers.
- You have a primary care provider (PCP) or a care team that is providing and managing your care. In most cases, your PCP must give you approval before you can use a provider that is not your PCP or use other providers in the plan's network. This is called a referral. **Chapter 3** of your Member Handbook has more information about getting a referral and when you do **not** need one.
- We cover some services listed in the Benefits Chart only if your doctor or other network provider gets our approval first. This is called prior authorization (PA).
 We mark covered services in the Benefits Chart that need PA in italic type.
- All preventive services are free. You will find this apple *interview* next to preventive services in the Benefits Chart.
- Community Supports: Community Supports may be available under your Individualized Care Plan. Community Supports are medically appropriate and cost-effective alternative services or settings. These services are optional for members. If you qualify, these services may help you live more independely. They do not replace benefits that you already get under Medi-Cal. Examples of Supports that we offer include medicallysupportive food and meals or medically-tailored meals, help for you or your caregiver, or shower grab bars and ramps. Examples of Community Supports services that Blue Shield TotalDual Plan has offered in the past include: Partners in Care Foundation for case management, assessments and home and community-based services and LifeSpring for home delivered meals. If you need help or would like to find out which Community Supports may be available for you, call (800) 452-4413 (TTY:711) or call your health care provider. Community Supports are optional services (non-benefits) that Blue Shield Promise offers to eligible Medi-Cal members. These services provide support to members above and beyond Long Term Care Support Services (LTSS) to enhance and support members' care. These services will vary based on a member's needs and Blue Shield Promise Health Plan's eligibility criteria. Prior authorization is required.
- Blue Shield Promise Health Plan offers Community Supports to qualified members in Los Angeles and San Diego counties:

Asthma remediation	Physical changes to an individual's home environment that ensure health, welfare, and safety, or enable functioning at home if acute asthma episodes may result in hospitalization or seeking emergency services.
	result in hospitalization of seeking emergency services.

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare. 68

Community transition services/Nursing facility transition to a home	This helps members to live in the community and avoid further institutionalization.
Day habilitation programs	This helps Medi-Cal members in a non-facility setting to develop self-help, socialization, and adaptive skills necessary to succeed in their home environments.
Environmental accessibility adaptations (Home modifications)	Physical adaptations to a home to ensure the health, welfare, and safety of the individual and allow members who would otherwise require institutionalization to stay in their homes.
Housing deposits	Members receive help finding, coordinating, securing, or funding one-time services needed to set up a basic household.
Housing transition navigation services	Members receive help obtaining housing.
Housing tenancy and sustaining services	Members get help maintaining safe and stable tenancy after finding housing.
Medically tailored meals/Medically- supportive food	Nutritional support for members, especially those with chronic conditions, when meeting nutritional goals is critical to getting healthy and staying healthy.
Nursing facility transition/Diversion to assisted living facilities	This helps members to live in the community or avoid institutionalization when possible.
Personal care and homemaker services	Members receive help with Activities of Daily Living (ADLs) such as bathing, dressing, toileting, ambulation, or feeding, and Personal Care Services like meal preparation, grocery shopping, and money management for Members who could not otherwise remain in their homes without these supports.
Recuperative care (Medical respite)	Short-term residential care for those who no longer require hospitalization, but still need to heal from an injury or illness, including a mental health condition that might worsen in an unstable living environment.

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Respite services for caregivers of Medi- Cal members	Short-term, non-medical relief from caregiving duties for those who take care of Medi-Cal members who require intermittent temporary supervision.
Short-term post- hospitalization housing	A place for members with high medical or behavioral needs who do not have a residence to continue recovering immediately after exiting an inpatient hospital or residential facility.
Sobering centers	Safe, supportive places for individuals to become sober after being found publicly intoxicated due to alcohol or drugs and help for individuals experiencing homelessness or unstable living situations who would otherwise be sent to the emergency department or jail.

Information for members

- Call Blue Shield Promise Health Plan Customer Service in your region on weekdays between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m.: Los Angeles: (800) 605-2556 / San Diego: (855) 699-5557
- Call Health Care Options (HCO) at (800) 430-4263 (TTY (800) 430-7077)
- Visit Department of Health Care Services for more information: https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/ECMandILOS.aspx

D. Our plan's Benefits Chart

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	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
۵	Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening We pay for a one-time ultrasound screening for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	\$0

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Acupuncture	\$0
We pay for up to two outpatient acupuncture services in any one calendar month, or more often if they are medically necessary.	
We also pay for up to 12 acupuncture visits in 90 days if you have chronic low back pain, defined as:	
lasting 12 weeks or longer;	
 not specific (having no systemic cause that can be identified, such as not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, or infectious disease); 	
 not associated with surgery; and 	
 not associated with pregnancy. 	
In addition, we pay for an additional eight sessions of acupuncture for chronic low back pain if you show improvement. You may not get more than 20 acupuncture treatments for chronic low back pain each year.	
Acupuncture treatments must be stopped if you don't get better or if you get worse.	
Benefits are provided through a contract with American Specialty Health Plans of California, Inc. (ASH Plans). For more information, or to locate an ASH Plans participating provider, you may call ASH Plans at (800) 678-9133 [TTY: (877) 710-2746, Monday through Friday, 5 a.m. to 6 pm. You can also call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service or go to blueshieldca.com/find-a-doctor to locate an ASH Plans participating provider.	

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Services that our plan pays f	or What you must pay
Additional telehealth services	\$0
Teladoc provides Physician consulations by p 24/7/365. Teladoc Physicians can diagnose a medical conditions and can also prescribe cer Teladoc is a supplemental service that is not i replace care from your Primary Care Physicia into blueshieldca.com/teladoc or the Blue Shie app to request a visit. If you have questions, y Teladoc by phone at 1-800-Teladoc (1-800-83 711], 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 day *Services do not apply to the plan's maximum limit.	nd treat basic rtain medication. Intended to n. Please log eld of California you may contact 35-2362) [TTY: rs a year.
Alcohol misuse screening and counseling	\$0
We pay for one alcohol-misuse screening (S adults who misuse alcohol but are not alcoh This includes pregnant women.	
If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, yo four brief, face-to-face counseling sessions you are able and alert during counseling) wi primary care provider (PCP) or practitioner i care setting.	each year (if th a qualified

Serv	rices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Ambulance serv	vices	\$0
(airplane and h	ance services include ground and air elicopter). The ambulance will take you to ce that can give you care.	
	must be serious enough that other ways of ce of care could risk your health or life.	
be approved by may pay for an	vices for other cases (non-emergent) must v us. In cases that are not emergencies, we ambulance. Your condition must be serious her ways of getting to a place of care could health.	
Annual physical	exam	\$0
months in additio comprehensive re detailed head to t	for one routine physical exam every 12 n to your wellness visit. This visit includes a eview of your medical and family history, a toe assessment and other services, referrals ations that may be appropriate.	
Annual wellness	s visit	\$0
a prevention pla	annual checkup. This is to make or update an based on your current risk factors. We se every 12 months.	
12 months of you you don't need	t annual wellness visit can't take place within our Welcome to Medicare visit. However, to have had a Wecome to Medicare visit to ness visits after you've had Part B for 12	
Asthma Prevent	ive Serivces	\$0
assessment for tr	asthma education and a home environment iggers commonly found in the home for y controlled asthma.	

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare. 74

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
۲	Bone mass measurement	\$0
	We pay for certain procedures for members who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find bone loss, or find out bone quality.	
	We pay for the services once every 24 months, or more often if medically necessary. We also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the results.	
Ŏ	Breast cancer screening (mammograms)	\$0
	We pay for the following services:	
	 one baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 	
	 one screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and over 	
	clinical breast exams once every 24 months	
	Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services	\$0
	We pay for cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions and have a doctor's referral.	
	We also cover intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	

 Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk reduction visit (therapy for heart disease) We pay for one visit a year, or more if medically necessary, with your primary care provider (PCP) to help lower your risk for heart disease. During the visit, your doctor may: discuss aspirin use, check your blood pressure, and/or give you tips to make sure you are eating well. Cardiovascular (heart) disease testing We pay for blood tests to check for cardiovascular disease once every five years (60 months). These blood tests also check for defects due to high risk of heart disease. Cervical and vaginal cancer screening We pay for the following services: for all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams once every 24 months for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months for women who have had an abnormal Pap test within the last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months for women aged 30-65: human papillomavirus (HPV) testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 years for women aged 30-65: human papillomavirus (HPV) testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 years for women aged 30-65: human papillomavirus (HPV) testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 years for women aged 30-65: human papillomavirus (HPV) testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 years 		Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
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months• for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months• for women who have had an abnormal Pap test within the last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months• for women aged 30-65: human papillomavirus (HPV) testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 yearsChiropractic services (Medicare covered) We pay for the following services:\$0		We pay for the following services:	
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testing or Pap plus HPV testing once every 5 years Chiropractic services (Medicare covered) %0 We pay for the following services:		last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test	
We pay for the following services:			
		Chiropractic services (Medicare covered)	\$0
 manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation 		We pay for the following services:	
		 manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
 Chiropractic services (non-Medicare covered) Covered services include: initial and subsequent examinations office visits and chiropractic adjustments adjunctive therapies x-rays (chiropractic only) Benefits are provided through a contract with American Specialty Health Plans of California, Inc. (ASH Plans). For more information or to locate an ASH Plans participating provider, you may call ASH Plans at (800) 678-9133 [TTY: (877) 710-2746], Monday through Friday, 5 a.m. to 6 p.m. You can also call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service or go to blueshieldca.com/find-a-doctor to locate an ASH Plans participating provider. *Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.Customer Service 	\$0 (coverage is limited to up to 12 visits per year for non-Medicare covered services.)

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Colorectal cancer screening	\$0
We pay for the following services:	
 Colonscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. 	
 Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. 	
• Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.	
Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.	
 Blood-based Biomarker Tests for pateints 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. 	
Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.	
Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.	
As of January 1, 2023, colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Community Based Adult Services (CBAS) CBAS is an outpatient, facility-based service program where people attend according to a schedule. It delivers skilled nursing care, social services, therapies (including occupational, physical, and speech), personal care, family/caregiver training and support, nutrition services, transportation, and other services. We pay for CBAS if you meet the eligibility criteria.	\$0
Note: If a CBAS facility is not available, we can provide these services separately.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pa
Dental services We pay for certain dental services, including but not limited to, cleanings, fillings, and dentures. What we do not cover is available through the Medi-Cal Dental Program, described in F2 below. We pay for some dental services when the service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.	See the Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart at the end of the Medical Benefits Chart for a list of the covered dental procedures and what you pay.
Certain dental services, including but not limited to, cleanings, fillings, and dentures, are available through the Medi-Cal Dental Program or Fee-for-Service (FFS) Medi-Cal.	
In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. We cover some routine and comprehensive dental services.	
For a list of covered dental procedures, see the Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart at the end of the Medical Benefits Chart for more information on how to access these services.	
The copayments listed in the Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart apply to services only when prescribed by a network dentist as a necessary, adequate and appropriate procedure for your dental condition.	
Not all benefits may be appropriate for everyone. You should rely on your network dentist to determine the appropriate care for you. The dental provider network is a general dentist network only; there are no specialists in the network.	
*Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
۲	Depression screening	\$0
	We pay for one depression screening each year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can give follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	
۲	Diabetes screening	\$0
	We pay for this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors:	
	 high blood pressure (hypertension) 	
	 history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia) 	
	• obesity	
	 history of high blood sugar (glucose) 	
	Tests may be covered in some other cases, such as if you are overweight and have a family history of diabetes.	
	Depending on the test results, you may qualify for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
۲	Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies	\$0
	We pay for the following services for all people who have diabetes (whether they use insulin or not):	For blood glucose monitors, please
	 Supplies to monitor your blood glucose, including the following: 	see the "Durable Medical Equipment
	 a blood glucose monitor 	(DME) and related supplies" section
	 blood glucose test strips 	below.
	 lancet devices and lancets 	
	 glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors 	
	 For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease, we pay for the following: 	
	 one pair of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, or 	
	 one pair of depth shoes, including the fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes) 	
	 In some cases, we pay for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Customer Service. 	
	For test strips and blood glucose monitors, the preferred manufacturer is Abbott. FreeStyle® (made by Abbott) test strips and blood glucose monitors will not require your doctor to get approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization") from the plan. Test strips and blood glucose monitors from all other manufacturers will require your doctor to get approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization") from the plan.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Doula Services	\$0
For individuals who are pregnant we pay for nine visits with a doula during the prenatal and postpartum period as well as support during labor and delivery.	
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies	\$0
Refer to Chapter 12 of your <i>Member Handbook</i> for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)."	Blood glucose monitors:
We cover the following items:	\$0 for FreeStyle®
wheelchairs, including electric wheelchairs	blood glucose monitors and 20%
crutches	coinsurance for blood
 powered mattress systems 	glucose monitors from all other
dry pressure pad for mattress	manufacturers.
diabetic supplies	
 hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home 	Your cost-sharing for
 intravenous (IV) infusion pumps and pole 	Medicare oxygen
speech generating devices	equipment coverage is \$0 every time you
 oxygen equipment and supplies 	receive covered
nebulizers	oxygen equipment.
walkers	
 standard curved handle or quad cane and replacement supplies 	
cervical traction (over the door)	
bone stimulator	
dialysis care equipment	
Other items may be covered.	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)	
We pay for all medically necessary DME that Medicare and Medi-Cal usually pay for. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or maker, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Emergency care	\$0
 Emergency care means services that are: given by a provider trained to give emergency services, and needed to treat a medical emergency. A medical emergency is a medical condition with severe pain or serious injury. The condition is so serious that, if it does not get immediate medical attention, anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in: serious risk to your health or to that of your unborn child; or serious harm to bodily functions; or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when: There is not enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery. A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child. 	Jf you get emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital for your care to continue to be paid for. You can stay in the out-of- network hospital for your inpatient care only if our plan approves your stay.
*Worldwide coverage You have no combined annual limit for emergency care or urgently needed services outside the United States every year. *Services outside the United States and its territories do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	20% coinsurance for worldwide emergency coverage (coinsurance waived if admitted to the hospital within one day of the same condition)

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Family planning services	\$0
The law lets you choose any provider – whether a network provider or out-of-network provider – for certain family planning services. This means any doctor, clinic, hospital, pharmacy or family planning office.	
We pay for the following services:	
family planning exam and medical treatment	
 family planning lab and diagnostic tests 	
 family planning methods (IUC/IUD, implants, injections, birth control pills, patch, or ring) 	
 family planning supplies with prescription (condom, sponge, foam, film, diaphragm, cap) 	
counseling and diagnosis of infertility and related services	
 counseling, testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) 	
 counseling and testing for HIV and AIDS, and other HIV- related conditions 	
 permanent contraception (You must be age 21 or over to choose this method of family planning. You must sign a federal sterilization consent form at least 30 days, but not more than 180 days before the date of surgery.) 	
genetic counseling	
We also pay for some other family planning services. However, you must use a provider in our provider network for the following services:	
 treatment for medical conditions of infertility (This service does not include artificial ways to become pregnant.) 	
treatment for AIDS and other HIV-related conditions	
genetic testing	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Health and wellness education programs	\$0
We offer many programs that focus on certain health conditions. These include:	
Health Education classes;	
Nutrition Education classes;	
Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation; and	
Nursing Hotline	
Programs to help you stay healthy. Covered services include:	
Written health education materials, including newsletters	
Educational programs	
Educational Programs that focus on health conditions such as:	
 High blood pressure Cholesterol Asthma Special diet 	
Educational programs designed to enrich your health and lifestyle, including:	
Weight managementFitnessStress management	
NurseHelp 24/7	
Have a confidential one-on-one online dialogue with a registered nurse, 24 hours a day. When you have a medical concern, one call to our toll-free hotline puts you in touch with a registered nurse who will listen to your concerns and help you toward a solution.	
Call 1-877-304-0504 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Health and wellness education programs (continued)	
SilverSneakers® Fitness	
SilverSneakers can help you live a healthier, more active life through fitness and social connection. You are covered for a fitness benefit through SilverSneakers at participating locations ¹ . You have access to instructors who lead specially designed group exercise classes ² . At participating locations nationwide1, you can take classes ² plus use exercise equipment and other amenities. Additionally, SilverSneakers FLEX [®] gives you options to get active outside of traditional gyms (like recreation centers, mall and parks). SilverSneakers also connects you to a support network and virtual classes through SilverSneakers LIVE TM , SilverSneakers GO TM . You also get access to Stitch ³ , an online social site for seniors, where you can join in-person and online activities and events. All you need to get started is your personal SilverSneakers ID number. Go to Silversneakers.com to learn more about your benefit or call 1-888-423-4632 [TTY: 711] Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET.	
Always talk with your doctor before starting an exercise program.	
¹ Participating locations ("PL") are not owned or operated by Tivity Health, Inc. or its affiliates. Use of PL facilities and amenities is limited to terms and conditions of PL basic membership. Facilities and amenities vary by PL.	
² Membership includes SilverSneakers instructor-led group fitness classes. Some locations offer members additional classes. Classes vary by location.	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Health and wellness education programs (continued)	
³ Stitch is a third-party provider and is not owned or operated by Tivity Health or its affiliates. SilverSneakers members must have internet service to access Stitch service. Internet service charges are the responsibility of the SilverSneakers member.	
 Personal Emergency Response System (PERS) – a medical alert monitoring system that provides access to help 24/7, at the push of a button. Your PERS benefits are provided by LifeStation® and include: One personal emergency response system Choice of an in-home system or mobile device with GPS/WiFi and fall detection Monthly monitoring Necessary chargers and cords 	
To obtain the PERS and begin receiving services, call LifeStation's team 24/7 at 1-855-672-3269 (TTY:711) or visit blueshieldca.com/PERS.	
* Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pa
Hearing services	
We pay for hearing and balance tests done by your provider. These tests tell you whether you need medical treatment. They are covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	
• Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your PCP to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	• \$0 for each Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing exam
Routine (non-Medicare covered) hearing exams	• \$0 for each routine (non-Medicare covered) hearing exam
 Hearing aids* 	 You will be reimbursed up to \$2,000 every year for two hearing aids and
If you are pregnant or reside in a nursing facility, we also pay for hearing aids, including:	two hearing aid fitting and evaluations
 molds, supplies, and inserts 	(applies to both ears combined).
 repairs that cost more than \$25 per repair 	*Costs for hearing
an initial set of batteries	aids do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.
 six visits for training, adjustments, and fitting with the same vendor after you get the hearing aid 	
trial period rental of hearing aids	You may obtain hearing aids at the
 assistive listening devices, surface-worn bone conduction hearing devices 	provider of your choice.
 hearing aid-related audiology and post-evaluation services 	
*Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
 HIV screening We pay for one HIV screening exam every 12 months for people who: ask for an HIV screening test, or are at increased risk for HIV infection. For women who are pregnant, we pay for up to three HIV screening tests during a pregnancy. We also pay for additional HIV screening(s) when recommended by your provider. 	\$0
Home health agency care Before you can get home health services, a doctor must tell us you need them, and they must be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort. We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	\$0 for each covered home health visit
 part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.) physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy medical and social services medical equipment and supplies 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Home infusion therapy	\$0 for each
Our plan pays for home infusion therapy, defined as drugs or biological substances administered into a vein or applied under the skin and provided to you at home. The following are needed to perform home infusion:	covered home infusion therapy visit
 the drug or biological substance, such as an antiviral or immune globulin; 	
 equipment, such as a pump; and 	
 supplies, such as tubing or a catheter. 	
Our plan covers home infusion services that include but are not limited to:	
 professional services, including nursing services, provided in accordance with your care plan; 	
 member training and education not already included in the DME benefit; 	
 remote monitoring; and 	
 monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier. 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Home meal delivery	\$0 for each
Upon discharge from an inpatient hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, we cover:	covered home meal delivery
 22 meals and 10 snacks per discharge 	
 Meals and snacks will be divided into up to three separate deliveries as needed 	
Coverage is limited to two discharges per year	
For more information, call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).	
*Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	
Hospice care	
You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have 6 months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. Our plan must help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.	
Covered services include:	
 drugs to treat symptoms and pain 	
short-term respite care	
home care	
This benefit is continued on the next page.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Hospice Care (continued)	\$0
Hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis are billed to Medicare.	
• Refer to Section F of this chapter for more information.	
For services covered by our plan but not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B:	
• Our plan covers services not covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. We cover the services whether or not they relate to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services.	
For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit:	
• Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to Chapter 5 of your <i>Member Handbook</i> .	
Note: If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator and/or Customer Service to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that is not related to your terminal prognosis.	
Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill member who has not chosen the hospice benefit.	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
۲	Immunizations	\$0 for Medicare Part B-covered
	We pay for the following services:pneumonia vaccine	immunizations
	 flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary 	
	 hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B 	
	COVID-19 vaccines	
	 other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules 	
	We pay for other vaccines that meet the Medicare Part D coverage rules. Refer to Chapter 6 of your <i>Member Handbook</i> to learn more.	
	We also pay for all vaccines for adults as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Inpatient hospital care	\$0
 We pay for the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here: semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) meals, including special diets regular nursing services costs of special care units, such as intensive care or coronary care units drugs and medications lab tests X-rays and other radiology services needed surgical and medical supplies appliances, such as wheelchairs operating and recovery room services physical, occupational, and speech therapy inpatient substance abuse services in some cases, the following types of transplants: corneal, kidney, kidney/pancreas, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, a Medicare-approved transplant center will review your case and decide if you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If local transplant providers are willing to accept the Medicare rate, then you can get your 	You must get approval from our plan to get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency is stabilized.

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Inpatient hospital care (continued)	
transplant services locally or outside the pattern of care for your community. If our plan provides transplant services outside the pattern of care for our community and you choose to get your transplant there, we arrange or pay for lodging and travel costs for you and one other person. †	
blood, including storage and administration	
physician services	
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are you a Hosptial Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!". This fact sheet is available on the Web at <u>www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-</u> <u>Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</u> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1- 800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
†Transplants are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization") from us.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital	\$0
We pay for mental health care services that require a hospital stay.	
 If you need inpatient services in a freestanding psychiatric hospital, we pay for the first 190 days. After that, the local county mental health agency pays for medically necessary inpatient psychiatric services. Authorization for care beyond the 190 days is coordinated with the local county mental health agency. 	
 The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital 	
 If you are 65 years or older, we pay for services you get in an Institute for Mental Diseases (IMD). 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay	\$0
We do not pay for your inpatient stay if you have used all of your inpatient benefit or if the stay is not reasonable and medically necessary.	
However, in certain situations where inpatient care is not covered, we may pay for services you get while you're in a hospital or nursing facility. To find out more, contact Customer Service.	
We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
doctor services	
 diagnostic tests, like lab tests 	
 X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services 	
surgical dressings	
 splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations 	
 prosthetics and orthotic devices, other than dental, including replacement or repairs of such devices. These are devices that replace all or part of: 	
 an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or 	
 the function of an inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ. 	
 leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes. This includes adjustments, repairs, and replacements needed because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in your condition 	
 physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Kidney disease services and supplies	\$0
We pay for the following services:	
• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help you make good decisions about your care. You must have stage IV chronic kidney disease, and your doctor must refer you. We cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services.	
• Outpatient dialysis treatments, including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3 of your <i>Member Handbook</i> , or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.	
 Inpatient dialysis treatments if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care 	
 Self-dialysis training, including training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments 	
Home dialysis equipment and supplies	
• Certain home support services, such as necessary visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply.	
Your Medicare Part B drug benefit pays for some drugs for dialysis. For information, refer to "Medicare Part B prescription drugs" in this chart.	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Ŏ	Lung cancer screening	\$0
	Our plan pays for lung cancer screening every 12 months if you:	
	• are aged 50-77, and	
	 have a counseling and shared decision-making visit with your doctor or other qualified provider, and 	
	 have smoked at least 1 pack a day for 20 years with no signs or symptoms of lung cancer or smoke now or have quit within the last 15 years 	
	After the first screening, our plan pays for another screening each year with a written order from your doctor or other qualified provider.	
Č	Medical nutrition therapy	\$0
	This benefit is for people with diabetes or kidney disease without dialysis. It is also for after a kidney transplant when referred by your doctor.	
	We pay for three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you get medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare. We may approve additional services if medically necessary.	
	We pay for two hours of one-on-one counseling services each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to get more hours of treatment with a doctor's referral. A doctor must prescribe these services and renew the referral each year if you need treatment in the next calendar year. We may approve additional services if medically necessary.	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Ŏ	Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)	\$0
	Our plan pays for MDPP services. MDPP is designed to help you increase healthy behavior. It provides practical training in:	
	 long-term dietary change, and 	
	 increased physical activity, and 	
	 ways to maintain weight loss and a healthy lifestyle. 	
	Medicare Part B prescription drugs	\$0 (Please provide
	These drugs are covered under Part B of Medicare. Our plan pays for the following drugs:	your doctor or pharmacy both
	 drugs you don't usually give yourself and are injected or infused while you get doctor, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgery center services 	your Blue Shield TotalDual Plan ID card and your Medi-Cal Benefits Identification card.)
	 insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) 	
	 other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that our plan authorized 	
	 clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia 	
	 immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant 	
	 osteoporosis drugs that are injected. We pay for these drugs if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot inject the drug yourself 	
	antigens	
	certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs	
	This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)	
 certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin (when medically necessary), topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen[®], Procrit[®], Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp[®], or Darbepoetin Alfa) 	
 IV immune globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases 	
We also cover some vaccines under our Medicare Part B and Medicare Part D prescription drug benefit.	
Chapter 5 of your <i>Member Handbook</i> explains our outpatient prescription drug benefit. It explains rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered.	
Chapter 6 of your <i>Member Handbook</i> explains what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs through our plan.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pa
Nursing facility care	\$0
A nursing facility (NF) is a place that provides care for people who cannot get care at home but who do not need to be in a hospital.	
Services that we pay for include, but are not limited to, the following:	
 semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) 	
meals, including special diets	
nursing services	
 physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 	
respiratory therapy	
 drugs given to you as part of your plan of care. (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood-clotting factors.) 	
 blood, including storage and administration 	
 medical and surgical supplies usually given by nursing facilities 	
 lab tests usually given by nursing facilities 	
 X-rays and other radiology services usually given by nursing facilities 	
 use of appliances, such as wheelchairs usually given by nursing facilities 	
physician/practitioner services	
durable medical equipment	
dental services, including dentures	
vision benefits	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Nursing facility care (continued)	
	hearing exams	
	chiropractic care	
	podiatry services	
	You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment:	
	 a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care). 	
	 a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital. 	
ĕ	Obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down	\$0
	If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we pay for	
	counseling to help you lose weight. You must get the	
	counseling in a primary care setting. That way, it can be	
	managed with your full prevention plan. Talk to your primary care provider to find out more.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Opioid treatment program (OTP) services	\$0
Our plan pays for the following services to treat opioid use disorder (OUD):	
intake activities	
periodic assessments	
 medications approved by the FDA and, if applicable, managing and giving you these medications 	
substance use counseling	
 individual and group therapy 	
 testing for drugs or chemicals in your body (toxicology testing) 	
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies We pay for the following services and other medically	\$0
necessary services not listed here:	
• X-rays	
 radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies 	
technician materials and supplies	
 technician materials and supplies surgical supplies, such as dressings splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and 	
 technician materials and supplies surgical supplies, such as dressings splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations 	
 technician materials and supplies surgical supplies, such as dressings splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations lab tests 	
 technician materials and supplies surgical supplies, such as dressings splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations lab tests blood, including storage and administration 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Outpatient hospital services	\$0
We pay for medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury, such as:	
 Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as outpatient surgery or observation services 	
 Observation services help your doctor know if you need to be admitted to the hospital as "inpatient." 	
 Sometimes you can be in the hospital overnight and still be "outpatient." 	
 You can get more information about being inpatient or outpatient in this fact sheet: <u>www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-</u> <u>10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</u>. 	
 Labs and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital 	
 Mental health care, including care in a partial- hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be needed without it 	
X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital	
 Medical supplies, such as splints and casts 	
 Preventive screenings and services listed throughout the Benefits Chart 	
 Some drugs that you can't give yourself 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pa
Outpatient mental health care	\$0
We pay for mental health services provided by:	
a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor	
a clinical psychologist	
a clinical social worker	
a clinical nurse specialist	
a licensed professional counselor (LPC)	
 a licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT) 	
a nurse practitioner (NP)	
a physician assistant (PA)	
 any other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws 	
We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
Clinic services	
Day treatment	
Psychosocial rehab services	
Partial hospitalization or Intensive outpatient programs	
 Individual and group mental health evaluation and treatment 	
 Psychological testing when clinically indicated to evaluate a mental health outcome 	
 Outpatient services for the purposes of monitoring drug therapy 	
Outpatient laboratory, drugs, supplies and supplements	
Psychiatric consultation	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Outpatient rehabilitation services	\$0
We pay for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.	
You can get outpatient rehabilitation services from hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs), and other facilities.	
Outpatient substance abuse services	\$0 for each
We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	individual or group therapy visit
alcohol misuse screening and counseling	
treatment of drug abuse	
group or individual counseling by a qualified clinician	
subacute detoxification in a residential addiction program	
 alcohol and/or drug services in an intensive outpatient treatment center 	
extended-release Naltrexone (vivitrol) treatment	
Outpatient surgery	\$0 for each visit to
We pay for outpatient surgery and services at hospital	an ambulatory
outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers.	surgical center or outpatient hospital facility.

Services that our plan pays for	What you must page
Over-the-Counter (OTC) Items	\$0
You are entitled to a quarterly allowance of \$210 for OTC drugs and supplies listed in the OTC catalog. Items such as aspirin, vitamins, cold and cough preparations, and bandages are covered under this benefit. Items such as cosmetics and food supplements are not covered under this benefit.	
The OTC catalog and ordering instructions are available online at blueshieldca.com/medicareOTC. You can order items by phone at (888) 628-2770 [TTY: 711], Monday through Friday between 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., or online at blueshieldca.com/medicareOTC. Orders will be shipped to you at no extra charge. Please allow approximately 14 business days for delivery.	
This benefit becomes effective the first day of each quarter (January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1). You can place two orders per quarter and cannot roll over your unused allowance into the next quarter. Some limitations apply. Refer to the OTC catalog for more information.	
*Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Partial hospitalization services	\$0
Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It is offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center. It is more intense than the care you get in your doctor's or therapist's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital.	
Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	
Note: Because there are no community mental health centers in our network, we cover partial hospitalization only as a hospital outpatient service.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits	\$0
We pay for the following services:medically necessary health care or surgery services of	riven
in places such as:	given
physician's office	
certified ambulatory surgical center	
hospital outpatient department	
consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist	
 basic hearing and balance exams given by your prima care provider, if your doctor orders them to find out whether you need treatment 	ary
Certain telehealth services, including physician's services to treat non-emergency conditions such as cold and f symptoms, allergies, bronchitis, respiratory infection, sinus problems, rash, eye infection, migraine and more than the symptometer of the sym	lu
 You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If yo choose to get one of these services by teleheal you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. 	llth,
 Refer to the "Additional telehealth services" services in the Medical Benefits Chart for more information 	
This benefit is continued on the next p	bage

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pa
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued)	
 telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease (ESRD) related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or at home 	
 telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke 	
 telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder 	
 telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: 	
 you have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit 	
 you have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services 	
 exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances 	
 telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers. 	
 virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if 	
 you're not a new patient and 	
 the check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
 the check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
-	sician/provider services, including doctor's office ts (continued)	
•	Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if :	
	 you're not a new patient and 	
	 the evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
	 the evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment 	
•	Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, the Internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient	
•	Second opinion by another network provider before surgery	
•	Non-routine dental care. Covered services are limited to:	
	 surgery of the jaw or related structures 	
	 setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones 	
	 pulling teeth before radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer 	
	 services that would be covered when provided by a physician 	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Podiatry services	\$0
	We pay for the following services:	
	 diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the foot (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) 	
	 routine foot care for members with conditions affecting the legs, such as diabetes 	
	 routine (non-Medicare covered) foot care. Coverage includes: 	
	 the cutting or removal of corns and calluses 	
	\circ the trimming, cutting, clipping, or debriding of nails	
ĕ	Prostate cancer screening exams	\$0
	For men age 50 and over, we pay for the following services once every 12 months:	
	a digital rectal exam	
	a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Prosthetic devices and related supplies	\$0
Prosthetic devices replace all or part of a body part or function. We pay for the following prosthetic devices, and maybe other devices not listed here:	
 colostomy bags and supplies related to colostomy care 	
 enteral and parenteral nutrition, including feeding supply kits, infusion pump, tubing and adaptor, solutions, and supplies for self-administered injections 	
• pacemakers	
• braces	
prosthetic shoes	
artificial arms and legs	
 breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy) 	
 prostheses to replace all of part of an external facial body part that was removed or impaired as a result of disease, injury, or congenital defect 	
incontinence cream and diapers	
We pay for some supplies related to prosthetic devices. We also pay to repair or replace prosthetic devices.	
We offer some coverage after cataract removal or cataract surgery. Refer to "Vision care" later in this chart for details.	
Pulmonary rehabilitation services	\$0
We pay for pulmonary rehabilitation programs for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). You must have a referral for	
pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor or provider treating the COPD.	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
ĕ	Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and counseling	\$0
	We pay for screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for some people who are at increased risk for an STI. A primary care provider must order the tests. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.	
	We also pay for up to two face-to-face, high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. Each session can be 20 to 30 minutes long. We pay for these counseling sessions as a preventive service only if given by a primary care provider. The sessions must be in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pa
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care	\$0
We pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
 a semi-private room, or a private room if it is medically necessary 	
meals, including special diets	
nursing services	
 physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 	
 drugs you get as part of your plan of care, including substances that are naturally in the body, such as blood- clotting factors 	
 blood, including storage and administration 	
 medical and surgical supplies given by nursing facilities 	
 lab tests given by nursing facilities 	
 X-rays and other radiology services given by nursing facilities 	
 appliances, such as wheelchairs, usually given by nursing facilities 	
physician/provider services	
You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment:	
 a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you lived before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care) 	
 a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner lives at the time you leave the hospital 	

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Ŏ	Smoking and tobacco use cessation	\$0
	If you use tobacco, do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease, and want or need to quit:	
	 We pay for two quit attempts in a 12-month period as a preventive service. This service is free for you. Each quit attempt includes up to four face-to-face counseling visits. 	
	If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco- related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:	
	 We pay for two counseling quit attempts within a 12- month period. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. 	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must p
Supervised exercise therapy (SET)	\$0
We pay for SET for members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.	
Our plan pays for:	
 up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met 	
 an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider 	
The SET program must be:	
 30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise- training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication) 	
 in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's office 	
 delivered by qualified personnel who make sure benefit exceeds harm and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD 	
 under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques 	
Transportation: Non-emergency medical transportation	\$0
This benefit allows for transportation that is the most cost effective and accessible. This can include: ambulance, litter van, wheelchair van medical transportation services, and coordinating with para transit.	
The forms of transportation are authorized when:	
 Your medical and/or physical condition does not allow you to travel by bus, passenger car, taxicab, or another form of public or private transportation, and 	
Depending on the service, prior authorization may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Transportation: Non-medical transportation	\$0 (limited to 48
This benefit allows for transportation to medical services by passenger car, taxi, or other forms of public/private transportation.	one way trips per year)
Transportation is required for the purpose of obtaining needed medical care, including travel to dental appointments and to pick up prescription drugs.	
This benefit does not limit your non-emergency medical transportation benefit.	
Note: Arrangements for transportation are handled by Call The Car. Members must contact Call The Car at (855) 200-7544 [TTY: 711] 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Arrangements for transportation must be made at least 24 hours in advance.	
Call The Car offers a mobile application (CTC-Go) that can be used by Blue Shield TotalDual Plan members to coordinate healthcare transportation. CTC-Go allows you to review upcoming or past reservations, rate your ride, track your driver, cancel an existing reservation, and to schedule a new reservation. CTC-Go is available on iOS and Android. Search your app store for "CTC'Go" and download the application.	
*Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	
Authorization rules may apply.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Urgently needed care	\$0
Urgently needed care is care given to treat:	
 a non-emergency that requires immediate medical care, or 	
• a sudden medical illness, or	
• an injury, or	
 a condition that needs care right away. 	
If you require urgently needed care, you should first try to get it from a network provider. However, you can use out-of- network providers when you can't get to a network provider because given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers (for example, when you are outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it is not a medical emergency). * Worldwide coverage. You have no combined annual limit for emergency care or urgently needed services outside the United States and its territories. Services outside the United States and its territories do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit. Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	20% coinsurance for worldwide urgent coverage (coinsurance is waived if admitted to the hospital within one day of the same condition)

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Ŏ	Vision care (Medicare covered)	
	We pay for the following services:	\$0 for each Medicare-
	 one routine eye exam every year and 	covered eye exam.
	 up to \$100 for eyeglasses (frames and lenses) or up to \$100 for contact lenses every two years 	
	We pay for outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. For example, this includes annual eye exams for diabetic retinopathy for people with diabetes and treatment for age-related macular degeneration.	\$0 copay
	For people at high risk of glaucoma, we pay for one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include:	\$0 copay
	 people with a family history of glaucoma 	
	people with diabetes	
	 African-Americans who are age 50 and over 	
	Hispanic Americans who are 65 or over	
	We pay for one pair of glasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery when the doctor inserts an intraocular lens.	\$0 copay
	If you have two separate cataract surgeries, you must get one pair of glasses after each surgery. You cannot get two pairs of glasses after the second surgery, even if you did not get a pair of glasses after the first surgery.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Vision care, non-Medicare covered (obtained from a network provider)*	
Prior authorization (approval in advance) is NOT required. Use the Vision Directory or go to blueshieldca.com/find-a-doctor to locate a provider participating in the Vision Service Plan (VSP) (Blue Shield Vision Plan Administrator) network.	
Covered services include:	
 Routine eye exam, including refraction and prescription for eyeglass lenses. If the provider recommends additional procedures, you are responsible for paying the additional costs. Contact lens exams require additional fees. You are responsible for paying the additional cost. 	You pay \$0 for one exam every 12 months when you use a network provider.
 Eyeglass frames and eyeglass lenses (including single, lined bifocal, lined trifocal, and lenticular lenses) or contact lenses * Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out- of-pocket limit. 	You pay \$0 for eyeglass frames (priced up to a regular retail value of \$375) every 24 months when you use a network provider. If you choose eyeglass frames priced above \$375, you are responsible for the difference.
	You pay \$0 for either one pair of prescription eyeglass lenses (regardless of size or power) OR for contact lenses (priced up to \$375 for contact lens services and materials) every 12 months when you use a network provider. If the service and materials price above \$375, you are responsible for the difference.

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Vision care, non-Medicare covered (obtained by a non-network provider)*	
You may, if you choose, see an optometrist or an optician who is not a Blue Shield TotalDual Plan network provider. However, you may not obtain the same services from both a network and a non-network provider. If you choose a non-network provider, you are eligible for a partial reimbursement for the services rendered, unless you've already reached your benefit limit for the vision service you are seeking. Call Customer Service to request a reimbursement form and for more information on requesting a reimbursement. Prior authorization is NOT required.	
 Routine eye exam, refraction and prescription for eyeglass lenses. 	You are reimbursed up to \$30 for one exam every 12 months.
 Eyeglass frames and eyeglass lenses (including single, bifocal, trifocal, and lenticular lenses) or contact lenses. 	You are reimbursed up to \$35 for one pair of eyeglass frames every 24 months.
* Services do not apply to the plan's maximum out-of-pocket limit.	You are reimbursed up to \$35 for <u>either</u> one pair of prescription eyeglass lenses (regardless of size or power) OR for contact lenses every 12 months.

	Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
ĕ	"Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit	\$0
	We cover the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes:	
	• a review of your health,	
	 education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including screenings and shots), and 	
	 referrals for other care if you need it. 	
	Note: We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only during the first 12 months that you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, tell your doctor's office you want to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	

Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart

Routine dental benefits are included for all Members in this plan.

The following **Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart** shows specific dental procedures covered by the routine dental benefit and what you will pay for those procedures. The services listed are covered benefits when provided by an in-network, licensed dentist and when necessary and customary as determined by the standards of generally accepted dental practice.

Important: Please note that procedures not listed are not covered.

Important: Some dental services are not covered under any conditions (also known as Exclusions) and some dental services are only covered under specific conditions (also known as Limitations). Please refer to the "General limitations" and "General exclusions" listed after this benefits chart for more information.

Benefits will be provided for specific dental procedures necessary to treat specified emergent, painful or infective acute dental conditions, or when provided in a manner consistent with professionally recognized standard of care. The Plan reserves the right to administratively review, by a Plan dental director, the submitted documentation of the above conditions for coverage determination. Conditions characterized by acute pain or infection include the following:

- Acute pain requiring immediate root canal;
- Acute pain requiring tooth extraction or removal and/or incision and drainage;
- Acute periodontal abscess requiring emergency periodontal procedures.

Emergent restorative conditions include the following:

• A tooth that is undergoing restoration that was begun as a (Basic Restorative) filling, but due to the extent of decay/fracture found during the course of its restoration, is now required to have a (Major Restorative) cast crown placed.

Services are listed with the American Dental Association (ADA) procedure code based on the current dental terminology. Federal law requires the use of the ADA code to report dental procedures. Procedure codes may be revised from time to time by the ADA. Therefore, the Plan may revise this code list as required by law. You can obtain an updated ADA code list by contacting the Dental Plan Administrator (DPA) customer service department at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30.

ADA Code	ADA description of services covered for you	What you must pay
Diagnostic	Services	
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation - new or established patient	\$0
D0171	Re-evaluation, post-operative office visit	\$0
D0190	Screening of a patient	\$0
D0191	Assessment of a patient	\$0
D0251	Extra-oral posterior dental radiographic image	\$0
D0415	Collection of microorganisms for culture and sensitivity	\$0
D0425	Caries susceptibility test	\$0
D0460	Pulp vitality tests	\$0
D0470	Diagnostic casts	\$0
D0472	Accession of tissue, gross examination, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0
D0473	Accession of tissue, gross and microscopic examination, preparation and transmission of written report	\$0
D0474	Accession of tissue, gross and microscopic examination, including assessment of surgical margins for presence of	\$0
Preventive	disease, preparation and transmission of written report Services	

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

ADA	ADA description of services covered for you	What you
Code D1110		must pay
	Prophylaxis – adult	\$0
D1206	Topical application of fluoride varnish	\$0
D1208	Topical application of fluoride - excluding varnish	\$0
D1353	Sealant repair - per tooth	\$10
D1520	Space maintainer - removable – unilateral – per quadrant	\$70
Restorative		¢0
D2140	Amalgam - one surface, primary or permanent	\$0
D2510	Inlay - metallic - one surface	\$170
D2520	Inlay - metallic - two surfaces	\$180
D2530	Inlay - metallic - three or more surfaces	\$190
D2542	Onlay - metallic - two surfaces	\$185
D2543	Onlay - metallic - three surfaces	\$195
D2544	Onlay - metallic - four or more surfaces	\$215
D2610	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - one surface	\$295
D2620	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces	\$330
D2630	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - three or more surfaces	\$350
D2642	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces	\$325
D2643	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - three surfaces	\$360
D2644	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - four or more surfaces	\$380
D2650	Inlay - composite/resin - one surface	\$195
D2651	Inlay - composite/resin - two surfaces	\$220
D2652	Inlay - composite/resin - three or more surfaces	\$255
D2662	Onlay - composite/resin - two surfaces	\$250
D2663	Onlay - composite/resin - three surfaces	\$275
D2664	Onlay - composite/resin - four or more surfaces	\$320
D2720	Crown - resin with high noble metal	\$320
D2722	Crown - resin with noble metal	\$260
D2750	Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$380
D2752	Crown - porcelain fused to noble metal	\$320
D2753	Crown - porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloys	\$380
D2780	Crown, 3/4 cast high noble metal	\$380
D2782	Crown, 3/4 cast noble metal	\$320
D2790	Crown - full cast high noble metal	\$380
D2792	Crown - full cast noble metal	\$320
D2794	Crown - titanium	\$380
D2921	Reattachment of tooth fragment, incisal edge or cusp	\$50

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

ADA Code	ADA description of services covered for you	What you must pay
D2929	Prefabricated porcelain/ceramic crown - primary tooth - anterior	\$75
D2940	Protective restoration	\$0
D2981	Inlay repair necessitated by restorative material failure	\$25
D2982	Onlay repair necessitated by restorative material failure	\$25
D2983	Veneer repair necessitated by restorative material failure	\$25
Endodontic	· · ·	
D3110	Pulp cap - direct (excluding final restoration)	\$0
D3331	Treatment of root canal obstruction, non-surgical access	\$0
D3333	Internal tooth repair of preformation defects	\$50
D3346	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - anterior	\$0
D3348	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - molar	\$0
D3353	Apexification/recalcification - final visit (includes	\$80
	completed root canal therapy – apical closure/calcific	, , , ,
	repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)	
D3450	Root amputation - per root	\$85
D3920	Hemisection (including any root removal), not including	\$150
	root canal therapy	
Periodontic	Services	
D4212	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty to allow access for	\$85
	restoration procedure, per tooth	
D4240	Gingival flap procedure, including root planning - four or	\$150
	more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per	
	quadrant	
D4241	Gingival flap procedure - including root planing - one to	\$225
	three contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per	
	quadrant	
D4245	Apically positioned flap	\$75
D4260	Osseous surgery (including flap entry and closure) - four	\$0
	or more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per	
	quadrant	
D4263	Bone replacement graft - retained natural tooth - first site	\$225
	in quadrant	
D4264	Bone replacement graft - retained natural tooth - each	\$80
	additional site in quadrant	
D4270	Pedicle soft tissue graft procedure	\$225

ADA Code	ADA description of services covered for you	What you must pay
D4274	Mesial/distal wedge procedure single tooth (when not	\$225
	performed in conjunction with surgical procedures in the	
	same anatomical area)	
D4277	Free soft tissue graft procedure (including recipient and	\$295
	donor surgical sites) first tooth, implant, or edentulous	
	tooth	
D4278	Free soft tissue graft procedure (including recipient and	\$295
	donor surgical sites) each additional contiguous tooth,	
	implant, or edentulous tooth position in same graft site	
D4921	Gingival irrigation - with a medicinal agent per quadrant	\$0
Prosthodon	tic Services (Removable)	
D5110	Complete denture - maxillary	\$0
D5221	Immediate maxillary partial denture - resin base	\$365
D5222	Immediate mandibular partial denture - resin base	\$365
D5223	Immediate maxillary partial denture - cast metal	\$415
	framework with resin denture bases	
D5224	Immediate mandibular partial denture-cast metal	\$415
	framework with resin denture bases	
D5225	Maxillary partial denture - flexible base (including	\$180
	retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth)	
D5226	Mandibular partial denture - flexible base (including	\$180
	retentive/clasping materials rests and teeth)	
D5670	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework	\$100
	(maxillary)	
D5671	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework	\$100
	(mandibular)	
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture	\$100
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	\$100
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture	\$100
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture	\$110
D5820	Interim partial denture (including retentive/clasping	\$380
	materials, rests and teeth), maxillary. Includes any	
	necessary clasps and rests.	
D5821	Interim partial denture (including retentive/clasping	\$320
	materials, rests and teeth), mandibular. Includes any	
	necessary clasps and rests.	

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

ADA Code	ADA description of services covered for you	What you must pay
D6210	Pontic - cast high noble metal	\$380
D6212	Pontic - cast noble metal	\$320
D6240	Pontic - porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$320
D6242	Pontic - porcelain fused to noble metal	\$320
D6243	Pontic – porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloys	\$260
D6250	Pontic - resin with high noble metal	\$330
D6252	Pontic - resin with noble metal	\$350
D6600	Retainer inlay - porcelain/ceramic, two surfaces	\$280
D6601	Retainer inlay - porcelain/ceramic, three or more surfaces	\$290
D6602	Retainer inlay - cast high noble metal, two surfaces	\$180
D6603	Retainer inlay - cast high noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$190
D6604	Retainer inlay - cast predominantly base metal, two surfaces	\$210
D6605	Retainer inlay - cast predominantly base metal, three or more surfaces	\$220
D6606	Retainer inlay - cast noble metal, two surfaces	\$325
D6607	Retainer inlay - cast noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$360
D6608	Retainer onlay - porcelain/ceramic, two surfaces	\$285
D6609	Retainer onlay - porcelain/ceramic, three or more surfaces	\$295
D6610	Retainer onlay - cast high noble metal, two surfaces	\$185
D6611	Retainer onlay - cast high noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$195
D6612	Retainer onlay - cast predominantly base metal, two surfaces	\$205
D6613	Retainer onlay - cast predominantly base metal, three or more surfaces	\$225
D6614	Retainer onlay - cast noble metal, two surfaces	\$320
D6615	Retainer onlay - cast noble metal, three or more surfaces	\$260
D6720	Retainer crown - resin with high noble metal	\$380
D6722	Retainer crown - resin with noble metal	\$320
D6750	Retainer crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$380
D6752	Retainer crown - porcelain fused to noble metal	\$380
D6753	Retainer crown – porcelain fused to titanium and titanium alloys	\$320
D6780	Retainer crown - 3/4 cast high noble metal	\$380

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

ADA Code	ADA description of services covered for you	What you must pay
D6782	Retainer crown- 3/4 cast noble metal	\$380
D6784	Retainer crown ³ / ₄ - titanium and titanium alloys	\$320
D6790	Retainer crown - full cast high noble metal	\$45
D6792	Retainer crown - full cast noble metal	\$320
D6940	Stress breaker	\$45
Oral and Ma	axillofacial Surgery Services	
D7111	Extraction, coronal remnants - primary tooth	\$0
D7140	Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal)	\$0
D7210	Extraction, erupted tooth req removal of bone, sectioning of tooth and including elevation of mucoperiosteal flap	\$0
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth - soft tissue	\$0
D7241	Removal of impacted tooth - completely bony, with unusual surgical	\$0
D7251	Coronectomy - intentional partial tooth removal, impacted teeth only	\$130
D7282	Mobilization of erupted or malpositioned tooth to aid eruption	\$90
D7509	Marsupialization of odontogenic cyst	\$0
D7510	Incision and drainage of abscess - intraoral soft tissue	\$0
Orthodontic	Services	·
D8010	Limited orthodontic treatment of the primary dentition	\$1,150
D8040	Limited orthodontic treatment for adult dentition - adults	\$1,350
D8090	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the adult dentition - adults	\$2,100
Adjunctive	General Services	
D9311	Consultation with medical health care professional	\$0
D9450	Case presentation, subsequent to detailed and extensive treatment planning	\$0
D9932	Cleaning and inspection of removable complete denture, maxillary	\$0
D9933	Cleaning and inspection of removable complete denture, mandibular	\$0
D9934	Cleaning and inspection of removable partial denture, maxillary	\$0
D9935	Cleaning and inspection of removable partial denture, mandibular	\$0

ADA Code	ADA description of services covered for you	What you must pay
D9943	Occlusal adjustment	\$10
D9944	Occlusal guard – hard appliance, full arch	\$100
D9945	Occlusal guard – soft appliance, full arch	\$100
D9946	Occlusal guard – hard appliance, partial arch	\$100
D9975	External bleaching for home application, per arch includes materials and fabrication of custom trays - limited to one bleaching tray and gel for two weeks of self-treatment	\$125
D9986	Missed appointment	\$10
D9987	Canceled appointment	\$10

NOTE: Unless you require non-Medicare covered emergency dental services, the listed Member Cost-Sharing amounts only apply when you receive dental services from an innetwork dentist (See "Non-Medicare covered emergency dental care").

NOTE: Since Blue Shield contracts with Medicare each year, these routine dental benefits may not be available next year.

Getting Routine Dental Care

Introduction

Blue Shield's dental Plan is administered by a contracted Dental Plan Administrator (DPA), an entity that contracts with Blue Shield to administer the delivery of dental services through a network of contracted dentists. If you have any questions regarding the information in this dental section, need assistance, or have any problems, you may contact the DPA customer service department at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30.

Before Obtaining Routine Dental Services

You are responsible for assuring that the dentist you choose is an in-network dentist. **NOTE**: An in-network dentist's status may change. It is your obligation to verify whether your dentist is currently an in-network dentist in case there have been any changes to the list of contracted dentists. A list of in-network dentists located in your area can be obtained by contacting the DPA customer service department at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY:** **711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30.

Visiting Your Dentist

Shortly after enrollment you will receive a membership packet from the DPA that tells you the effective date of your benefits and the address and telephone number of your innetwork dentist or primary care dentist (PCD). After the effective date in your membership packet, you may obtain covered dental care services. To make an appointment simply call your PCD's facility and identify yourself as a Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Member. Initial appointments should be scheduled within four weeks unless a specific time has been requested. Inquiries regarding availability of appointments and accessibility of dentists should be directed to the DPA customer service department at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30.

NOTE: Each Member must go to his or her assigned PCD to obtain covered services, except for services provided by a specialist preauthorized in writing by the DPA, or for non-Medicare covered emergency dental care services. Any other treatment is not covered under Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. You must contact your PCD for all dental care needs including preventive services, routine dental problems, consultation with plan specialists, and emergency services (when possible). The PCD is responsible for providing general dental care services and coordinating or arranging for referral to other necessary plan specialists. The Plan must authorize such referrals.

This in-network only dental Plan does not pay benefits to out-of-network dentists. Services obtained from an out-of-network dentist will not be covered, except if there is a dental emergency. When you receive services from an out-of-network dentist, you will be responsible for paying the dentist directly for the entire amount billed by the dentist.

NOTE: Members who have not kept up with their routine dental appointments (once every 6 months) may find that they require services involving periodontal scaling and root planning before routine care such as regular cleanings can or will be provided.

Member Copayments

Prior to beginning your treatment, your dentist will design a treatment plan to meet your individual needs. It is best to discuss your treatment plan and financial responsibilities with your dentist prior to beginning treatment.

Copayments are due and payable at time of service or inception of care.

If you need additional assistance in getting information about your treatment plan or if you have any questions about the Copayments you are charged for covered dental procedures, you may contact the DPA customer service department at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30.

Choice of primary care dentist

At the time of enrollment, you must select an in-network dentist to be your PCD. If you fail to select an in-network dentist or the in-network dentist selected becomes unavailable, the DPA will request the selection of another in-network dentist or assign you to an in-network dentist.

You may change your assigned in-network dentist by contacting the DPA customer service department at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30.In order to ensure that your in-network dentist is notified and the DPA's eligibility lists are correct, changes to in-network dentists must be requested prior to the 21st of the month for the changes to be effective the first day of the following month.

If your dentist no longer contracts with the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan DPA

If your selected in-network dentist is unable to continue under contract with the DPA because he or she is unable to perform or has breached the contract, or if the DPA has canceled the contract, the DPA will notify you at least 30 days prior to the dentist's effective termination date so you may select another dentist.

If you are notified by the DPA of the need to select another dentist for this reason, fees for the duplication and transfer of X-rays or other records are waived. Also, the innetwork dentist will complete (a) a partial or full denture for which final impressions have been taken, and (b) all work on every tooth upon which work has started (such as completion of root canals in progress and delivery of crowns when teeth have been prepared).

Non-Medicare covered emergency dental care

Non-Medicare covered emergency services means care provided by a dentist to treat a dental condition that manifests as a symptom of sufficient severity, including severe pain, such that the absence of immediate attention could reasonably be expected by the Member to result in either: (i) placing the Member's dental health in serious jeopardy, or (ii) serious impairment to dental functions.

In-area non-Medicare covered emergency dental care

If you feel you need non-Medicare covered emergency dental care and you are in the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Service Area, immediately call your assigned network dentist. The dental office personnel will advise you what to do.

Out-of-area non-Medicare covered emergency dental care

If you are outside the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Service Area and require non-Medicare covered emergency dental care, you may obtain treatment from any licensed dentist. The services you receive from the out-of-area dentist are covered up to \$100 (minus any applicable Member Copayments) as long as transfer to a Network Provider is a risk to your health.

Reimbursement for out-of-area non-Medicare covered emergency dental care

You will be reimbursed up to \$100 (minus any applicable Member Copayments) for the cost of covered out-of-area non-Medicare covered emergency dental services. Whenever possible, you should ask your dentist to send the bill directly to Blue Shield at the address listed below.

To obtain reimbursement, submit your request for reimbursement, payment receipt, and description of services rendered in writing to:

Blue Shield of California Claims Department P.O. Box 1803 Alpharetta, GA 30023

There are time limits for filing claims. Generally, bills for services must be submitted to Blue Shield within one year of the date of service, unless there is a reason for filing later.

Our DPA will review the non-Medicare covered emergency dental service you received and notify you within 30 days from receipt of the claim if you qualify for reimbursement. Except for non-Medicare covered emergency dental services, you will be responsible for full payment of dental services you receive outside of California.

Denial of a reimbursement claim for out-of-area non-Medicare covered emergency dental care

If your claim for reimbursement of out-of-area non-Medicare covered emergency dental care is partially or fully denied, the DPA will notify you of the decision, in writing. The notification will include the specific reason for the denial and will inform you that you may request a reconsideration of the denial.

To request reconsideration of the denial or partial denial, submit a written notice to Blue Shield TotalDual Plan within 60 calendar days from the date on the written denial notice. For additional information, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

Obtaining a second opinion for dental care

You may request a second opinion if you disagree with or question the diagnosis and/or treatment plan determination made by your in-network dentist. The DPA may also request that you obtain a second opinion to verify the necessity and appropriateness of dental treatment or

the application of benefits.

Second opinions will be rendered by a licensed dentist in a timely manner, appropriate to the nature of your condition. Requests involving cases of imminent and serious health threat will be expedited (authorization approved or denied within 72 hours of receipt of the request, whenever possible). For assistance or additional information regarding the procedures and timeframes for second opinion authorizations, call the DPA customer service department at **866-247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31, and weekdays from April 1 to September 30 or write to the DPA.

Second opinions will be provided at another in-network dentist's facility, unless otherwise authorized by the DPA. The DPA will authorize a second opinion by an out-of-network provider if an appropriately qualified in-network dentist is not available. The DPA will only pay for a second opinion which the DPA approved or authorized. You will be sent a written notification should the DPA decide not to authorize a second opinion. If you disagree with this determination, you may file an appeal with Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. Refer to the *Grievance and Appeals* section for additional information.

Coordination of benefits

This Plan provides benefits without regard to coverage by any other group insurance policy or any other group health benefits program if the other policy or program covers services or expenses in addition to dental care. Otherwise, benefits provided under this Plan by specialists or out-of-network dentists are coordinated with such other group dental insurance policies or any group dental benefits programs. The determination of which policy or program is primary shall be governed by the rules stated in the contract.

If this Plan is secondary, it will pay the lesser of:

• The amount that it would have paid in the absence of any other dental benefit coverage, or;

• The Member's total out-of-pocket cost payable under the primary dental benefit plan as long as the benefits are covered under this Plan.

A Member must provide to the DPA and the DPA may release to or obtain from any insurance company or other organization, any information about the Member that is needed to administer coordination of benefits. The DPA shall, in its sole discretion, determine whether any reimbursement to an insurance company or other organization is warranted under the coordination of benefits provisions described herein, and any such reimbursement paid shall be deemed to be benefits under this contract. The DPA will have the right to recover from a dentist, Member, insurance company or other organization, as the DPA chooses, the amount of any benefit paid by the DPA which exceeds its obligations under the coordination of benefits provisions described herein.

Grievance and appeals process

Our commitment to you is to ensure not only quality of care, but also quality in the treatment process. This quality of treatment extends from the professional services provided by in-network dentists to the courtesy extended you by our telephone representatives. If you have any question or complaint regarding eligibility, the denial of dental services or claims, the policies, procedures or operations of the DPA or the quality of dental services performed by an in-network dentist, you have the right to file a grievance or appeal with Blue Shield TotalDual Plan.

Please go to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook* for more information on how to file a grievance or appeal. If you have any questions, call the DPA at **(866) 247-2486 [TTY: 711]**, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 7 days a week (except holidays) from October 1 to March 31 and weekdays from April 1 to September 30. You may also contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

General limitations for the routine dental HMO Plan

1. Oral examinations are limited to one (1) every three (3) calendar years, per provider or location (D0150).

2. Prophylaxis or scaling is limited to two (2) per calendar year (D1110).

3. Topical fluoride application (excluding varnish) is limited to two (2) per calendar year (D1208).

4. Crown – porcelain fused to noble metal are limited to 2 per calendar year (D2750).

5. Denture – immediate maxillary partial denture – cast metal framework with resin denture Bases (including retentive/clasping materials, rests and teeth) 1 per 5 calendar years per patient per arch (D5223).

6. Periodontics - gingival flap procedure - including root planing planning -one to three contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant 1 per quadrant per 3 calendar years (D4241).

7. Partial dentures are limited to one (1) per calendar year (D5820 and D5821).

8. The cost to a Member receiving orthodontic treatment whose coverage is cancelled or terminated for any reason will be based on the in-network Orthodontist's usual fee for the treatment plan. The in-network Orthodontist will prorate the amount for the number of months remaining to complete treatment. The Member makes payment directly to the in-network Orthodontist as arranged.

General exclusions for the routine dental HMO Plan

1. Any procedure that is not specifically listed in the *Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart*.

- 2. Any procedure that in the professional opinion of the in-network dentist:
 - a. has poor prognosis for a successful result and reasonable longevity based on the condition of the tooth or teeth and/or surrounding structures, or
 - b. is inconsistent with generally accepted standards for dentistry.

3. Services solely for cosmetic purposes or for conditions that are a result of hereditary or developmental defects, such as cleft palate, upper and lower jaw malformations, congenitally missing teeth and teeth that are discolored or lacking enamel.

4. Lost or stolen appliances including, but not limited to, full or partial dentures, space

maintainers, crowns and fixed partial dentures (bridges).

5. Procedures, appliances or restoration if the purpose is to change vertical dimension, or to diagnose or treat abnormal conditions of the temporomandibular joint (TMJ).

6. Precious metal for removable appliances, metallic or permanent soft bases for complete dentures, porcelain denture teeth, precision abutments for removable partials or fixed partial dentures (overlays, implants, and appliances associated therewith) and personalization and characterization of complete and partial dentures.

7. Implant-supported dental appliances and attachments, implant placement, maintenance, removal and all other services associated with a dental implant.

8. Consultations for non-covered benefits.

9. Dental services received from any dental facility other than the assigned in-network dentist, a preauthorized dental specialist, or an in-network Orthodontist except for emergency dental care services as described in the Evidence of Coverage.

10. All related fees for admission, use, or stays in a hospital, out-patient surgery center, extended care facility, or other similar care facility.

11. Prescription drugs.

12. Dental expenses incurred in connection with any dental or orthodontic procedure started before the Member's eligibility with the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. Examples include: teeth prepared for crowns, root canals in progress, full or partial dentures for which an impression has been taken and orthodontics.

13. Changes in orthodontic treatment necessitated by accident of any kind.

14. Myofunctional and parafunctional appliances and/ or therapies.

15. Composite or ceramic brackets, lingual adaptation of orthodontic bands and other specialized or cosmetic alternatives to standard fixed and removable orthodontic appliances.

16. Extraction of teeth, when teeth are asymptomatic/ non-pathologic (no signs or symptoms of pathology or infection), including but not limited to the removal of third molars and orthodontic extractions.

17. Interim partial dentures (stayplates), in conjunction with fixed or removable appliances, are limited to the replacement of extracted anterior teeth for adults during a healing period when the teeth cannot be added to an existing partial denture.

18. Benefits for a soft tissue management program are limited to those parts, which are listed covered services listed in the *Routine Dental Benefits Procedure Chart*. If a member declines non-covered services within a soft tissue management program, it does not eliminate or alter other covered benefits.

19. Treatment or appliances that are provided by a dentist whose practice specializes in prosthodontic services.

20. Orthodontic treatment must be provided by a licensed dentist. Self-administered orthodontics are not covered.

21. The removal of fixed orthodontic appliances for reasons other than completion of treatment is not a covered benefit.

E. Benefits covered outside of our plan

We don't cover the following services, but they are available through Original Medicare or Medi-Cal fee-for service.

E1. California Community Transitions (CCT)

The California Community Transitions (CCT) program uses local Lead Organizations to help eligible Medi-Cal beneficiaries, who have lived in an inpatient facility for at least 90 consecutive days, transition back to, and remaining safely in, a community setting. The CCT program funds transition coordination services during the pre-transition period and for 365 days post transition to assist beneficiaries with moving back to a community setting.

You can get transition coordination services from any CCT Lead Organization that serves the county you live in. You can find a list of CCT Lead Organizations and the counties they serve on the Department of Health Care Services website at: www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/ltc/Pages/CCT.

For CCT transition coordination services

Medi-Cal pays for the transition coordination services. You pay nothing for these services.

For services not related to your CCT transition

The provider bills us for your services. Our plan pays for the services provided after your transition. You pay nothing for these services.

While you get CCT transition coordination services, we pay for services listed in the Benefits Chart in **Section D**.

No change in drug coverage benefit

The CCT program does **not** cover drugs. You continue to get your normal drug benefit through our plan. For more information, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook*.

Note: If you need non-CCT transition care, call your care coordinator to arrange the services. Non-CCT transition care is care **not** related to your transition from an institution or facility.

E2. Medi-Cal Dental Program

Certain dental services are available through the Medi-Cal Dental Program; includes but is not limited to, services such as:

- initial examinations, X-rays, cleanings, and fluoride treatments
- restorations and crowns
- root canal therapy
- partial and complete dentures, adjustments, repairs, and relines

Dental benefits are available in the Medi-Cal Dental Fee-For-Service Program. For more information, or if you need help finding a dentist who accepts the Medi-Cal, contact the customer service line at 1-800-322-6384 (TTY users call 1-800-735-2922). The call is free. Medi-Cal Dental Services Program representatives are available to assist you from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. You can also visit the website at <u>www.dental.dhcs.ca.gov</u> for more information.

In addition to the Medi-Cal Dental Fee-For-Service Program, you may get dental benefits through a dental managed care plan. Dental managed care plans are available in Sacramento and Los Angeles Counties. If you want more information about dental plans or want to change dental plans, contact Health Care Options at 1-800-430-4263 (TTY users call 1-800-430-7077), Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. The call is free.

Note: Our plan offers additional dental services. Refer to the Benefits Chart in **Section D** for more information.

E3. Hospice care

You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have 6 months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. The plan must help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.

Refer to the Benefits Chart in **Section D** for more information about what we pay for while you are getting hospice care services.

For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis

• The hospice provider bills Medicare for your services. Medicare pays for hospice services related to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services.

For services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that are not related to your terminal prognosis

• The provider will bill Medicare for your services. Medicare will pay for the services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. You pay nothing for these services.

For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit

• Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook*.

Note: If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care not related to your terminal prognosis.

E4. In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)

- The IHSS Program will help pay for services provided to you so that you can remain safely in your own home. IHSS is considered an alternative to out-of-home care, such as nursing homes or board and care facilities.
- The types of services which can be authorized through IHSS are housecleaning, meal preparation, laundry, grocery shopping, personal care services (such as bowel and bladder care, bathing, grooming and paramedical services), accompaniment to medical appointments, and protective supervision for the mentally impaired.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for IHSS with your county social service agency. You can also contact the Los Angeles IHSS office at (888) 944-4477 and the San Diego IHSS office at (800) 339-4661 to apply.

E5. 1915(c) Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver Programs

Assisted Living Waiver (ALW)

- The Assisted Living Waiver (ALW) offers Medi-Cal eligible beneficiaries the choice of residing in an assisted living setting as an alternative to long-term placement in a nursing facility. The goal of the ALW is to facilitate nursing facility transition back into a homelike and community setting or prevent skilled nursing admissions for beneficiaries with an imminent need for nursing facility placement.
- Members who are enrolled in ALW and were transitioned into Medi-Cal Managed Care can remain enrolled in ALW while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your ALW Care Coordination Agency to coordinate the services you receive.

• Your care coordinator can help you apply for the ALW. You can find local agencies that can coordinate your care for the ALW program here: <u>dhcs.ca.gov/services/ltc/Documents/Care-Coordination-Agencies.pdf</u>.

HCBS Waiver for Californians with Developmental Disabilities (HCBS-DD)

California Self-Determination Program (SDP) Waiver for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities

There are two 1915(c) waivers, the HCBS-DD Waiver and SDP Waiver, that
provide services to people who have been diagnosed with a developmental
disability that begins before the individual's 18th birthday and is expected to
continue indefinitely. Both_waivers are a way to fund certain services that allow
persons with developmental disabilities to live at home or in the community rather
than residing in a licensed health facility. Costs for these services are funded
jointly by the federal government's Medicaid program and the State of California.
Your care coordinator can help connect you to DD Waiver services.

Home and Community-Based Alternative (HCBA) Waiver

- The HCBA Waiver provides care management services to persons at risk for nursing home or institutional placement. The care management services are provided by a multidisciplinary Care Management Team comprised of a nurse and social worker. The team coordinates Waiver and State Plan services (such as medical, behavioral health, In-Home Supportive Services, etc.), and arranges for other long-term services and supports available in the local community. Care management and Waiver services are provided in the participant's communitybased residence. This residence can be privately owned, secured through a tenant lease arrangement, or the residence of a participant's family member.
- Members who are enrolled in the HCBA Waiver and were transitioned into Medi-Cal Managed Care can remain enrolled in the HCBA Waiver while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your HCBA waiver agency to coordinate the services you receive.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for the ALW. You can find local agencies that can coordinate your care for the ALW program here: <u>dhcs.ca.gov/services/ltc/Documents/Care-Coordination-Agencies.pdf</u>.

Medi-Cal Waiver Program (MCWP)

• The Medi-Cal Waiver Program (MCWP) provides comprehensive case management and direct care services to persons living with HIV as an alternative to nursing facility care or hospitalization. Case management is a participant centered, team approach consisting of a registered nurse and social work case manager. Case managers work with the participant and primary care provider(s), family, caregiver(s), and other service providers, to assess care needs to keep the participant in their home and community.

- The goals of the MCWP are to: (1) provide home and community-based services for persons with HIV who may otherwise require institutional services; (2) assist participants with HIV health management; (3) improve access to social and behavioral health support and (4) coordinate service providers and eliminate duplication of services.
- Members who are enrolled in the MCWP Waiver and were transitioned into Medi-Cal Managed Care can remain enrolled in the MCWP Waiver while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your MCWP waiver agency to coordinate the services you receive.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for the MCWP. The AIDS Regional Information and Evaluation System (ARIES) is open Monday through Friday, from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (Pacific Time). To reach the Help Desk:
 - o Call 1-866-411-ARIES (2743) or
 - Submit an ARIES Help Desk request to <u>aries@cdph.ca.gov</u> and include your name, agency, phone number, question/problem. Do NOT include any client information.

Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP)

- The Multipurpose Senior Services Program (MSSP) provides both social and health care management services to assist individuals remain in their own homes and communities.
- While most of the program participants also receive In-Home Supportive Services, MSSP provides on-going care coordination, links participants to other needed community services and resources, coordinates with health care providers, and purchases some needed services that are not otherwise available to prevent or delay institutionalization. The total annual combined cost of care management and other services must be lower than the cost of receiving care in a skilled nursing facility.
- A team of health and social service professionals provides each MSSP participant with a complete health and psychosocial assessment to determine needed services. The team then works with the MSSP participant, their physician, family, and others to develop an individualized care plan. Services include:

- o care management
- o adult day care
- o minor home repair/maintenance
- supplemental in-home chore, personal care, and protective supervision services
- o respite services
- o transportation services
- o counseling and therapeutic services
- o meal services
- o communication services.
- Members who are enrolled in the MSSP Waiver and were transitioned into Medi-Cal Managed Care can remain enrolled in the MSSP Waiver while also receiving benefits provided by our plan. Our plan works with your MSSP provider to coordinate the services you receive.
- Your care coordinator can help you apply for MSSP. You can locate a MSSP provider in your area by calling the California Department of Aging at 1-800-510-2020 or by selecting your county on the Find Services in My County page at the California Department of Aging website: https://aging.ca.gov/Find_Services_in_My_County/#tblServicesInMyCounty

F. Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or Medi-Cal

This section tells you about benefits excluded by our plan. "Excluded" means that we do not pay for these benefits. Medicare and Medi-Cal do not pay for them either.

The list below describes some services and items not covered by us under any conditions and some excluded by us only in some cases.

We do not pay for excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or anywhere else in this *Member Handbook*) except under specific conditions listed. Even if you receive the services at an emergency facility, the plan will not pay for the services. If you think that our plan should pay for a service that is not covered, you can request an appeal. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Benefits Chart, our plan does not cover the following items and services:

- services considered not "reasonable and medically necessary", according Medicare and Medi-Cal, unless we list these as covered services
- experimental medical and surgical treatments, items, and drugs, unless Medicare, a Medicare-approved clinical research study, or our plan covers them. Refer to Chapter 3 of your *Member Handbook* for more information on clinical research studies. Experimental treatment and items are those that are not generally accepted by the medical community.
- surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when medically necessary and Medicare pays for it
- a private room in a hospital, except when medically necessary
- private duty nurses
- personal items in your room at a hospital or a nursing facility, such as a telephone or television
- full-time nursing care in your home
- fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household
- meals delivered to your home
- elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, antiaging and mental performance), except when medically necessary
- cosmetic surgery or other cosmetic work, unless it is needed because of an accidental injury or to improve a part of the body that is not shaped right. However, we pay for reconstruction of a breast after a mastectomy and for treating the other breast to match it
- chiropractic care, other than manual manipulation of the spine consistent with coverage guidelines
- routine foot care, except as described in Podiatry services in the Benefits Chart in Section D
- orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease

- supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease
- radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low-vision aids
- reversal of sterilization procedures and non-prescription contraceptive supplies
- naturopath services (the use of natural or alternative treatments)
- services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when a
 veteran gets emergency services at a VA hospital and the VA cost-sharing is
 more than the cost-sharing under our plan, we will reimburse the veteran for the
 difference. You are still responsible for your cost-sharing amounts.

Chapter 5: Getting your outpatient prescription drugs

Introduction

This chapter explains rules for getting your outpatient prescription drugs. These are drugs that your provider orders for you that you get from a pharmacy or by mail service. They include drugs covered under Medicare Part D and Medi-Cal. **Chapter 6** of your *Member Handbook* tells you what you pay for these drugs. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

We also cover the following drugs, although they are not discussed in this chapter:

- **Drugs covered by Medicare Part A.** These generally include drugs given to you while you are in a hospital or nursing facility.
- Drugs covered by Medicare Part B. These include some chemotherapy drugs, some drug injections given to you during an office visit with a doctor or other provider, and drugs you are given at a dialysis clinic. To learn more about what Medicare Part B drugs are covered, refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of your *Member Handbook*.
- In addition to the plan's Medicare Part D and medical benefits coverage, your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. For more information, please refer to Chapter 5, Section F "If you are in a Medicarecertified hospice program."

Rules for our plan's outpatient drug coverage

We usually cover your drugs as long as you follow the rules in this section.

You must have a doctor or other provider write your prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law. This person often is your primary care provider (PCP). It could also be another provider if your PCP has referred you for care.

Your prescriber must **not** be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists or Medi-Cal Suspended and Ineligible Provider List.

You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription.

Your prescribed drug must be on our plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "Drug List" for short.

• If it is not on the Drug List, we may be able to cover it by giving you an exception.

- Refer to Chapter 9 to learn about asking for an exception.
- Please also note that the request to cover your prescribed drug will be evaluated under both Medicare and Medi-Cal standards.

Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. This means that use of the drug is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Your doctor may be able to help identify medical references to support the requested use of the prescribed drug. Drugs used to treat conditions not supported by the FDA or reference books are called "off-label" indications. Drugs used for "off-label" indications are not medically accepted indications and thus not a covered benefit unless:

• This "off-label" use is cited in one of the reference books approved by CMS.

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If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare. 149

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A. Getting your prescriptions filled

A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy

In most cases, we pay for prescriptions only when filled at any of our network pharmacies. A network pharmacy is a drug store that agrees to fill prescriptions for our plan members. You may use any of our network pharmacies.

To find a network pharmacy, look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website or contact Customer Service.

A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, show your Member ID Card at your network pharmacy. The network pharmacy bills us for our share of the cost of your covered prescription drug. You may need to pay the pharmacy a copay when you pick up your prescription.

Remember, you need your Medi-Cal card or Benefits Identification Card (BIC) to access Medi-Cal Rx covered drugs.

If you don't have your Member ID Card or BIC with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call us to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. Then you can ask us to pay you back for our share. If you can't pay for the drug, contact Customer Service right away. We will do everything we can to help.

- To ask us to pay you back, refer to Chapter 7 of your Member Handbook.
- If you need help getting a prescription filled, contact Customer Service.

A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy

If you change pharmacies and need a prescription refill, you can either ask to have a new prescription written by a provider or ask your pharmacy to transfer the prescription to the new pharmacy if there are any refills left.

If you need help changing your network pharmacy, contact Customer Service.

A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you need to find a new network pharmacy.

To find a new network pharmacy, look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Customer Service.

A5. Using a specialized pharmacy

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility.
 - Usually, long-term care facilities have their own pharmacies. If you're a resident of a long-term care facility, we make sure you can get the drugs you need at the facility's pharmacy.
 - If your long-term care facility's pharmacy is not in our network or you have difficulty getting your drugs in a long-term care facility, contact Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health Program. Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives may use these pharmacies.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To find a specialized pharmacy, look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Customer Service.

A6. Using mail service pharmacy services to get your drugs

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail service pharmacy services. Generally, drugs available through mail service pharmacy are drugs that you take on a regular basis for a chronic or long-term medical condition. Drugs **not** available through our plan's mail service pharmacy are marked with the symbol NDS in our Drug List.

Our plan's mail service pharmacy service allows you to order up to a 100-day supply for Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs and a 90-day supply for Tier 2: Generic Drugs, Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs and Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs. A 90-day supply and 100-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply.

Filling prescriptions by mail

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, please call Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this booklet. If you use a mail service pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription will not be covered.

Usually, a mail service prescription arrives within 14 days.

However, sometimes your mail service prescription may be delayed. If you receive notification that there may be a delay in the shipment of your prescription, at no fault of your own, by the mail service pharmacy, please contact Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this booklet. A Blue Shield representative will assist you in obtaining a sufficient supply of medication from a local retail network pharmacy, so you are not without medication until your mail service medication arrives. This may require contacting your physician to have him/her phone or fax a new prescription to the retail network pharmacy for the necessary quantity of medication needed until you receive your mail service medication.

If the delay is greater than 14 days from the date the prescription was ordered from the mail service pharmacy and the delay is due to a loss of medication in the mail system, Customer Service can coordinate a replacement order with the mail service pharmacy.

Mail service pharmacy processes

Mail service pharmacy service has different procedures for new prescriptions it gets from you, new prescriptions it gets directly from your provider's office, and refills on your mail service pharmacy prescriptions.

1. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from you

The pharmacy automatically fills and delivers new prescriptions it gets from you.

2. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from your provider's office

After the pharmacy gets a prescription from a health care provider, it contacts you to find out if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time.

- This gives you an opportunity to make sure the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if needed, allows you to stop or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped.
- Respond each time the pharmacy contacts you, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

3. Refills on mail service pharmacy prescriptions

For refills, contact your pharmacy 14 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

Let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you so they can reach you to confirm your order before shipping. Please ensure that your contact information is always up to date with Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. If you need to update your phone number or address, please contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service (phone number located at the bottom of this page).

A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs

You can get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Some network pharmacies allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. A 90-day supply and 100-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply. The Provider and Pharmacy Directory tells you which pharmacies can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call *Customer Service* for more information.

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use our plan's network mail service pharmacy services to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Refer to Section A6 to learn about mail service pharmacy services.

A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network

Generally, we pay for drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. We have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan.

We pay for prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the following cases:

 If you are unable to get a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because there are no network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance that provide 24-hour service.

 If you are trying to fill a covered prescription drug that is not regularly stocked at an eligible network retail or mail service pharmacy (these drugs include orphan drugs, high cost and unique drugs or other specialty pharmaceuticals).

 Some vaccines administered in your physician's office that are not covered under Medicare Part B and cannot reasonably be obtained at a network pharmacy may be covered under our out-of-network access.

• Prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies are limited to a 30-day supply of covered medications.

In these cases, check with Customer Service first to find out if there's a network pharmacy nearby.

A9. Paying you back for a prescription

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you must generally pay the full cost instead of a copay when you get your prescription. You can ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

If you pay the full cost for your prescription that may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx, you may be able to be reimbursed by the pharmacy once Medi-Cal Rx pays for the prescription. Alternatively, you may ask Medi-Cal Rx to pay you back by submitting the "Medi-Cal Out-of-Pocket Expense Reimbursement (Conlan)" claim. More information can be found on the Medi-Cal Rx website: <u>medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/home/</u>.

To learn more about this, refer to Chapter 7 of your Member Handbook.

B. Our plan's Drug List

We have a List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short.

We select the drugs on the Drug List with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List also tells you the rules you need to follow to get your drugs.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's Drug List when you follow the rules we explain in this chapter.

B1. Drugs on our Drug List

Our Drug List includes drugs covered under Medicare Part D.

Most of the prescription drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by your plan. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (<u>medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov</u>) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal Rx Customer Service Center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal Beneficiary Identification Card (BIC) when getting your prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx.

Our Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biosimilars.

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Brand name drugs that are more complex than typical drugs (for example drugs that are based on a protein) are called biological products. On our Drug List, when we refer to "drugs" this could mean a drug or a biological product.

Generic drugs have the same active ingredients as brand name drugs. Since biological products are more complex than typical drugs, instead of having a generic form, they have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generic drugs and biosimilars work just as well as brand name drugs or biological products and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes or biosimilar alternatives available for many brand name drugs and some biological products. Talk to your provider if you have questions about whether a generic or a brand name drug will meet your needs.

B2. How to find a drug on our Drug List

To find out if a drug you take is on our Drug List, you can:

- Visit our plan's website at blueshieldca.com/medformulary2024. The Drug List on our website is always the most current one.
- Call Customer Service to find out if a drug is on our Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
- Drugs that are not covered by Part D may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/) for more information
- Use our "Real Time Benefit Tool" by logging into your member portal at blueshieldca.com/medicare or call Customer Service. With this tool you can search for drugs on the Drug List to get an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition.
- How to access the Rx price check tool:
 - Create or log in to your online member account.
 - o Go to myblueshield, then click Pharmacy under "Benefits."
 - o Under "Price check my Rx," click "Check current prescriptions."

B3. Drugs not on our Drug List

We don't cover all prescription drugs. Some drugs are not on our Drug List because the law doesn't allow us to cover those drugs. In other cases, we decided not to include a drug on our Drug List.

Our plan does not pay for the kinds of drugs described in this section. These are called excluded drugs. If you get a prescription for an excluded drug, you may need to pay for it yourself. If you think we should pay for an excluded drug because of your case, you can make an appeal. Refer to Chapter 9 of your Member Handbook for more information about appeals.

Here are three general rules for excluded drugs:

- 1. Our plan's outpatient drug coverage (which includes Medicare Part D) cannot pay for a drug that Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B already covers. Our plan covers drugs covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B for free, but these drugs aren't considered part of your outpatient prescription drug benefits.
- 2. Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- 3. Use of the drug must be approved by the FDA or supported by certain medical references as a treatment for your condition. Your doctor may prescribe a certain drug to treat your condition, even though it wasn't approved to treat the condition. This is called "off-label use." Our plan usually doesn't cover drugs prescribed for offlabel use.

Also, by law, Medicare or Medi-Cal cannot cover the types of drugs listed below.

- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms*
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride* preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for the treatment of anorexia, weight loss or weight gain*
- Outpatient drugs made by a company that says you must have tests or services done only by them

*Select products may be covered by Medi-Cal. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov) for more information.

B4. Drug List cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on our Drug List is in one of five tiers. A tier is a group of drugs of generally the same type (for example, brand name, generic, or OTC drugs). In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

• Cost-Sharing Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs (lowest cost-sharing tier) - Includes preferred generic drugs.

- Cost-Sharing Tier 2: Generic Drugs Includes generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs Includes preferred brand name and some generic drugs.

• Cost-Sharing Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs - Includes non-preferred brand name and some generic drugs.

• Cost-Sharing Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs (highest cost-sharing tier) - Includes very high cost brand name and generic drugs which may require special handling and/or close monitoring.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look for the drug on our Drug List.

Chapter 6 of your Member Handbook tells the amount you pay for drugs in each tier.

C. Limits on some drugs

For certain prescription drugs, special rules limit how and when our plan covers them. Generally, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. When a safe, lower-cost drug works just as well as a highercost drug, we expect your provider to prescribe the lower-cost drug.

If there is a special rule for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider must take extra steps for us to cover the drug. For example, your provider may have to tell us your diagnosis or provide results of blood tests first. If you or your provider thinks our rule should not apply to your situation, ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to let you use the drug without taking extra steps.

To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook.*

1. Limiting use of a brand name drug when a generic version is available

Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. In most cases, if there is a generic version of a brand name drug available, our network pharmacies give you the generic version.

- We usually do not pay for the brand name drug when there is an available generic version.
- However, if your provider told us the medical reason that the generic drug won't work for you, then we cover the brand name drug.

2. Getting plan approval in advance

For some drugs, you or your doctor must get approval from our plan before you fill your prescription. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the drug.

3. Trying a different drug first

In general, we want you to try lower-cost drugs that are as effective before we cover drugs that cost more. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, and Drug A costs less than Drug B, we may require you to try Drug A first.

If Drug A does **not** work for you, then we cover Drug B. This is called step therapy.

4. Quantity limits

For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have. This is called a quantity limit. For example, we might limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription.

To find out if any of the rules above apply to a drug you take or want to take, check our Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Customer Service or check our website at blueshieldca.com/medformulary2024. If you disagree with our coverage decision based on any of the above reasons you may request an appeal. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of the *Member Handbook*.

D. Reasons your drug might not be covered

We try to make your drug coverage work well for you, but sometimes a drug may not be covered in the way that you like. For example:

- Our plan doesn't cover the drug you want to take. The drug may not be on our Drug List. We may cover a generic version of the drug but not the brand name version you want to take. A drug may be new, and we haven't reviewed it for safety and effectiveness yet.
- Our plan covers the drug, but there are special rules or limits on coverage. As explained in the section above, some drugs our plan covers have rules that limit

their use. In some cases, you or your prescriber may want to ask us for an exception.

There are things you can do if we don't cover a drug the way you want us to cover it.

D1. Getting a temporary supply

In some cases, we can give you a temporary supply of a drug when the drug is not on our Drug List or is limited in some way. This gives you time to talk with your provider about getting a different drug or to ask us to cover the drug.

To get a temporary supply of a drug, you must meet the two rules below:

- 1. The drug you've been taking:
 - is no longer on our Drug List or
 - was never on our Drug List or
 - is now limited in some way.
- 2. You must be in one of these situations:
 - You were in our plan last year.
 - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
 - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
 - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your prescription drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
 - You are new to our plan.
 - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in our plan.
 - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.

- Long-term care pharmacies may provide your prescription drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You have been in our plan for more than 90 days, live in a long-term care facility, and need a supply right away.
 - We cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the temporary supply above.

D2. Asking for a temporary supply

To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Customer Service.

When you get a temporary supply of a drug, talk with your provider as soon as possible to decide what to do when your supply runs out. Here are your choices:

• Change to another drug.

Our plan may cover a different drug that works for you. Call Customer Service to ask for a list of drugs we cover that treat the same medical condition. The list can help your provider find a covered drug that may work for you.

OR

• Ask for an exception.

You and your provider can ask us to make an exception. For example, you can ask us to cover a drug that is not on our Drug List or ask us to cover the drug without limits. If your provider says you have a good medical reason for an exception, they can help you ask for one.

D3. Asking for an exception

If a drug you take will be taken off our Drug List or limited in some way next year, we allow you to ask for an exception before next year.

- We tell you about any change in the coverage for your drug for next year. Ask us to make an exception and cover the drug for next year the way you would like.
- We answer your request for an exception within 72 hours after we get your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement).

To learn more about asking for an exception, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

If you need help asking for an exception, contact Customer Service.

E. Coverage changes for your drugs

Most changes in drug coverage happen on January 1, but we may add or remove drugs on our Drug List during the year. We may also change our rules about drugs. For example, we may:

- Decide to require or not require prior approval (PA) for a drug (permission from us before you can get a drug).
- Add or change the amount of a drug you can get (quantity limits).
- Add or change step therapy restrictions on a drug (you must try one drug before we cover another drug).

For more information on these drug rules, refer to Section C.

If you take a drug that we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally will not remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year** unless:

- a new, cheaper drug comes on the market that works as well as a drug on our Drug List now, or
- we learn that a drug is not safe, or
- a drug is removed from the market.

To get more information on what happens when our Drug List changes, you can always:

- Check our current Drug List online at blueshieldca.com/medformulary2024 or
- Call Customer Service at the number at the bottom of the page to check our current Drug List.

Some changes to the Drug List happen immediately. For example:

• A new generic drug becomes available. Sometimes, a new generic drug comes on the market that works as well as a brand name drug on our Drug List now. When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost for the new drug will stay the same or will be lower.

When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits.

• We may not tell you before we make this change, but we will send you information about the specific change we made once it happens.

- You or your provider can ask for an "exception" from these changes. We will send you a notice with the steps you can take to ask for an exception. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of this handbook for more information on exceptions.
- A drug is taken off the market. If the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) says a drug you are taking is not safe or the drug's manufacturer takes a drug off the market, we will take it off the Drug List. If you are taking the drug, we tell you. Your prescriber will also know about this change and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

We may make other changes that affect the drugs you take. We tell you in advance about these other changes to our Drug List. These changes might happen if:

- The FDA provides new guidance or there are new clinical guidelines about a drug.
- We add a generic drug that is not new to the market and
 - o Replace a brand name drug currently on our Drug List or
 - Change the coverage rules or limits for the brand name drug.

When these changes happen, we:

- Tell you at least 30 days before we make the change to our Drug List or
- Let you know and give you a 30-day supply of the drug after you ask for a refill.

This gives you time to talk to your doctor or other prescriber. They can help you decide:

- If there is a similar drug on our Drug List you can take instead or
- If you should ask for an exception from these changes. To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

We may make changes to drugs you take that do not affect you now. For such changes, if you are taking a drug we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally do not remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year**.

For example, if we remove a drug you are taking or limit its use, then the change does not affect your use of the drug or what you pay for the drug for the rest of the year.

F. Drug coverage in special cases

F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers

If you are admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility for a stay our plan covers, we generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. You will not pay a copay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, we cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our coverage rules.

To learn more about drug coverage and what you pay, refer to **Chapter 6** of your *Member Handbook.*

F2. In a long-term care facility

Usually, a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility, has its own pharmacy or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of their residents. If you live in a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy if it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it is not or if you need more information, contact Customer Service.

F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time.

- You may be enrolled in a Medicare hospice and require a pain, anti-nausea, laxative, or anti-anxiety drug that your hospice does not cover because it is not related to your terminal prognosis and conditions. In that case, our plan must get notification from the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before we can cover the drug.
- To prevent delays in getting any unrelated drugs that our plan should cover, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

If you leave hospice, our plan covers all of your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, take documentation to the pharmacy to verify that you left hospice.

Refer to earlier parts of this chapter that tell about drugs our plan covers. Refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook* for more information about the hospice benefit.

G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs

G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely

Each time you fill a prescription, we look for possible problems, such as drug errors or drugs that:

- may not be needed because you take another drug that does the same thing
- may not be safe for your age or gender
- could harm you if you take them at the same time
- have ingredients that you are or may be allergic to
- have unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we find a possible problem in your use of prescription drugs, we work with your provider to correct the problem.

G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs

Our plan has a program to help members with complex health needs. In such cases, you may be eligible to get services, at no cost to you, through a medication therapy management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. This program helps you and your provider make sure that your medications are working to improve your health. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all of your medications and talk with you about:

- how to get the most benefit from the drugs you take
- any concerns you have, like medication costs and drug reactions
- how best to take your medications
- any questions or problems you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medication

Then, they will give you:

- A written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do for the best use of your medications.
- A personal medication list that includes all medications you take, how much you take, and when and why you take them.
- Information about safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list.

- Take your action plan and medication list to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers.
- Take your medication list with you if you go to the hospital or emergency room.

MTM programs are voluntary and free to members who qualify. If we have a program that fits your needs, we enroll you in the program and send you information. If you do not want to be in the program, let us know, and we will take you out of it.

If you have questions about these programs, contact Customer Service.

G3. Drug management program for safe use of opioid medications

Our plan has a program that can help members safely use their prescription opioid medications and other medications that are frequently misused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP).

If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications is not safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. Limitations may include:

- Requiring you to get all prescriptions for those medications from certain pharmacies and/or from a certain doctor
- Limiting the amount of those medications we cover for you

If we think that one or more limitations should apply to you, we send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific provider or pharmacy.

You will have a chance to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use and any information you think is important for us to know. If we decide to limit your coverage for these medications after you have a chance to respond, we send you another letter that confirms the limitations.

If you think we made a mistake, you disagree that you are at risk for prescription drug misuse, or you disagree with the limitation, you and your prescriber can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, we will review your case and give you our decision. If we continue to deny any part of your appeal related to limitations to your access to these medications, we automatically send your case to an Independent Review Organization

(IRO). (To learn more about appeals and the IRO, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.)

The DMP may not apply to you if you:

- have certain medical conditions, such as cancer or sickle cell disease,
- are getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or
- live in a long-term care facility.

Chapter 6: What you pay for your Medicare and Medi-Cal Medicaid prescription drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs. By "drugs," we mean:

- Medicare Part D prescription drugs, and
- Drugs and items covered under Medi-Cal Rx. •

Because you are eligible for Medi-Cal, you get "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay for your Medicare Part D prescription drugs. We sent you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider."

Extra Help is a Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D prescription drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy," or "LIS."

Other key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your Member Handbook.

To learn more about prescription drugs, you can look in these places:

- Our List of Covered Drugs.
 - We call this the "Drug List." It tells you:
 - Which drugs we pay for
 - Which of the five tiers each drug is in
 - If there are any limits on the drugs
 - If you need a copy of our Drug List, call Customer Service. You can also find the most current copy of our Drug List on our website at blueshieldca.com/medformulary2024.

- Most of the prescription drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by Blue Shield TotalDual Plan. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit the Medi-Cal Rx website (medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov/) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal Rx Customer Service Center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal Beneficiary Identification Card (BIC) when getting prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx."
- **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook*.
 - It tells how to get your outpatient prescription drugs through our plan.
 - It includes rules you need to follow. It also tells which types of prescription drugs our plan does not cover.
 - When you use the plan's "Real Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (refer to Chapter 5, Section B2), the cost shown is provided in "real time" meaning the cost displayed in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay. You can call your care coordinator or Customer Service for more information.
- Our Provider and Pharmacy Directory.
 - In most cases, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs. Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to work with us.
 - The Provider and Pharmacy Directory lists our network pharmacies. Refer to Chapter 5 of your *Member Handbook* more information about network pharmacies.

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A. The Explanation of Benefits (EOB)

Our plan keeps track of your prescription drugs. We keep track of two types of costs:

- Your **out-of-pocket costs**. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions.
- Your **total drug costs**. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions, plus the amount we pay.

When you get prescription drugs through our plan, we send you a summary called the *Explanation of Benefits*. We call it the EOB for short. The EOB is not a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. The EOB includes:

- Information for the month. The summary tells what prescription drugs you got for the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what we paid, and what you and others paying for you paid.
- Year-to-date information. This is your total drug costs and total payments made since January 1.
- **Drug price information**. This is the total price of the drug and any percentage change in the drug price since the first fill.
- Lower cost alternatives. When available, they appear in the summary below your current drugs. You can talk to your prescriber to find out more.

We offer coverage of drugs not covered under Medicare.

- Payments made for these drugs do not count towards your total out-of-pocket costs.
- Most of the prescription drugs you get from a pharmacy are covered by the plan. Other drugs, such as some over-the-counter (OTC) medications and certain vitamins, may be covered by Medi-Cal Rx. Please visit Medi-Cal Rx website (www.medi-calrx.dhcs.ca.gov) for more information. You can also call the Medi-Cal customer service center at 800-977-2273. Please bring your Medi-Cal beneficiary identification card (BIC) when getting prescriptions through Medi-Cal Rx.
- To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to our Drug List.

B. How to keep track of your drug costs

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make, we use records we get from you and from your pharmacy. Here is how you can help us:

1. Use your Member ID Card.

Show your Member ID Card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us know what prescriptions you fill and what you pay.

2. Make sure we have the information we need.

Give us copies of receipts for covered drugs that you paid for. You can ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug.

Here are some times when you should give us copies of your receipts:

- When you buy a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit
- When you pay a copay for drugs that you get under a drug maker's patient assistance program
- When you buy covered drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy
- When you pay the full price for a covered drug

For more information about asking us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Member Handbook*.

3. Send us information about payments others have made for you.

Payments made by certain other people and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. This can help you qualify for catastrophic coverage. When you reach the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, our plan pays all of the costs of your Medicare Part D drugs for the rest of the year.

4. Check the EOBs we send you.

When you get an EOB in the mail, make sure it is complete and correct.

• **Do you recognize the name of each pharmacy?** Check the dates. Did you get drugs that day?

• **Did you get the drugs listed?** Do they match those listed on your receipts? Do the drugs match what your doctor prescribed?

For more information, you can call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service or read the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan *Member Handbook*. You can also find answers to many questions on our website: blueshieldca.com/medicare.

What if you find mistakes on this summary?

If something is confusing or doesn't seem right on this EOB, please call us at Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service. You can also find answers to many questions on our website: blueshieldca.com/medicare.

What about possible fraud?

If this summary shows drugs you're not taking or anything else that seems suspicious to you, please contact us.

- Call us at Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service.
- Or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- If you suspect that a provider who gets Medi-Cal has committed fraud, waste or abuse, it is your right to report it by calling the confidential toll-free number 1-800-822-6222. Other methods of reporting Medi-Cal fraud may be found at: www.dhcs.ca.gov/individuals/Pages/StopMedi-CalFraud.aspx.

If you think something is wrong or missing, or if you have any questions, call Customer Service. Keep these EOBs. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

C. Drug Payment Stages for Medicare Part D drugs

There are two payment stages for your Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay depends on which stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. These are the two stages:

Stage 1: Initial Coverage Stage	Stage 2: Catastrophic Coverage Stage
During this stage, we pay part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the	During this stage, we pay all of the costs of your drugs through December 31, 2024.
copay. You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year.	You begin this stage when you have paid a certain amount of out-of- pocket costs.

D. Stage 1: The Initial Coverage Stage

During the Initial Coverage Stage, we pay a share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay. The copay depends on the cost-sharing tier the drug is in and where you get it.

Cost-sharing tiers are groups of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the tier number, the higher the copay. To find the cost-sharing tiers for your drugs, refer to our Drug List.

- Cost-Sharing Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs (lowest cost-sharing tier) Includes preferred generic drugs
- Cost-Sharing Tier 2: Generic Drugs Includes generic drugs and biosimilars
- Cost-Sharing Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs Includes preferred brand name, biosimilars and some generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs Includes non-preferred brand name, biosimilars and some generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs (highest cost-sharing tier) Includes very high-cost brand name, biosimilars and generic drugs which may require special handling and/or close monitoring.

D1. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on if you get the drug from:

- A network pharmacy or
- An out-of-network pharmacy.

In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* to find out when we do that.

To learn more about these choices, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* and to our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is a 100-day supply for drugs on Tier 1 and a 90-day supply for drugs on Tiers 2, 3, and 4. It costs you the same as a one-month supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* or our plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D3. What you pay

During the Initial Coverage Stage, you may pay a copay each time you fill a prescription. If your covered drug costs less than the copay, you pay the lower price.

Contact Customer Service to find out how much your copay is for any covered drug.

Your share of the cost when you get a one-month or long-term supply of a covered prescription drug from:

	A network pharmacy A one-month or up to a 30-day supply	Our plan's mail service pharmacy service A one-month or up to a 30-day supply	A network long-term care pharmacy Up to a 31-day supply	An out-of- network pharmacy Up to a 30-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to Chapter 5 of your Member Handbook for details.
Cost-sharing Tier 1 (Preferred Generic Drugs)	\$0 Your copay depends on the level of Extra Help you receive: \$0, \$1.55, or \$4.50			
Cost-sharing Tier 2 (Generic Drugs)				
Cost-sharing Tier 3 (Preferred Brand Drugs)	Your copay depends on the level of Extra Help you receive: \$0, \$4.60, or \$11.20			
Cost-sharing Tier 4 (Non-Preferred Drugs)	Your copay depends on the level of Extra Help you receive: \$0, \$4.60, or \$11.20			
Cost-sharing Tier 5 (Specialty Tier Drugs)	Your copay depends on the level of Extra Help you receive: \$0, \$4.60, or \$11.20			

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our Provider and Pharmacy Directory.

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. For more information, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

D4. End of the Initial Coverage Stage

The Initial Coverage Stage ends when your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$8,000. At that point, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. We cover all your drug costs from then until the end of the year.

Your EOB helps you keep track of how much you have paid for your drugs during the year. We let you know if you reach the \$8,000 limit. Many people do not reach it in a year.

E. Stage 2: The Catastrophic Coverage Stage

When you reach the out-of-pocket limit of \$8,000 for your prescription drugs, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. You stay in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage until the end of the calendar year. During this stage, our plan pays all of the costs for your Medicare drugs.

F. Your drug costs if your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply

In some cases, you pay a copay to cover a full month's supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs.

- There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a drug for the first time that is known to have serious side effects).
- If your doctor agrees, you do not pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

When you get less than a month's supply of a drug, the amount you pay is based on the number of days of the drug that you get. We calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you get.

- Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$1.35. This means that the amount you pay for your drug is less than \$0.05 per day. If you get a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment is less than \$.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment less than \$0.35.
- Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you pay for an entire month's supply.

- You can also ask your provider to prescribe less than a full month's supply of a drug to help you:
 - o Better plan when to refill your drugs,
 - o Coordinate refills with other drugs you take, and
 - Take fewer trips to the pharmacy.

G. Prescription cost-sharing assistance for persons with HIV/AIDS

G1. The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

The ADAP helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS access life-saving HIV medications. Outpatient Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through the California Department of Public Health, Office of AIDS for individuals enrolled in ADAP.

G2. If you are not enrolled in ADAP

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, call 1-844-421-7050 or check the ADAP website at www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DOA/Pages/OA_adap_eligibility.aspx.

G3. If you are enrolled in ADAP

ADAP can continue to provide ADAP clients with Medicare Part D prescription costsharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. To be sure you continue getting this assistance, notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number. If you need help finding the nearest ADAP enrollment site and/or enrollment worker, call 1-844-421-7050 or check the website listed above.

H. Vaccinations

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines: Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).* Our plan covers most adult Medicare Part D vaccines at no cost to you. Refer to your plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* or contact Customer Service for coverage and cost sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Medicare Part D vaccinations:

- 1. The first part of coverage is for the cost of **the vaccine itself**. The vaccine is a prescription drug.
- 2. The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. For example, sometimes you may get the vaccine as a shot given to you by your doctor.

H1. What you need to know before you get a vaccination

We recommend that you call Customer Service if you plan to get a vaccination.

- We can tell you about how our plan covers your vaccination and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your costs down by using network pharmacies and providers. Network pharmacies and providers agree to work with our plan. A network provider works with us to ensure that you have no upfront costs for a Medicare Part D vaccine.

H2. What you pay for a vaccination covered by Medicare Part D

What you pay for a vaccination depends on the type of vaccine (what you are being vaccinated for).

- Some vaccines are considered health benefits rather than drugs. These vaccines are covered at no cost to you. To learn about coverage of these vaccines, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook*.
- Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines on our plan's Drug List. You may have to pay a copay for Medicare Part D vaccines. If the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee or Immunization Practices (ACIP) then the vaccine will cost you nothing.

Here are three common ways you might get a Medicare Part D vaccination.

- 1. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine and your shot at a network pharmacy.
 - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.
 - For other Part D vaccines, you pay a copay for the vaccine.
- 2. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine at your doctor's office, and your doctor gives you the shot.
 - You pay a copay to the doctor for the vaccine.

- Our plan pays for the cost of giving you the shot.
- The doctor's office should call our plan in this situation so we can make sure they know you only have to pay a copay for the vaccine.
- 3. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine medication at a pharmacy, and you take it to your doctor's office to get the shot.
 - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
 - For other Part D vaccines, you pay a copay for the vaccine.
 - Our plan pays for the cost of giving you the shot.

Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you got for covered services or drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells you how and when to send us a bill to ask for payment. It also tells you how to make an appeal if you do not agree with a coverage decision. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your Member Handbook.

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A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs

Our network providers must bill the plan for your covered services and drugs after you get them. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.

We do not allow Blue Shield TotalDual Plan providers to bill you for these services or drugs. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges.

If you get a bill for the full cost of health care or drugs, do not pay the bill and send the bill to us. To send us a bill, refer to Section B.

- If we cover the services or drugs, we will pay the provider directly.
- If we cover the services or drugs and you already paid more than your share of the cost, it is your right to be paid back.
 - o If you paid for services covered by Medicare, we will pay you back.
- If you paid for Medi-Cal services you already received, you may qualify to be reimbursed (paid back) if you meet all of the following conditions:
 - The service you received is a Medi-Cal covered service that we are responsible for paying. We will not reimburse you for a service that is not covered by Blue Shield TotalDual Plan.
 - You received the covered service after you became an eligible Blue Shield TotalDual Plan member.
 - You ask to be paid back within one year from the date you received the covered service.
 - You provide proof that you paid for the covered service, such as a detailed receipt from the provider.
 - You received the covered service from a Medi-Cal enrolled provider in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan's network. You do not need to meet this condition if you received emergency care, family planning services, or another service that Medi-Cal allows out-of-network providers to perform without pre-approval (prior authorization).
- If the covered service normally requires pre-approval (prior authorization), you need to provide proof from the provider that shows a medical need for the covered service.
- Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will tell you if they will reimburse you in a letter called a Notice of Action. If you meet all of the above conditions, the Medi-Cal-enrolled provider

should pay you back for the full amount you paid. If the provider refuses to pay you back, Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will pay you back for the full amount you paid. We will reimburse you within 45 working days of receipt of the claim. If the provider is enrolled in Medi-Cal, but is not in our network and refuses to pay you back, Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will pay you back, but only up to the amount that FFS Medi-Cal would pay. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will pay you back for the full out-of-pocket amount for emergency services, family planning services, or another service that Medi-Cal allows to be provided by out-of-network providers without pre-approval. If you do not meet one of the above conditions, we will not pay you back.

- We will not pay you back if:
 - You asked for and received services that are not covered by Medi-Cal, such as cosmetic services.
 - The service is not a covered service for Blue Shield TotalDual Plan.
 - You went to a doctor who does not take Medi-Cal and you signed a form that said you want to be seen anyway and you will pay for the services yourself.
- If we do not cover the services or drugs, we will tell you.

Contact Customer Service or your care coordinator if you have any questions. If you do not know what you should have paid, or if you get a bill and you don't know what to do about it, we can help. You can also call if you want to tell us information about a request for payment you already sent to us.

Here are examples of times when you may need to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you got:

1. When you get emergency or urgently needed health care from an out-ofnetwork provider

Ask the provider to bill us.

- If you pay the full amount when you get the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you don't owe. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
 - o If the provider should be paid, we will pay the provider directly.

 If you already paid more than your share of the cost for the Medicare service, we will figure out how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill

Network providers must always bill us. It's important to show your Member ID Card when you get any services or prescriptions. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay for your services or more than your share of the costs. **Call Customer Service** or your care coordinator at the number at the bottom of this page **if you get any bills**.

- As a plan member, you only pay the copay when you get services we cover. We don't allow providers to bill you more than this amount. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charged for a service. Even if we decide not to pay for some charges, you still do not pay them.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.
- If you already paid a bill from a network provider for Medicare-covered services, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill and proof of any payment you made. We will pay you back for the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under our plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes your enrollment in the plan can be retroactive. (This means that the first day of your enrollment has passed. It may have even been last year.)

- If you were enrolled retroactively and you paid a bill after the enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back.
- Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you use an out-of-network pharmacy, you pay the full cost of your prescription.

• In only a few cases, we will cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

• Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* to learn more about out-ofnetwork pharmacies.

5. When you pay the full prescription cost because you don't have your Member ID Card with you

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call us or look up your plan enrollment information.

- If the pharmacy can't get the information right away, you may have to pay the full prescription cost yourself or return to the pharmacy with your Member ID Card.
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

6. When you pay the full prescription cost for a drug that's not covered

You may pay the full prescription cost because the drug isn't covered.

- The drug may not be on our *List of Covered Drugs* (Drug List) on our website, or it may have a requirement or restriction that you don't know about or don't think applies to you. If you decide to get the drug, you may need to pay the full cost.
 - If you don't pay for the drug but think we should cover it, you can ask for a coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9 of your Member Handbook).
 - If you and your doctor or other prescriber think you need the drug right away, (within 24 hours), you can ask for a fast coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9 of your *Member Handbook*).
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back. In some cases, we may need to get more information from your doctor or other prescriber to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug.

When you send us a request for payment, we review it and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide the service or drug should be covered, we pay for our share of the cost of it.

If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. To learn how to make an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

B. Sending us a request for payment

Send us your bill and proof of any payment you made for Medicare services or call us. Proof of payment can be a copy of the check you wrote or a receipt from the provider. **It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.** You can ask your care coordinator for help. You must send your medical information to us within one year of the date you received the service, item, or drug. You must send your Part D prescription drug information to us within three years of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

To make sure you give us all the information we need to decide, you can fill out our claim form to ask for payment.

- You aren't required to use the form, but it helps us process the information faster.
- You can get the form on our website (blueshieldca.com), or you can call Customer Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to this address:

Medical claims:

Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Medicare Customer Service P.O. Box 927 Woodland Hills, CA 91365-9856

Prescription drug claims:

Blue Shield of California P.O. Box 52066 Phoenix, AZ 85072-20

You must submit your medical claim to us within one year of the date you got the service, item, or drug. You must submit your Part D prescription drug claim to us within three years of the date you got the service, item, or drug.

C. Coverage decisions

When we get your request for payment, we make a coverage decision. This means that we decide if our plan covers your service, item, or drug. We also decide the amount of money, if any, you must pay.

- We will let you know if we need more information from you.
- If we decide that our plan covers the service, item, or drug and you followed all the rules for getting it, we will pay our share of the cost for it. If you already paid

for the service or drug, we will mail you a check for our share of the cost. If you haven't paid, we will pay the provider directly.

- **Chapter 3** of your *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your services covered. **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* explains the rules for getting your Medicare Part D prescription drugs covered.
- If we decide not to pay for our share of the cost of the service or drug, we will send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also explains your rights to make an appeal.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9.

D. Appeals

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can ask us to change our decision. This is called "making an appeal." You can also make an appeal if you don't agree with the amount we pay.

The formal appeals process has detailed procedures and deadlines. To learn more about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a health care service, refer to **Section F**.
- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, refer to Section G.

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

Introduction

This chapter includes your rights and responsibilities as a member of our plan. We must honor your rights. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

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If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare.

A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs

We must ensure **all** services are provided to you in a culturally competent and accessible manner. We must also tell you about our plan's benefits and your rights in a way that you can understand. We must tell you about your rights each year that you are in our plan.

- To get information in a way that you can understand, call your care coordinator or *Customer Service*. Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions in different languages.
- Our plan can also give you materials in languages other than English and in formats such as large print, braille, audio or alternate formats at no cost if you need it. Materials can also be made available in Armenian, Cambodian, Chinese, Farsi, Hindi, Hmong, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Mien, Punjabi, Russian, Spanish, Tagalog, Thai, Ukrainian, and Vietnamese. To obtain materials in one of these alternative formats, please call Customer Service.
- If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with:

Blue Shield of California Civil Rights Coordinator P.O. Box 629007 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762- 9007

Phone: (844) 831-4133 (TTY: 711) Fax: (844) 696-6070 Email: <u>BlueShieldCivilRightsCoordinator@blueshieldca.com</u>

- You can make a standing request to get this document in a language other than English or in an alternate format now and in the future. To make a request, please contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service.
- Blue Shield TotalDual Customer Service will keep your preferred language and format on file for future communications. To make any updates on your preference, please contact Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service.

If you have trouble getting information from our plan because of language problems or a disability and you want to file a complaint, call:

• Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). You can call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- Medi-Cal Office of Civil Rights at 916-440-7370. TTY users should call 711
- U.S Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697.

B. Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs

You have rights as a member of our plan.

- You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our network. A network provider is a provider who works with us. You can find more information about what types of providers may act as a PCP and how to choose a PCP in Chapter 3 of your Member Handbook.
 - Call your care coordinator or Customer Service or look in the Provider and Pharmacy Directory to learn more about network providers and which doctors are accepting new patients.
- You have the right to a women's health specialist without getting a referral. A referral is approval from your PCP to use a provider that is not your PCP.
- You have the right to get covered services from network providers within a reasonable amount of time.
 - This includes the right to get timely services from specialists.
 - If you can't get services within a reasonable amount of time, we must pay for out-of-network care.
- You have the right to get emergency services or care that is urgently needed without prior approval (PA).
- You have the right to get your prescriptions filled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.
- You have the right to know when you can use an out-of-network provider. To learn about out-of-network providers, refer to Chapter 3 of your Member Handbook.
- When you first join our plan, you have the right to keep your current providers and service authorizations for up to 12 months if certain conditions are met. To learn more about keeping your providers and service authorizations, refer to Chapter 1 of your Member Handbook.

• You have the right to make your own healthcare decisions with help from your care team and care coordinator.

Chapter 9 of your *Member Handbook* tells what you can do if you think you aren't getting your services or drugs within a reasonable amount of time. It also tells what you can do if we denied coverage for your services or drugs and you don't agree with our decision.

C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)

We protect your PHI as required by federal and state laws.

Your PHI includes information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan. It also includes your medical records and other medical and health information.

You have rights when it comes to your information and controlling how your PHI is used. We give you a written notice that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your PHI. The notice is called the "Notice of Privacy Practice."

Members who may consent to receive sensitive services are not required to obtain any other member's authorization to receive sensitive services or to submit a claim for sensitive services. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will direct communications regarding sensitive services to a member's alternate designated mailing address, email address, or telephone number or, in the absence of a designation, in the name of the member at the address or telephone number on file. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will not disclose medical information related to sensitive services to any other member without written authorization from the member receiving care. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will accommodate requests for confidential communication in the form and format requested, if it is readily producible in the requested form and format, or at alternative locations. A member's request for confidential communications related to sensitive services will be valid until the member revokes the request or submits a new request for confidential communication be placed on your file, you can either:

1. Go to blueshieldca.com and click the Privacy link at the bottom of the homepage. There you can find the Notice of Privacy Practices and the Confidential Communications form.

2. Call the Customer Service phone number on your Blue Shield member ID card.

3. Call the Blue Shield of California Privacy Office toll-free at (888) 266-8080. TTY users call 711.

4. Email us at: privacy@blueshieldca.com

C1. How we protect your PHI

We make sure that no unauthorized people look at or change your records.

Except for the cases noted below, we don't give your PHI to anyone not providing your care or paying for your care. If we do, we must get written permission from you first. You, or someone legally authorized to make decisions for you, can give written permission.

Sometimes we don't need to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law:

- We must release PHI to government agencies checking on our plan's quality of care.
 - o We must release PHI by court order.
 - We must give Medicare your PHI. If Medicare releases your PHI for research or other uses, they do it according to federal laws.
- We must provide your Medi-Cal PHI as we:
 - o Help manage the healthcare treatment you receive
 - o Run our organization
 - o Pay for your health services
 - o Administer your health plan
 - o Help with public health and safety issues
 - o Do research
 - o Comply with the law
 - Respond to organ and tissue donation requests and work with a medical examiner or funeral director
 - Address workers' compensation, law enforcement, and other government requests
 - o Respond to lawsuits and legal action

C2. Your right to look at your medical records

• You have the right to look at your medical records and to get a copy of your records.

- You have the right to ask us to update or correct your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we work with your health care provider to decide if changes should be made.
- You have the right to know if and how we share your PHI with others.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your PHI, call Customer Service.

D. Our responsibility to give you information

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get information from us about our plan, our network providers, and your covered services.

If you don't speak English, we have interpreter services to answer questions you have about our plan. To get an interpreter, call Customer Service. This is a free service to you. The *Member Handbook* and other important materials are available in languages other than English. Materials can also be made available in Armenian, Cambodian, Chinese, Farsi, Hindi, Hmong, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Mien, Punjabi, Russian, Spanish, Tagalog, Thai, Ukrainian, and Vietnamese. We can also give you information in large print, braille, or audio. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service.

If you want information about any of the following, call Customer Service:

- How to choose or change plans
- Our plan, including:
 - o financial information
 - o how plan members have rated us
 - o the number of appeals made by members
 - how to leave our plan
- Our network providers and our network pharmacies, including:
 - o how to choose or change primary care providers
 - o qualifications of our network providers and pharmacies
 - o how we pay providers in our network
- Covered services and drugs, including:

- services (refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of your Member Handbook) and drugs (refer to Chapters 5 and 6 of your Member Handbook) covered by our plan
- o limits to your coverage and drugs
- o rules you must follow to get covered services and drugs
- Why something is not covered and what you can do about it (refer to Chapter 9 of your *Member Handbook*), including asking us to:
 - o put in writing why something is not covered
 - o change a decision we made
 - o pay for a bill you got

E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly

Doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network cannot make you pay for covered services. They also cannot balance bill or charge you if we pay less than the amount the provider charged. To learn what to do if a network provider tries to charge you for covered services, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Member Handbook*.

F. Your right to leave our plan

No one can make you stay in our plan if you do not want to.

- You have the right to get most of your health care services through Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan.
- You can get your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits from a prescription drug plan or from another MA plan.
- Refer to Chapter 10 of your Member Handbook:
 - For more information about when you can join a new MA or prescription drug benefit plan.
 - For information about how you will get your Medi-Cal benefits if you leave our plan.

G. Your right to make decisions about your health care

You have the right to full information from your doctors and other health care providers to help you make decisions about your health care.

G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions

Your providers must explain your condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand. You have the right to:

- Know your choices. You have the right to be told about all treatment options.
- **Know the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved. We must tell you in advance if any service or treatment is part of a research experiment. You have the right to refuse experimental treatments.
- Get a second opinion. You have the right to use another doctor before deciding on treatment.
- Say no. You have the right to refuse any treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to. You have the right to stop taking a prescribed drug. If you refuse treatment or stop taking a prescribed drug, we will not drop you from our plan. However, if you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you accept full responsibility for what happens to you.
- Ask us to explain why a provider denied care. You have the right to get an explanation from us if a provider denied care that you think you should get.
- Ask us to cover a service or drug that we denied or usually don't cover. This is called a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of your *Member Handbook* tells how to ask us for a coverage decision.

G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you are unable to make health care decisions for yourself

Sometimes people are unable to make health care decisions for themselves. Before that happens to you, you can:

- Fill out a written form giving someone the right to make health care decisions for you.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how to handle your health care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself, including care you do **not** want.

The legal document that you use to give your directions is called an "advance directive." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Examples are a living will and a power of attorney for health care.

You are not required to have an advance directive, but you can. Here's what to do if you want to use an advance directive:

- **Get the form.** You can get the form from your doctor, a lawyer, a legal services agency, or a social worker. Pharmacies and provider offices often have the forms. You can find a free form online and download it. You can also contact Customer Service to ask for the form.
- Fill out the form and sign it. The form is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer or someone else you trust, such as a family member or your PCP, help you complete it.
- **Give copies to people who need to know.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor. You should also give a copy to the person you name to make decisions for you. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.
- If you are being hospitalized and you have a signed advance directive, take a copy of it to the hospital.
 - The hospital will ask if you have a signed advance directive form and if you have it with you.
 - If you don't have a signed advance directive form, the hospital has forms and will ask if you want to sign one.

You have the right to:

- Have your advance directive placed in your medical records.
- Change or cancel your advance directive at any time.
- Learn about changes to advance directive laws. Blue Shield TotalDual Plan will tell you about changes to the state law no later than 90 days after the change.

Call Customer Service for more information.

G3. What to do if your instructions are not followed

If you signed an advance directive and you think a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can make a complaint with Livanta (California's Quality Improvement

Organization) at (877) 588-1123 (TTY: (855) 887-6668) or write to: Livanta BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Rd, Ste. 202, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701.

H. Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions

Chapter 9 of your *Member Handbook* tells you what you can do if you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care. For example, you can ask us to make a coverage decision, make an appeal to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint.

You have the right to get information about appeals and complaints that other plan members have filed against us. Call Customer Service to get this information.

H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights

If you think we treated you unfairly – and it is **not** about discrimination for reasons listed in **Chapter 11** of your *Member Handbook* – or you want more information about your rights, you can call:

- Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711)
- The Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222 (TTY: 711). For more details about HICAP, refer to Chapter 2 Section E.
- The Ombuds Program at 1-888-452-8609. For more details about this program, refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Member Handbook*.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. (You can also read or download "Medicare Rights & Protections," found on the Medicare website at www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)

I. Your responsibilities as a plan member

As a plan member, you have a responsibility to do the things that are listed below. If you have any questions, call Customer Service.

• **Read the** *Member Handbook* to learn what our plan covers and the rules to follow to get covered services and drugs. For details about your:

- o Covered services, refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of your *Member Handbook*. Those chapters tell you what is covered, what is not covered, what rules you need to follow, and what you pay.
- Covered drugs, refer to **Chapters 5 and 6** of your *Member Handbook*.
- Tell us about any other health or prescription drug coverage you have. We must make sure you use all of your coverage options when you get health care. Call Customer Service if you have other coverage.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are a member of our plan. Show your Member ID Card when you get services or drugs.
- **Help your doctors** and other health care providers give you the best care. •
 - o Give them information they need about you and your health. Learn as much as you can about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your providers agree on.
 - Make sure your doctors and other providers know about all of the drugs you take. This includes prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - Ask any questions you have. Your doctors and other providers must explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer, ask again.
- Work with your care coordinator including completing an annual health risk assessment.
- Be considerate. We expect all plan members to respect the rights of others. We also expect you to act with respect in your doctor's office, hospitals, and other provider offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B premiums. For most Blue Shield TotalDual Plan members, Medi-Cal pays for your Medicare Part A premium and for your Medicare Part B premium.
 - For some of your long-term services and supports or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment/copay (a fixed amount). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your long-term services and supports. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your drugs.

- If you get any services or drugs that are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost. (Note: If you disagree with our decision to not cover a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please refer to Chapter 9 to learn how to make an appeal.)
- Tell us if you move. If you plan to move, tell us right away. Call your care coordinator or Customer Service.
 - If you move outside of our service area, you cannot stay in our plan. Only people who live in our service area can be members of this plan. Chapter 1 of your Member Handbook tells about our service area.
 - We can help you find out if you're moving outside our service area. During a special enrollment period, you can switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or prescription drug plan in your new location. We can tell you if we have a plan in your new area.
 - o Tell Medicare and Medi-Cal your new address when you move. Refer to Chapter 2 of your Member Handbook for phone numbers for Medicare and Medi-Cal.
 - o If you move and stay in our service area, we still need to know. We need to keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- Tell us if you have a new phone number or a better way to contact you.
- Call your care coordinator or Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Introduction

This chapter has information about your rights. Read this chapter to find out what to do if:

- You have a problem with or complaint about your plan.
- You need a service, item, or medication that your plan said it won't pay for.
- You disagree with a decision your plan made about your care.
- You think your covered services are ending too soon.
- You have a problem or complaint with your long-term services and supports, which include Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS) and Nursing Facility (NF) services.

This chapter is in different sections to help you easily find what you are looking for. If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation.

You should get the health care, drugs, and long-term services and supports that your doctor and other providers determine are necessary for your care as a part of your care plan. **If you have a problem with your care, you can call the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program at 1-855-501-3077 for help.** This chapter explains different options you have for different problems and complaints, but you can always call the Ombuds Program to help guide you through your problem. For additional resources to address your concerns and ways to contact them, refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Member Handbook*.

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If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare. 201

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A. What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains how to handle problems and concerns. The process you use depends on the type of problem you have. Use one process for **coverage decisions and appeals** and another for **making complaints**; also called grievances.

To ensure fairness and promptness, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that we and you must follow.

A1. About the legal terms

There are legal terms in this chapter for some rules and deadlines. Many of these terms can be hard to understand, so we use simpler words in place of certain legal terms when we can. We use abbreviations as little as possible.

For example, we say:

- "Making a complaint" instead of "filing a grievance"
- "Coverage decision" instead of "organization determination", "benefit determination", "at-risk determination", or "coverage determination"
- "Fast coverage decision" instead of "expedited determination"
- "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) instead of "Independent Review Entity" (IRE)

Knowing the proper legal terms may help you communicate more clearly, so we provide those too.

B. Where to get help

B1. For more information and help

Sometimes it's confusing to start or follow the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you don't feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the information you need to take the next step.

Help from the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program

You can call the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP). HICAP counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do about your problem. HICAP is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. HICAP has trained counselors in every county, and services are free. The HICAP phone number is 1-800-434-0222.

Help from the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program

You can call the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program and speak with an advocate about your health coverage questions. They offer free legal help. The Ombuds Program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. Their phone number is 1-888-804-3536 and their website is www.healthconsumer.org.

Help and information from Medicare

For more information and help, you can contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get help from Medicare:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

Help and information from Medi-Cal

Help from the California Department of Health Care Services

The California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) Medi-Cal Managed Care Ombudsman can help. They can help if you have problems joining, changing or leaving a health plan. They can also help if you moved and are having trouble getting your Medi-Cal transferred to your new county. You can call the Ombudsman Monday through Friday, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. at 1-888-452-8609.

Help from the California Department of Managed Health Care

Contact the California Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC) for free help. The DMHC is responsible for overseeing health plans. The DMHC helps people with appeals about Medi-Cal services or billing problems. The phone number is 1-888-466-2219. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech-impaired can use the toll-free TDD number, 1-877-688-9891. You can also visit DMHC's website at www.HealthHelp.ca.gov.

The California Department of Managed Health Care is responsible for regulating health care service plans. If you have a grievance against your health plan, you should first telephone your health plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711) and use your health plan's grievance process before contacting the department. Utilizing this grievance procedure does not prohibit any potential legal rights or remedies that may be available to you. If you need help with a grievance involving an emergency, a grievance that has not been satisfactorily resolved by your health plan, or a grievance that has remained unresolved for more than 30 days, you may call the department for assistance. You may also be eligible for an Independent Medical Review (IMR). If you are eligible for IMR, the IMR process will provide an impartial review of medical decisions made by a health plan

related to the medical necessity of a proposed service or treatment, coverage decisions for treatments that are experimental or investigational in nature and payment disputes for emergency or urgent medical services. The department also has a toll-free telephone number **(1-888-466-2219)** and a TDD line **(1-877-688-9891)** for the hearing and speech impaired. The department's internet website <u>www.dmhc.ca.gov</u> has complaint forms, IMR application forms and instructions online.

C. Understanding Medicare and Medi-Cal complaints and appeals in our plan

You have Medicare and Medi-Cal. Information in this chapter applies to **all** of your Medicare and Medi-Cal benefits. This is sometimes called an "integrated process" because it combines, or integrates, Medicare and Medi-Cal processes.

Sometimes Medicare and Medi-Cal processes cannot be combined. In those situations, you use one process for a Medicare benefit and another process for a Medi-Cal benefit. **Section F4** explains these situations.

D. Problems with your benefits

If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The following chart helps you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems about payment for medical care or prescription drugs.

Yes.	No.
My problem is about	My problem is not about
benefits or coverage.	benefits or coverage.
Refer to Section E, "Coverage decisions and appeals."	Refer to Section K , "How to make a complaint."

E. Coverage decisions and appeals

The process for asking for a coverage decision and making an appeal deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage. It also includes problems with payment.

E1. Coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from them (refer to Chapter 4, Section H of your Member Handbook).

You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision. You or your doctor may be unsure whether we cover a specific medical service or if we may refuse to provide medical care you think you need. If you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we may decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered for you by Medicare or Medi-Cal. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

E2. Appeals

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check if we followed all rules properly. Different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision handle your appeal.

In most cases, you must start your appeal at Level 1. If your health problem is urgent or involves an immediate and serious threat to your health, or if you are in severe pain and need an immediate decision, you may ask for an IMR Medical Review from the Department of Managed Health Care at www.dmhc.ca.gov. Refer to page 204 for more information.

When we complete the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, explained later in this chapter in Section F2, you can ask for an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or "fast appeal" of a coverage decision.

If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare medical service or item or Part B drugs, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Organization (IRO) for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare Part D or Medicaid service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about Level 2 Appeals. If your problem is about coverage of a service or item covered by both Medicare and Medicaid, the letter will give you information regarding both types of Level 2 Appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the Level 2 Appeal decision, you may be able to go through additional levels of appeal.

E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals

You can ask for help from any of the following:

- **Customer Service** at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program at 1-855-501-3077.
- Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222.
- The Help Center at the Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC) for free help. The DMHC is responsible for overseeing health plans. The DMHC helps people with appeals about Medi-Cal services or billing problems. The phone number is 1-888-466-2219. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speechimpaired can use the toll-free TDD number, 1-877-688-9891. You can also visit DMHC's website at www.HealthHelp.ca.gov.
- Your doctor or other provider. Your doctor or other provider can ask for a coverage decision or appeal on your behalf.
- A friend or family member. You can name another person to act for you as your "representative" and ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
- A lawyer. You have the right to a lawyer, but you are not required to have a lawyer to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - Call your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from the local bar association or other referral service. Some legal groups will give you free legal services if you qualify.
 - Ask for a legal aid attorney from the Medicare Medi-Cal Ombuds Program at 1-888-804-3536.

Fill out the Appointment of Representative form if you want a lawyer or someone else to act as your representative. The form gives someone permission to act for you.

Call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. You can also get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

E4. Which section of this chapter can help you

There are four situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give details for each one in a separate section of this chapter. Refer to the section that applies:

- Section F, "Medical care"
- Section G, "Medicare Part D prescription drugs"
- Section H, "Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay"
- Section I, "Asking us to continue covering certain medical services" (This section only applies to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.)

If you're not sure which section to use, call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.

F. Medical care

This section explains what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care.

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services that are described in Chapter 4 of your Member Handbook. We generally refer to "medical care coverage" or "medical care" in the rest of this section. The term "medical care" includes medical services and items as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs which are drugs administered by your doctor or health care professional. Different rules may apply to a Medicare Part B prescription drug. When they do, we explain how rules for Medicare Part B prescription drugs differ from rules for medical services and items.

F1. Using this section

This section explains what you can do in any of the following situations:

1. You think we cover medical care you need but are not getting.

What you can do: You can ask us to make a coverage decision. Refer to Section F2.

2. We didn't approve the medical care your doctor or other health care provider wants to give you, and you think we should.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision. Refer to Section F3.

3. You got medical care that you think we cover, but we will not pay.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision not to pay. Refer to Section F5.

4. You got and paid for medical care you thought we cover, and you want us to pay you back.

What you can do: You can ask us to pay you back. Refer to Section F5.

5. We reduced or stopped your coverage for certain medical care, and you think our decision could harm your health.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision to reduce or stop the medical care. Refer to Section F4.

- If the coverage is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services, special rules apply. Refer to Section H or Section I to find out more.
- For all other situations involving reducing or stopping your coverage for certain medical care, use this section (**Section F**) as your guide.

6. You are experiencing delays in care or you cannot find a doctor.

What you can do: You can file a complaint. Refer to Section K2.

F2. Asking for a coverage decision

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it's called an **"integrated organization determination**.

You, your doctor, or your representative can ask us for a coverage decision by:

- calling: (800) 452-4413, TTY: 711.
- faxing: (877) 251-6671.
- writing:

Blue Shield TotalDual Plan P.O. Box 927 Woodland Hills, CA 91365-9856

Standard coverage decision

When we give you our decision, we use the "standard" deadlines unless we agree to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer about a:

- Medical service or item within 14 calendar days after we get your request. For • Knox-Keene plans, within 5 business days, and no later than 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- Medicare Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we get your request.

Fast coverage decision

The legal term for "fast coverage decision" is "expedited determination."

When you ask us to make a coverage decision about your medical care and your health requires a quick response, ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." A fast coverage decision means we will give you an answer about a:

- Medical service or item within 72 hours after we get your request, or sooner if your medical condition requires a quicker response.
- Medicare Part B prescription drug within 24 hours after we get your request.

To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You are asking for coverage for medical care you did not get. You can't ask for a fast coverage decision about payment for medical care you already got.
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.

 If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:

- We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor asks for it.
- How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of a fast coverage decision. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to Section K.

If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter explaining the reasons.

- If we say **No**, you have the right to make an appeal. If you think we made a mistake, making an appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it.
- If you decide to make an appeal, you will go on to Level 1 of the appeals process (refer to **Section F3**).

In limited circumstances we may dismiss your request for a coverage decision, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include:

- if the request is incomplete,
- if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or
- if you ask for your request to be withdrawn.

If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send you a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal. This review is called an appeal. Appeals are discussed in the next section.

F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative must contact us. Call us at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711).

Ask for a standard appeal or a fast appeal in writing or by calling us at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711).

- If your doctor or other prescriber asks to continue a service or item you are already getting during your appeal, you may need to name them as your representative to act on your behalf.
- If someone other than your doctor makes the appeal for you, include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you.

You can get the form by visiting <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-</u> Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf

- We can accept an appeal request without the form, but we can't begin or complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form within 44 calendar days after getting your appeal request:
 - We dismiss your request, and
 - We send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the IRO to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 60 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.
- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

The legal term for "fast appeal" is "expedited reconsideration."

If you appeal a decision we made about coverage for care that you did not get, • you and/or your doctor decide if you need a fast appeal.

We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast appeal.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast appeal, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
 - We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor asks for it.
 - How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard appeal instead of a fast appeal. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to Section K.

If we tell you we are stopping or reducing services or items that you already get, you may be able to continue those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decide to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you get, we send you a notice before we take action.
- If you disagree with our decision, you can file a Level 1 Appeal. •
- We continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within 10 calendar days of the date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
 - If you meet this deadline, you will get the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 appeal is pending.
 - You will also get all other services or items (that are not the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
 - If you do not appeal before these dates, then your service or item will not be continued while you wait for your appeal decision.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all information about your request for coverage of medical care.
- We check if we followed all the rules when we said No to your request.
- We gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

There are deadlines for a fast appeal.

- When we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal, or sooner if your health requires a quicker response. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
 - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicaid service or item, you can file a Level 2 – State Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up. In California a State Hearing is called State Hearing. To file a State Hearing, refer to Section F4.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal, or sooner if your health requires it.

• If we say No to part or all of your request, we send your appeal to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.

There are deadlines for a standard appeal.

- When we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal for coverage for services you didn't get.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you didn't get, we give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we get your appeal or sooner if your health requires it.
 - If we don't give you an answer by the deadline, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. In Section F4, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicaid service or item, you can file a Level 2 – State Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up. In California a State Hearing is called State Hearing. To file a State Hearing, refer to Section F4.

If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 30 calendar days of the date we got your appeal request, or as fast as your health condition requires and within 72 hours of the date we change our decision, or within 7 calendar days of the date we got your appeal if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If we say No to part or all of your request, you have additional appeal rights:

- If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we send you a letter.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter tells you that we sent your case to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medi-Cal service or item, the letter tells you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself.

F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to part or all of your Level 1 Appeal, we will send you a letter. This letter tells you if Medicare, Medi-Cal, or both programs usually cover the service or item.

• If your problem is about a service or item that **Medicare** usually covers, we automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process as soon as the Level 1 Appeal is complete.

- If your problem is about a service or item that **Medi-Cal** usually covers, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. The letter tells you how to do this. We also include more information later in this chapter.
- If your problem is about a service or item that both Medicare and Medi-Cal may cover, you automatically get a Level 2 Appeal with the IRO. In addition to the automatic Level 2 Appeal, you can also ask for a State Hearing and an Independent Medical Review with the state. However, an Independent Medical Review is not available if you have already presented evidence in a State Hearing.

If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal may also continue during Level 2. Refer to **Section F3** for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.

- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medicare, your benefits for that service don't continue during the Level 2 appeals process with the IRO.
- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medi-Cal, your benefits for that service continue if you submit a Level 2 Appeal within 10 calendar days after getting our decision letter.

When your problem is about a service or item Medicare usually covers

The IRO reviews your appeal. It's an independent organization hired by Medicare.

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the "Independent Review Entity", sometimes called the "IRE".

- This organization isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. Medicare chose the company to be the IRO, and Medicare oversees their work.
- We send information about your appeal (your "case file") to this organization. You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the IRO take a careful look at all information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

 If you had a fast appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a fast appeal at Level 2. The IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of getting your appeal.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a standard appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a standard appeal at Level 2.
- If your request is for a medical item or service, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days of getting your appeal.

If the IRO gives you their answer in writing and explains the reasons.

- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must promptly implement the decision:
 - Authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours, or
 - Provide the service within 5 working days after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
 - Provide the service within 72 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.
- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B prescription drug under dispute:
 - Within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
 - Within 24 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.
- If the IRO says No to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we should not approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."
 - If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2, for a total of five levels.
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue the appeals process, you must decide whether to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details about how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 Appeal.
- An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal.
 Refer to Section J for more information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

When your problem is about a service or item Medi-Cal usually covers

There are two ways to make a Level 2 appeal for Medi-Cal services and items: (1) Filing a complaint or Independent Medical Review or (2) State Hearing.

(1) Independent Medical Review

You can file a complaint with or ask for an Independent Medical Review (IMR) from the Help Center at the California Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC). By filing a complaint, the DMHC will review our decision and make a determination. An IMR is available for any Medi-Cal covered service or item that is medical in nature. An IMR is a review of your case by doctors who are not part of our plan or a part of the DMHC. If the IMR is decided in your favor, we must give you the service or item you requested. You pay no costs for an IMR.

You can file a complaint or apply for an IMR if our plan:

- Denies, changes, or delays a Medi-Cal service or treatment because our plan determines it is not medically necessary.
- Will not cover an experimental or investigational Medi-Cal treatment for a serious medical condition.
- Disputes whether a surgical service or procedure was cosmetic or reconstructive in nature.
- Will not pay for emergency or urgent Medi-Cal services that you already received.
- Has not resolved your Level 1 Appeal on a Medi-Cal service within 30 calendar days for a standard appeal or 72 hours, or sooner, if your health requires it, for a fast appeal.

NOTE: If your provider filed an appeal for you, but we do not get your Appointment of Representative form, you will need to refile your appeal with us before you can file for a

Level 2 IMR with the Department of Managed Health Care unless your appeal involves an imminent and serious threat to your health, including but not limited to, severe pain, potential loss of life, limb, or major bodily function.

You are entitled to both an IMR and a State Hearing, but you are not entitled to an IMR if you have already presented evidence in a State Hearing had a State Hearing on the same issue.

In most cases, you must file an appeal with us before requesting an IMR. Refer to page 211 for information, about our Level 1 appeal process. If you disagree with our decision, you can file a complaint with the DMHC or ask the DMHC Help Center for an IMR.

If your treatment was denied because it was experimental or investigational, you do not have to take part in our appeal process before you apply for an IMR.

If your problem is urgent or involves an immediate and serious threat to your health or if you are in severe pain, you may bring it immediately to the DMHC's attention without first going through our appeal process.

You must **apply for an IMR within 6 months** after we send you a written decision about your appeal. The DMHC may accept your application after 6 months for good reason, such as you had a medical condition that prevented you from asking for the IMR within 6 months or you did not get adequate notice from us of the IMR process.

To ask for an IMR:

- Fill out the Independent Medical Review Application/Complaint Form available at: <u>www.dmhc.ca.gov/FileaComplaint/IndependentMedicalReviewComplaintForms.a</u> <u>spx</u> or call the DMHC Help Center at 1-888-466-2219. TTY users should call 1-877-688-9891.
- If you have them, attach copies of letters or other documents about the service or item that we denied. This can speed up the IMR process. Send copies of documents, not originals. The Help Center cannot return any documents.
- Fill out the Authorized Assistant Form if someone is helping you with your IMR. You can get the form at <u>www.dmhc.ca.gov/FileaComplaint/IndependentMedicalReviewComplaintForms.a</u> <u>spx</u> or call the Department's Help Center at 1-888-466-2219. TTY users should call 1-877-688-9891.
- Mail or fax your forms and any attachments to:

Help Center Department of Managed Health Care 980 Ninth Street, Suite 500 Sacramento, CA 95814-2725 FAX: 916-255-5241

• You may also submit your Independent Medical Review Application/Complaint Form and Authorized Assistant form online: www.dmhc.ca.gov/FileaComplaint.aspx

If you qualify for an IMR, the DMHC will review your case and send you a letter within 7 calendar days telling you that you qualify for an IMR. After your application and supporting documents are received from your plan, the IMR decision will be made within 30 calendar days. You should receive the IMR decision within 45 calendar days of the submission of the completed application.

If your case is urgent and you qualify for an IMR, the DMHC will review your case and send you a letter within 2 calendar days telling you that you qualify for an IMR. After your application and supporting documents are received from your plan, the IMR decision will be made within 3 calendar days. You should receive the IMR decision within 7 calendar days of the submission of the completed application. If you are not satisfied with the result of the IMR, you can still ask for a State Hearing.

An IMR can take longer if the DMHC does not receive all of the medical records needed from you or your treating doctor. If you are using a doctor who is not in your health plan's network, it is important that you get and send us your medical records from that doctor. Your health plan is required to get copies of your medical records from doctors who are in the network.

If the DMHC decides that your case is not eligible for IMR, the DMHC will review your case through its regular consumer complaint process. Your complaint should be resolved within 30 calendar days of the submission of the completed application. If your complaint is urgent, it will be resolved sooner.

(2) State Hearing

You can ask for a State Hearing for Medi-Cal covered services and items. If your doctor or other provider asks for a service or item that we will not approve, or we will not continue to pay for a service or item you already have and we said no to your Level 1 appeal, you have the right to ask for a State Hearing.

In most cases **you have 120 days to ask for a State Hearing** after the "Appeal Decision Letter" notice is mailed to you.

NOTE: If you ask for a State Hearing because we told you that a service you currently get will be changed or stopped, **you have fewer days to submit your request** if you

want to keep getting that service while your State Hearing is pending. Read "Will my benefits continue during Level 2 appeals" on page 215 for more information.

There are two ways to ask for a State Hearing:

- You may complete the "Request for State Hearing" on the back of the notice of action. You should provide all requested information such as your full name, address, telephone number, the name of the plan or county that took the action against you, the aid program(s) involved, and a detailed reason why you want a hearing. Then you may submit your request one of these ways:
 - To the county welfare department at the address shown on the notice.
 - To the California Department of Social Services:

State Hearings Division P.O. Box 944243, Mail Station 9-17-37 Sacramento, California 94244-2430

- To the State Hearings Division at fax number 916-651-5210 or 916-651-2789.
- 2. You can call the California Department of Social Services at 1-800-743-8525. TTY users should call 1-800-952-8349. If you decide to ask for a State Hearing by phone, you should be aware that the phone lines are very busy.

The State Hearings Division gives you their decision in writing and explain the reasons.

- If the State Hearings Division says **Yes** to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize or provide the service or item **within 72 hours** after we get their decision.
- If the State Hearings Division says **No** to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we should not approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."

If the IRO or State Hearing decision is **No** for all or part of your request, you have additional appeal rights.

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the **IRO**, you can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. **The letter you get from the IRO explains** additional appeal rights you may have.

The letter you get from the State Hearings Division describes the next appeal option.

Refer to **Section J** for more information about your appeal rights after Level 2.

F5. Payment problems

We do not allow our network providers to bill you for covered services and items. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a covered service or item. You are never required to pay the balance of any bill. The only amount you should be asked to pay is the copay for Tier 2: Generic Drugs, Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs, Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs, and Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs.

If you get a bill that is more than your copay for covered services and items, send the bill to us. You should not pay the bill yourself. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem. If you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from our plan if you followed the rules for getting services or item.

For more information, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Member Handbook*. It describes situations when you may need to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

If you ask to be paid back, you are asking for a coverage decision. We will check if the service or item you paid for is covered and if you followed all the rules for using your coverage.

- If the service or item you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you our share of the cost for the service or item within 60 calendar days after we get your request.
- If you haven't paid for the service or item yet, we will send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying **Yes** to your request for a coverage decision.
- If the service or item is not covered or you did not follow all the rules, we will send you a letter telling you we won't pay for the service or item and explaining why.

If you don't agree with our decision not to pay, **you can make an appeal**. Follow the appeals process described in **Section F3**. When you follow these instructions, note:

- If you make an appeal for us to pay you back, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal.
- If you ask us to pay you back for medical care you got and paid for yourself, you can't ask for a fast appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and **Medicare** usually covers the service or item, we will send your case to the IRO. We will send you a letter if this happens.

- If the IRO reverses our decision and says we should pay you, we must send the payment to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is **Yes** at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment to you or to the health care provider within 60 calendar days.
- If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree that we should not approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal." You will get a letter explaining additional appeal rights you may have. Refer to **Section J** for more information about additional levels of appeal.

If our answer to your appeal is **No** and Medi-Cal usually covers the service or item, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information.

G. Medicare Part D prescription drugs

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Most of these are Medicare Part D drugs. There are a few drugs that Medicare Part D doesn't cover that Medi-Cal may cover. **This section only applies to Medicare Part D drug appeals.** We'll say "drug" in the rest of this section instead of saying "Medicare Part D drug" every time. For drugs covered only by Medi-Cal follow the process in **Section E** on page 205.

To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. That means the drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* for more information about a medically accepted indication.

G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Medicare Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including asking us to:
 - o Cover a Medicare Part D drug that is not on our plan's Drug List or
 - Set aside a restriction on our coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount you can get)
- You ask us if a drug is covered for you (such as when your drug is on our plan's Drug List but we must approve it for you before we cover it)

Which of these situations are you in?

NOTE: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy gives you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

An initial coverage decision about your Medicare Part D drugs is called a "**coverage** determination."

• You ask us to pay for a drug you already bought. This is asking for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to make an appeal. Use the chart below to help you.

which of these situations are you in:			
You need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to set aside a rule or restriction on a drug we cover.	You want us to cover a drug on our Drug List, and you think you meet plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need.	You want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you already got and paid for.	We told you that we won't cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want.
You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can ask us for a coverage decision.	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can make an appeal. (This means you ask us to reconsider.)
Start with Section G2 , then refer to Sections G3 and G4 .	Refer to Section G4 .	Refer to Section G4 .	Refer to Section G5 .

G2. Medicare Part D exceptions

If we don't cover a drug in the way you would like, you can ask us to make an "exception." If we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber needs to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception.

Asking for coverage of a drug not on our Drug List or for removal of a restriction on a drug is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."

Here are some examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a drug that is not on our Drug List

- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on our Drug List, you pay the copay that applies to drugs in Tier 4: Non-Preferred Drugs.
- You can't get an exception to the required copay amount for the drug.

2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug

- Extra rules or restrictions apply to certain drugs on our Drug List (refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* for more information).
- Extra rules and restrictions for certain drugs include:
 - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
 - Getting our approval in advance before we agree to cover the drug for you.
 This is sometimes called "prior authorization (PA)."
 - Being required to try a different drug first before we agree to cover the drug you ask for. This is sometimes called "step therapy."
 - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.
- If we agree to an exception for you and set aside a restriction, you can ask for an exception to the copay amount you're required to pay.
- **3.** Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our Drug List is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less your required copay amount is.

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a "**tiering exception**."

• Our Drug List often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs.

- If an alternative drug for your medical condition is in a lower cost-sharing tier than the drug you take, you can ask us to cover it at the cost-sharing amount for the alternative drug. This would lower your copay amount for the drug.
 - If the drug you take is a biological product, you can ask us to cover it at the cost-sharing amount for the lowest tier for biological product alternatives for your condition.
 - If the drug you take is a brand name drug, you can ask us to cover it at the cost-sharing amount for the lowest tier for brand name alternatives for your condition.
 - If the drug you take is a generic drug, you can ask us to cover it at the costsharing amount for the lowest tier for either brand or generic alternatives for your condition.
- You can't ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs.
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you usually pay the lowest amount.

G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception

Your doctor or other prescriber must tell us the medical reasons.

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement explaining the medical reasons for asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Our Drug List often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug is just as effective as the drug you ask for and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally do not approve your exception request. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we generally do **not** approve your exception request unless all alternative drugs in the lower costsharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

We can say Yes or No to your request.

• If we say **Yes** to your exception request, the exception usually lasts until the end of the calendar year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.

 If we say No to your exception request, you can make an appeal. Refer to Section G5 for information on making an appeal if we say No.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception

- Ask for the type of coverage decision you want by calling 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- You or your doctor (or other prescriber) or someone else acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- Refer to **Section E3** to find out how to name someone as your representative.
- You don't need to give written permission to your doctor or other prescriber to ask for a coverage decision on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Member Handbook*.
- If you ask for an exception, give us a "supporting statement." The supporting statement includes your doctor or other prescriber's medical reasons for the exception request.
- Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail us the supporting statement. They can also tell us by phone and then fax or mail the statement.
- You may submit coverage determination requests electronically through a secure member portal at: <u>https://www.blueshieldca.com/bsca/bsc/wcm/connect/sites/sites_content_en/med_icare/resources/request_exceptions/exceptions</u>
 - Select Member forms
 - Start coverage determination request online
 - You may start the process to obtain prior authorization or an exception.

If your health requires it, ask us for a "fast coverage decision."

We use the "standard deadlines" unless we agree to use the "fast deadlines."

- A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A fast coverage decision means we give you an answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage determination."
- You can get a fast coverage decision if:
 - It's for a drug you didn't get. You can't get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.
 - Your health or ability to function would be seriously harmed if we use the standard deadlines.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we agree and give it to you. We send you a letter that tells you.

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision without support from your doctor or other prescriber, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.
- If we decide that your medical condition doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we use the standard deadlines instead.
 - We send you a letter that tells you. The letter also tells you how to make a complaint about our decision.
 - You can file a fast complaint and get a response within 24 hours. For more information making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K**.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO. Refer to **Section G6** for more information about a Level 2 Appeal.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 24 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement.

• If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 72 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement for an exception.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we pay you back within 14 calendar days.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal

An appeal to our plan about a Medicare Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination".

- Start your **standard** or **fast appeal** by calling 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week, writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information regarding your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal **within 60 calendar days** from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.

- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

A fast appeal is also called an "expedited redetermination."

- If you appeal a decision we made about a drug you didn't get, you and your doctor or other prescriber decide if you need a fast appeal.
- Requirements for a fast appeal are the same as those for a fast coverage decision. Refer to **Section G4** for more information.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- We review your appeal and take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request.
- We check if we followed the rules when we said **No** to your request.
- We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 1

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
 - We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
 - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to Section G6 for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 1

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- We give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug and your health condition requires it. If you believe your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to Section G6 for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.

If we say Yes to part or all of your request:

- We must **provide the coverage** we agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than 7 calendar days** after we get your appeal.
- We must **send payment to you** for a drug you bought **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request:

- We send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.
- We must give you our answer about paying you back for a drug you bought within 14 calendar days after we get your appeal.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to Section G6 for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must pay you within 30 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, you can accept our decision or make another appeal. If you decide to make another appeal, you use the Level 2 Appeal appeals process. The **IRO** reviews our decision when we said **No** to your first appeal. This organization decides if we should change our decision.

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the "Independent Review Entity", sometimes called the "IRE".

To make a Level 2 Appeal, you, your representative, or your doctor or other prescriber must contact the IRO **in writing** and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, the letter we send you includes **instructions about how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the IRO. The instructions tell who can make the Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the organization.
- When you make an appeal to the IRO, we send the information we have about your appeal to the organization. This information is called your "case file". You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.

The IRO reviews your Medicare Part D Level 2 Appeal and gives you an answer in writing. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about the IRO.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 2

If your health requires it, ask the IRO for a fast appeal.

- If they agree to a fast appeal, they must give you an answer within 72 hours after getting your appeal request.
- If they say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the approved drug coverage **within 24 hours** after getting the IRO's decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 2

If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the IRO must give you an answer:

- within 7 calendar days after they get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- within 14 calendar days after getting your appeal for repayment for a drug you bought.

If the IRO says Yes to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the approved drug coverage **within 72 hours** after we get the IRO's decision.
- We must pay you back for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision.

 If the IRO says No to your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal".

If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal, you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for meets a minimum dollar value. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for is less than the required minimum, you can't make another appeal. In that case, the Level 2 Appeal decision is final. The IRO sends you a letter that tells you the minimum dollar value needed to continue with a Level 3 Appeal.

If the dollar value of your request meets the requirement, you choose if you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2.
- If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal and you meet the requirement to continue the appeals process, you:
 - o Decide if you want to make a Level 3 Appeal.
 - Refer to the letter the IRO sent you after your Level 2 Appeal for details about how to make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

H. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all hospital services that we cover that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our plan's hospital coverage, refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff work with you to prepare for the day when you leave the hospital. They also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- Your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you what your discharge date is.

If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon or you are concerned about your care after you leave the hospital, you can ask for a longer hospital stay. This section tells you how to ask.

Notwithstanding the appeals discussed in this Section H, you may also file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review to continue your hospital stay. Please refer to Section F4 on page 214 to learn how to file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review. You can ask for an Independent Medical Review in addition to or instead of a Level 3 Appeal.

H1. Learning about your Medicare rights

Within two days after you're admitted to the hospital, someone at the hospital, such as a nurse or caseworker, will give you a written notice called "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights." Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital.

If you don't get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- **Read the notice** carefully and ask questions if you don't understand. The notice tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including your rights to:
 - Get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay. You have the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Be a part of any decisions about the length of your hospital stay.
 - Know where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
 - Appeal if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon.
- Sign the notice to show that you got it and understand your rights.
 - You or someone acting on your behalf can sign the notice.
 - Signing the notice only shows that you got the information about your rights.
 Signing does not mean you agree to a discharge date your doctor or the hospital staff may have told you.
- Keep your copy of the signed notice so you have the information if you need it.

If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you'll get another copy before you're discharged.

You can look at a copy of the notice in advance if you:

- Call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page
- Call Medicare at 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-</u> Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

H2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you want us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, make an appeal. The Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) reviews the Level 1 Appeal to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The QIO is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government. These experts check and help improve the quality for people with Medicare. They are not part of our plan.

In California, the QIO is Livanta. Call them at (877) 588-1123 [TTY: (855) 887-6668]. Contact information is also in the notice, "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights," and in **Chapter 2**.

Call the QIO before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.

- If you call before you leave, you can stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date without paying for it while you wait for the QIO's decision about your appeal.
- If you do not call to appeal, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may pay all costs for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the QIO about your appeal, appeal to our plan directly instead. Refer to Section G4 for information about making an appeal to us.
- Because hospital stays are covered by both Medicare and Medi-Cal, if the Quality Improvement Organization will not hear your request to continue your hospital stay, or you believe that your situation is urgent, involves an immediate

and serious threat to your health, or you are in severe pain, you may also file a complaint with or ask the California Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC) for an Independent Medical Review. Please refer to Section F4 on page 214 to learn how to file a complaint and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:

- Call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Call the Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222.

Ask for a fast review. Act quickly and contact the QIO to ask for a fast review of your hospital discharge.

The legal term for "fast review" is "immediate review" or "expedited review."

What happens during fast review

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue after the planned discharge date. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and our plan gave them.
- By noon of the day after reviewers tell our plan about your appeal, you get a letter with your planned discharge date. The letter also gives reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think that is the right discharge date that's medically appropriate for you.

The legal term for this written explanation is the "**Detailed Notice of Discharge.**" You can get a sample by calling Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) You can also refer to a sample notice online at <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-</u>Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Within one full day after getting all of the information it needs, the QIO give you their answer to your appeal.

If the QIO says Yes to your appeal:

 We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says No to your appeal:

- They believe your planned discharge date is medically appropriate.
- Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You can make a Level 2 Appeal if the QIO turns down your Level 1 Appeal and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date.

H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at (877) 588-1123 [TTY: (855) 887-6668].

You must ask for this review within 60 calendar days after the day the QIO said No to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We must pay you back for our share of hospital care costs since noon on the day after the date the QIO turned down your Level 1 Appeal.
- We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with their decision about your Level 1 Appeal and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the • appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

You may also file a complaint with or ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review to continue your hospital stay. Please refer to Section E4 on page 204 to learn how to file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

H4. Making a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

The deadline for contacting the QIO for a Level 1 Appeal is within 60 days or no later than your planned hospital discharge date. If you miss the Level 1 Appeal deadline, you can use an "Alternate Appeal" process.

Contact Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask us for a "fast review" of your hospital discharge date.

The legal term for "fast review" or "fast appeal" is "expedited appeal".

- We look at all of the information about your hospital stay.
- We check that the first decision was fair and followed the rules.
- We use fast deadlines instead of standard deadlines and give you our decision within 72 hours of when you asked for a fast review.

If we say **Yes** to your fast appeal:

- We agree that you need to be in the hospital after the discharge date.
- We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.
- We pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.

If we say No to your fast appeal:

- We agree that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate.
- Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends on the date we told you.
- We will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- You may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you got after the planned discharge date if you continued to stay in the hospital.

• We send your appeal to the IRO to make sure we followed all the rules. When we do this, your case automatically goes to the Level 2 appeals process.

H5. Making a Level 2 Alternate Appeal

We send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the IRO within 24 hours of saying **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. We do this automatically. You don't need to do anything.

If you think we didn't meet this deadline, or any other deadline, you can make a complaint. Refer to **Section K** for information about making complaints.

The IRO does a fast review of your appeal. They take a careful look at all of the information about your hospital discharge and usually give you an answer within 72 hours.

If the IRO says Yes to your appeal:

- We pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the IRO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

You may also file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review to continue your hospital stay. Please refer to Section F4 on page 214 to learn how to file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review. You can ask for an Independent Medical Review in addition to or instead of a Level 3 Appeal.

I. Asking us to continue covering certain medical services

This section is only about three types of services you may be getting:

- home health care services
- skilled nursing care in a skilled nursing facility, and

 rehabilitation care as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved CORF. This usually means you're getting treatment for an illness or accident or you're recovering from a major operation.

With any of these three types of services, you have the right to get covered services for as long as the doctor says you need them.

When we decide to stop covering any of these, we must tell you before your services end. When your coverage for that service ends, we stop paying for it.

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Advance notice before your coverage ends

We send you a written notice that you'll get at least two days before we stop paying for your care. This is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." The notice tells you the date when we will stop covering your care and how to appeal our decision.

You or your representative should sign the notice to show that you got it. Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information. Signing does **not** mean you agree with our decision.

I2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you think we're ending coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you about the Level 1 Appeal process and what to do.

- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. Our plan must follow deadlines too. If you think we're not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Refer to Section K for more information about complaints.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:
 - o Call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
 - Call the HICAP at 1-800-434-0222.
- Contact the QIO.
 - Refer to Section H2 or refer to Chapter 2 of your Member Handbook for more information about the QIO and how to contact them.
 - Ask them to review your appeal and decide whether to change our plan's decision.

• Act quickly and ask for a "fast-track appeal. Ask the QIO if it's medically appropriate for us to end coverage of your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization

- You must contact the QIO to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage" we sent you.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the QIO, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about how to do that, refer to **Section I4**.
- If the Quality Improvement Organization will not hear your request to continue coverage of your health care services or you believe that your situation is urgent or involves an immediate and serious threat to your health or if you are in severe pain, you may file a complaint with and ask the California Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC) for an Independent Medical Review. Please refer to Section F4 on page 214 to learn how to file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review.

The legal term for the written notice is "**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage**". To get a sample copy, call Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or get a copy online at <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/FFS-Expedited-Determination-Notices</u>.

What happens during a fast-track appeal

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan gave them.
- Our plan also sends you a written notice that explains our reasons for ending coverage of your services. You get the notice by the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your appeal.

The legal term for the notice explanation is "**Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage**".

• Reviewers tell you their decision within one full day after getting all the information they need.

If the QIO says Yes to your appeal:

• We will provide your covered services for as long as they are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- Your coverage ends on the date we told you.
- We stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date in the notice.
- You pay the full cost of this care yourself if you decide to continue the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services after the date your coverage ends
- You decide if you want to continue these services and make a Level 2 Appeal.

I3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at (877) 588-1123 [TTY: (855) 887-6668].

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you continue care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We will provide coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

• They agree with our decision to end your care and will not change it.

- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.
- You may file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review to continue coverage of your health care services. Please refer to Section F4 on page 214 to learn how to ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review. You can file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review in addition to or instead of a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J** for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

I4. Making a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

As explained in **Section 12**, you must act quickly and contact the QIO to start your Level 1 Appeal. If you miss the deadline, you can use an "Alternate Appeal" process.

Contact Customer Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask us for a "fast review".

The legal term for "fast review" or "fast appeal" is "expedited appeal".

- We look at all of the information about your case.
- We check that the first decision was fair and followed the rules when we set the date for ending coverage for your services.
- We use fast deadlines instead of standard deadlines and give you our decision within 72 hours of when you asked for a fast review.

If we say **Yes** to your fast appeal:

- We agree that you need services longer.
- We will provide your covered services for as long as the services are medically necessary.
- We agree to pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- If we say **No** to your fast appeal:
 - \circ $\,$ Our coverage for these services ends on the date we told you.
 - o We will not pay any share of the costs after this date.

- You pay the full cost of these services if you continue getting them after the date we told you our coverage would end.
- We send your appeal to the IRO to make sure we followed all the rules. When we do this, your case automatically goes to the Level 2 appeals process.

I5. Making a Level 2 Alternate Appeal

During the Level 2 Appeal:

- We send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the IRO within 24 hours of saying No to your Level 1 Appeal. We do this automatically. You don't need to do anything.
- If you think we didn't meet this deadline, or any other deadline, you can make a complaint. Refer to **Section K** for information about making complaints.
- The IRO does a fast review of your appeal. They take a careful look at all of the • information about your hospital discharge and usually give you an answer within 72 hours.

If the IRO says **Yes** to your appeal:

- We pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the IRO says No to your appeal:

- They agree with our decision to end your care and will not change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.
- You may also file a complaint with and ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review to continue coverage of your health care services. Please refer to Section F4 on page 214 to learn how to ask the DMHC for an Independent Medical Review. You can file a complaint with and ask for an Independent Medical Review in addition to or instead of a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to Section J for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

J. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2

J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items

If you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal for Medicare services or items, and both of your appeals were turned down, you may have the right to additional levels of appeal.

If the dollar value of the Medicare service or item you appealed does not meet a certain minimum dollar amount, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can continue the appeals process. The letter you get from the IRO for your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.

- If we decide **to appeal** the decision, we send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the ALJ or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says No to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.
- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your Level 4 Appeal or denies our request to review a Level 3 Appeal decision favorable to you, we have the right to appeal to Level 5.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will tell you in writing.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.

If the Council says **No** or denies our review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

• A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

J2. Additional Medi-Cal appeals

You also have other appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that Medi-Cal usually covers. The letter you get from the State Hearings Division will tell you what to do if you want to continue the appeals process. If you do not agree with the State Hearing decision and you want another judge to review it, you may ask for a rehearing and/or seek judicial review.

To ask for a rehearing, mail a written request (a letter) to:

The Rehearing Unit 744 P Street, MS 19-37 Sacramento, CA 95814

This letter must be sent within 30 days after you get your decision. This deadline can be extended up to 180 days if you have a good reason for being late.

In your rehearing request, state the date you got your decision and why a rehearing should be granted. If you want to present additional evidence, describe the additional evidence and explain why it was not introduced before and how it would change the decision. You may contact legal services for assistance.

To ask for judicial review, you must file a petition in Superior Court (under Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.5) within one year after receiving your decision. File your

petition in the Superior Court for the county named in your decision. You may file this petition without asking for a rehearing. No filing fees are required. You may be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs if the Court issues a final decision in your favor. If a rehearing was heard and you do not agree with the decision from the rehearing, you may seek judicial review but you cannot request another rehearing.

J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. The written response you get to your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide not to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Council reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your appeal:

The appeals process is over.

• We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the Council says No to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide **to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide not to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

• A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

K. How to make a complaint

K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints

The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only, such as problems related to quality of care, waiting times, coordination of care, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	• You are unhappy with the quality of care, such as the care you got in the hospital.
Respecting your privacy	• You think that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared confidential information about you.
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 A health care provider or staff was rude or disrespectful to you.
	Our staff treated you poorly.You think you are being pushed out of our plan.

Complaint	Example
Accessibility and language assistance	• You cannot physically access the health care services and facilities in a doctor or provider's office.
	 Your doctor or provider does not provide an interpreter for the non-English language you speak (such as American Sign Language or Spanish).
	 Your provider does not give you other reasonable accommodations you need and ask for.
Waiting times	You have trouble getting an appointment or wait too long to get it.
	 Doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals, Customer Service, or other plan staff keep you waiting too long.
Cleanliness	You think the clinic, hospital or doctor's office is not clean.
Information you get from us	• You think we failed to give you a notice or letter that you should have received.
	 You think written information we sent you is too difficult to understand.
Timeliness related to coverage decisions or appeals	• You think we don't meet our deadlines for making a coverage decision or answering your appeal.
	• You think that, after getting a coverage or appeal decision in your favor, we don't meet the deadlines for approving or giving you the service or paying you back for certain medical services.
	 You don't think we sent your case to the IRO on time.

There are different kinds of complaints. You can make an internal complaint and/or an external complaint. An internal complaint is filed with and reviewed by our plan. An external complaint is filed with and reviewed by an organization not affiliated with our

plan. If you need help making an internal and/or external complaint, you can call Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711).

The legal term for a "complaint" is a "grievance."

The legal term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."

K2. Internal complaints

To make an internal complaint, call Customer Service at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711). You can make the complaint at any time unless it is about a Medicare Part D drug. If the complaint is about a Medicare Part D drug, you must make it within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.

- If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will tell you.
- You can also write your complaint and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- Here's how it works:
 - Step 1: File a Grievance
- To begin the process, call a Customer Service representative within 60 calendar days of the event and ask to file a grievance. You may also file a grievance in writing within 60 calendar days of the event by sending it to:
- Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Appeals & Grievances Department
- P.O. Box 927
- Woodland Hills CA 91365-9856
- FAX: (916) 350-6510
- If contacting us by fax or by mail, please call us to request a Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Appeals & Grievance Form. We will send you a letter letting you know that we received the notice of your concern within 5 calendar days and give you the name of the person who is working on it. We will normally resolve it within 30 calendar days.
- If you ask for an "expedited grievance" because we decided not to give you a "fast decision" or "fast appeal", we will forward your request to a medical director who was not involved in our original decision. We may ask if you have additional information that was not available at the time you requested a "fast initial decision" or "fast appeal." The medical director will review your request and decide if our original decision was appropriate. We will send you a letter with our

decision within 24 hours of your request for an "expedited grievance." We must address your grievance as guickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint.

Step 2: Grievance Hearing

- If you are not satisfied with the resolution of your grievance related to a quality of care issue, you may make a written request to the Blue Shield Medicare Appeals & Grievances Department for a grievance hearing. Within 31 calendar days of your written request, we will assemble a panel to hear your case. You will be invited to attend the hearing, which includes an uninvolved physician and a representative from the Appeals and Grievance Resolution Department. You may attend in person or by teleconference. After the hearing, we will send you a final resolution letter.
- If you are not satisfied with the resolution of your grievance that does not include quality of care, such as waiting times, disrespect, customer service or cleanliness, you may contact the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service Department to request an additional review.

The legal term for "fast complaint" is "expedited grievance."

If possible, we answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

- We answer most complaints within 30 calendar days. If we don't make a decision within 30 calendar days because we need more information, we notify you in writing. We also provide a status update and estimated time for you to get the answer.
- If you make a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage" decision" or a "fast appeal," we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.
- If you make a complaint because we took extra time to make a coverage decision or appeal, we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

If we don't agree with some or all of your complaint, we will tell you and give you our reasons. We respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

K3. External complaints

Medicare

You can tell Medicare about your complaint or send it to Medicare. The Medicare Complaint Form is available at: <u>www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</u>. You do not need to file a complaint with Blue Shield TotalDual Plan before filing a complaint with Medicare.

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and uses this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the health plan is not addressing your problem, you can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.

Medi-Cal

You can file a complaint with the California Department of health Care Services (DHCS) Medi-Cal Managed Care Ombudsman by calling 1-888-452-8609. TTY users can call 711. Call Monday through Friday between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

You can file a complaint with the California Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC). The DMHC is responsible for regulating health plans. You can call the DMHC Help Center for help with complaints about Medi-Cal services. For non-urgent matters, you may file a complaint with the DMHC if you disagree with the decision in your Level 1 appeal or if the plan has not resolved your complaint after 30 calendar days. However, you may contact the DMHC without filing a Level 1 appeal if you need help with a complaint involving an urgent issue or one that involves an immediate and serious threat to your health, if you are in severe pain, if you disagree with our plan's decision about your complaint, or if our plan has not resolved your complaint after 30 calendar days.

Here are two ways to get help from the Help Center:

- Call 1-888-466-2219. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech-impaired can use the toll-free TTY number, 1-877-688-9891. The call is free.
- Visit the Department of Managed Health Care's website (<u>www.dmhc.ca.gov</u>).

Office for Civil Rights (OCR)

You can make a complaint to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) OCR if you think you have not been treated fairly. For example, you can make a complaint about disability access or language assistance. The phone number for the OCR is 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697. You can visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

You may also contact the local OCR office at:

Office for Civil Rights U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 90 7th Street, Suite 4-100 San Francisco, CA 94103

Customer Response Center: (800) 368-1019 Fax: (202) 619-3818 TTY: (800) 537-7697 Email: ocrmail@hhs.gov

You may also have rights under the Americans with Disability Act (ADA) and under Amendments Act of 2008 (P.L. 110-325). You can contact Medi-Cal Ombuds Program for assistance. The phone number is 1-888-452-8609.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

When your complaint is about quality of care, you have two choices:

- You can make your complaint about the quality of care directly to the QIO.
- You can make your complaint to the QIO and to our plan. If you make a complaint to the QIO, we work with them to resolve your complaint.

The QIO is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. To learn more about the QIO, refer to Section H2 or refer to Chapter 2 of your Member Handbook.

In California, the QIO is called Livanta. The phone number for Livanta is (877) 588-1123 [TTY: (855) 887-6668].

Chapter 10: Ending your membership in our plan

Introduction

This chapter explains how you can end your membership with our plan and your health coverage options after you leave our plan. If you leave our plan, you will still be in the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs as long as you are eligible. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Member Handbook*.

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A. When you can end your membership in our plan

Most people with Medicare can end their membership during certain times of the year. Since you have Medi-Cal, you can end your membership with our plan or switch to a different plan one time during each of the following **Special Enrollment Periods**:

- January to March
- April to June
- July to September

In addition to these three Special Enrollment periods, you may end your membership in our plan during the following periods each year:

- The **Annual Enrollment Period**, which lasts from October 15 to December 7. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in our plan ends on December 31 and your membership in the new plan starts on January 1.
- The **Medicare Advantage (MA) Open Enrollment Period**, which lasts from January 1 to March 31. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in the new plan starts the first day of the next month.

There may be other situations when you are eligible to make a change to your enrollment. For example, when:

- you move out of our service area,
- your eligibility for Medi-Cal or Extra Help changed, or
- if you recently moved into, currently are getting care in, or just moved out of a nursing facility or a long-term care hospital.

Your membership ends on the last day of the month that we get your request to change your plan. For example, if we get your request on January 18, your coverage with our plan ends on January 31. Your new coverage begins the first day of the next month (February 1, in this example).

If you leave our plan, you can get information about your:

- Medicare options in the table in Section C1.
- Medi-Cal options and services in Section C2.

You can get more information about how you can end your membership by calling: Customer Service at the number at the bottom of this page. The number for TTY users is listed too.

- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP), at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP.
- Health Care Options at 1-844-580-7272, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. TTY users should call 1-800-430-7077.
- Medi-Cal Managed Care Ombudsman at 1-888-452-8609, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or e-mail <u>MMCDOmbudsmanOffice@dhcs.ca.gov.</u>

NOTE: If you're in a drug management program (DMP), you may not be able to change plans. Refer to Chapter 5 of your Member Handbook for information about drug management programs.

B. How to end your membership in our plan

If you decide to end your membership you can enroll in another Medicare plan or switch to Original Medicare. However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare but you have not selected a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service at the number at the bottom of this page if you need more information on how to do this.
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users (people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking) should call 1-877-486-2048. When you call 1-800-MEDICARE, you can also enroll in another Medicare health or drug plan. More information on getting your Medicare services when you leave our plan is in the chart on page 256.
- Call Health Care Options at 1-844-580-7272, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. TTY users should call 1-800-430-7077.
- Section C below includes steps that you can take to enroll in a different plan, which will also end your membership in our plan.

C. How to get Medicare and Medi-Cal services separately

You have choices about getting your Medicare and Medi-Cal services if you choose to leave our plan.

C1. Your Medicare services

You have three options for getting your Medicare services listed below. By choosing one of these options, you automatically end your membership in our plan.

1. You can change to:	Here is what to do:
Another Medicare health plan including a plan that combines your Medicare and Medi-Cal coverage	Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800- 633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
	For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-855-921- PACE (7223).
	If you need help or more information:
	 Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <u>www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/</u>.
	OR
	Enroll in a new Medicare plan.
	You are automatically disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins. Your Medi-Cal plan may change.

2. You can change to:	Here is what to do:
Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan	 Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. If you need help or more information: Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <u>www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/</u>.
	OR
	Enroll in a new Medicare prescription drug plan.
	You are automatically disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

?

2 You can change to:

Horo is what to do:

3. You can change to:	Here is what to do:
Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan NOTE: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you tell Medicare you do not want to join. You should only drop prescription drug coverage if you have drug coverage from another source, such as an employer or union. If you have questions about whether you need drug coverage, call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434- 0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <u>www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/</u> .	 Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. If you need help or more information: Call the California Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) at 1-800-434-0222, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local HICAP office in your area, please visit <u>www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP/</u>. You are automatically disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

C2. Your Medi-Cal services

For questions about how to get your Medi-Cal services after you leave our plan, contact Health Care Options at 1-844-580-7272, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. TTY users should call 1-800-430-7077. Ask how joining another plan or returning to Original Medicare affects how you get your Medi-Cal coverage.

D. Your medical services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and Medi-Cal coverage begins. During this time, you keep getting your prescription drugs and health care through our plan until your new plan begins.

- Use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Use our network pharmacies including through our mail service pharmacy services to get your prescriptions filled.

• If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership in Blue Shield TotalDual Plan ends, our plan will cover your hospital stay until you are discharged. This will happen even if your new health coverage begins before you are discharged.

E. Other situations when your membership in our plan ends

These are cases when we must end your membership in our plan:

- If there is a break in your Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B coverage.
- If you no longer qualify for Medi-Cal. Our plan is for people who qualify for both Medicare and Medi-Cal.
- Medicare beneficiaries that enroll in the Blue Shield TotalDual Plan must be eligible for both Medicare Part A and Part B and Medi-Cal (Medicaid). If you are no longer eligible for Medi-Cal (Medicaid), we will notify you of the loss of Medi-Cal (Medicaid) status and we will continue to cover your Medicare benefits until you are able to requalify for Medi-Cal (Medicaid) within the next 6 months after notification of loss of special needs status. You may see an increase in out-of-pocket costs (coinsurance, copay, premiums, or deductibles) during the 6 months you are still in the plan but have no Medi-Cal coverage.
- We extend the opportunity to switch to one of our non-HMO D-SNP plans. The non-HMO D-SNP plan is offered to beneficiaries who are entitled to both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, but do not have Medi-Cal (Medicaid) benefits. Medicare allows a Special Enrollment Period (SEP) for Medicare beneficiaries who are no longer eligible for Medi-Cal (Medicaid).
- If you do not re-qualify for Medi-Cal (Medicaid) or accept the opportunity to switch to a non-HMO D-SNP plan within the 6 months after notification of loss of special needs status, you will be involuntarily disenrolled from Blue Shield TotalDual Plan.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than 6 months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, call Customer Service to find out if where you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's service area.
- If you go to jail or prison for a criminal offense.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have for prescription drugs.
- If you are not a United States citizen or are not lawfully present in the United States.

- You must be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of our plan.
- The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) notify us if you're not eligible to remain a member on this basis.
- We must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

We can make you leave our plan for the following reasons only if we get permission from Medicare and Medi-Cal first:

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan.
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan.
- If you let someone else use your Member ID Card to get medical care. (Medicare may ask the Inspector General to investigate your case if we end your membership for this reason.)

F. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health. If you think we're asking you to leave our plan for a health-related reason, **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

G. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook* for information about how to make a complaint.

H. How to get more information about ending your plan membership

If you have questions or would like more information on ending your membership, you can call Customer Service at the number at the bottom of this page.

Chapter 11: Legal notices

Introduction

This chapter includes legal notices that apply to your membership in our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your Member Handbook.

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A. Notice about laws

Many laws apply to this *Member Handbook*. These laws may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in the Member Handbook. The main laws that apply are federal and state laws about the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs. Other federal and state laws may apply too.

B. Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate or treat you differently because of your race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. In addition, we do not unlawfully discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently because of ancestry, ethnic group identification, gender identity, marital status, or medical condition.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

- Call the Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users can call 1-800-537-7697. You can also visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.
- Call the Department of Health Care Services, Office for Civil Rights at 916-440-7370. TTY users can call 711 (Telecommunications Relay Service).
- Send an email to <u>CivilRights@dhcs.ca.gov</u>.
- Fill out a complaint form or send a letter to:

Deputy Director, Office of Civil Rights **Department of Health Care Services** Office of Civil Rights P.O. Box 997413, MS 0009 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413 Complaint forms are available at: dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/Language_Access.aspx

If your grievance is about discrimination in the Medi-Cal program, you can also file a complaint with the Department of Health Care Services, Office of Civil Rights, by phone, in writing, or electronically:

- By phone: Call 916-440-7370. If you cannot speak or hear well, please call 711 (Telecommunications Relay Service).
- In writing: Fill out a complaint form or send a letter to:

Deputy Director, Office of Civil Rights Department of Health Care Services Office of Civil Rights P.O. Box 997413, MS 0009 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413

Complaint forms are available at www.dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/Language_Access.aspx.

• Electronically: Send an email to <u>CivilRights@dhcs.ca.gov</u>.

If you have a disability and need help accessing health care services or a provider, call Customer Service. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

C. Notice about Medicare as a second payer and Medi-Cal as a payer of last resort

Sometimes someone else must pay first for the services we provide you. For example, if you're in a car accident or if you're injured at work, insurance or Workers Compensation must pay first.

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the first payer.

We comply with federal and state laws and regulations relating to the legal liability of third parties for health care services to members. We take all reasonable measures to ensure that Medi-Cal is the payer of last resort.

D. Notice about Medi-Cal estate recovery

The Medi-Cal program must seek repayment from probated estates of certain deceased members for Medi-Cal benefits received on or after their 55th birthday. Repayment includes Fee-For-Service and managed care premiums/capitation payments for nursing facility services, home and community-based services, and related hospital and prescription drug services received when the member was an inpatient in a nursing facility or was receiving home and community-based services. Repayment cannot exceed the value of a member's probated estate.

To learn more, go to the Department of Health Care Services' estate recovery website at www.dhcs.ca.gov/er or call 916-650-0590.

E. Administration of the Evidence of Coverage

We may adopt reasonable policies, procedures, and interpretations to promote orderly and efficient administration of this *Evidence of Coverage*.

F. Member cooperation

You must complete any applications, forms, statements, releases, authorizations, lien forms and any other documents that we request in the normal course of business or as specified in this *Evidence of Coverage*.

G. Assignment

You may not assign this *Evidence of Coverage* or any of the rights, interests, claims for money due, benefits, or obligations hereunder without our prior written consent.

H. Employer responsibility

For any services that the law requires an employer to provide, we will not pay the employer, and when we cover any such services we may recover the value of the services from the employer.

I. Government agency responsibility

For any services that the law requires be provided only by or received only from a government agency, we will not pay the government agency, and when we cover any such services we may recover the value of the services from the government agency.

J. U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

For any services for conditions that the law requires the Department of Veterans Affairs to provide, we will not pay the Department of Veterans Affairs, and when we cover any such services we may recover the value of the services from the Department of Veterans Affairs.

K. Worker's compensation or employer's liability benefits

You may be eligible for payments or other benefits under workers' compensation or employer's liability law. We will provide covered Part D drugs even if it is unclear whether you are entitled to benefits, but we may recover the value of any Covered Services from the following sources:

1. From any source providing benefits or from whom a benefit is due.

2. From you, to the extent that a benefit is provided or payable or would have been required to be provided or payable if you had diligently sought to establish your rights to the benefits under any workers' compensation or employer's liability law.

L. Overpayment recovery

We may recover any overpayment that we make for services from anyone who receives such an overpayment or from any person or organization obligated to pay for the services.

M. When a third party causes your injuries

If you are injured or become ill due to the act or omission of another person (a "third party"), Blue Shield shall, with respect to Services required as a result of that injury, provide the Benefits of the Plan and have an equitable right to restitution, reimbursement or other available remedy to recover the amounts Blue Shield paid for Services provided to you from any recovery (defined below) obtained by or on behalf of you, from or on behalf of the third party responsible for the injury or illness or from uninsured/underinsured motorist coverage.

This right to restitution, reimbursement or other available remedy is against any recovery you receive as a result of the injury or illness, including any amount awarded to or received by way of court judgment, arbitration award, settlement or any other arrangement, from any third party or third party insurer, or from uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, related to the illness or injury (the "Recovery"), without regard to whether you have been "made whole" by the Recovery. The right to restitution, reimbursement or other available remedy is with respect to that portion of the total Recovery that is due for the Benefits paid in connection with such injury or illness, calculated in accordance with California Civil Code Section 3040.

You are required to:

1. Notify Blue Shield in writing of any actual or potential claim or legal action which you expect to bring or has brought against the third party arising from the alleged acts or omissions causing the injury or illness, not later than 30 days after submitting or filing a claim or legal action against the third party; and,

2. Agree to fully cooperate and execute any forms or documents needed to enforce this right to restitution, reimbursement or other available remedies; and,

3. Agree in writing to reimburse Blue Shield for Benefits paid by Blue Shield from any Recovery when the Recovery is obtained from or on behalf of the third party or the insurer of the third party, or from uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage; and,

4. Provide a lien calculated in accordance with the California Civil Code section 3040. The lien may be filed with the third party, the third party's agent or attorney, or the court, unless otherwise prohibited by law; and,

5. Periodically respond to information requests regarding the claim against the third party, and notify Blue Shield, in writing, within ten (10) days after any Recovery has been obtained.

Your failure to comply with 1. Through 5., above shall not in any way act as a waiver, release, or relinquishment of the rights of Blue Shield.

N. Notice about Health Information Exchange Participation

Blue Shield participates in the Manifest MedEx Health Information Exchange ("HIE") making its members' health information available to Manifest MedEx for access by their authorized health care providers. Manifest MedEx is an independent, not-for-profit organization that maintains a statewide database of electronic patient records that includes health information contributed by doctors, health care facilities, health care service plans, and health insurance companies. Authorized health care providers (including doctors, nurses, and hospitals) may securely access their patients' health information through the Manifest MedEx HIE to support the provision of safe, highquality care.

Manifest MedEx respects Members' right to privacy and follows applicable state and federal privacy laws. Manifest MedEx uses advanced security systems and modern data encryption techniques to protect Members' privacy and the security of their personal information.

Every Blue Shield Member has the right to direct Manifest MedEx not to share their health information with their health care providers. Although opting out of Manifest MedEx may limit your health care provider's ability to quickly access important health care information about you, a member's health insurance or health plan benefit coverage will not be affected by an election to opt-out of Manifest MedEx. No doctor or hospital participating in Manifest MedEx will deny medical care to a patient who chooses not to participate in the Manifest MedEx HIE.

Members who do not wish to have their healthcare information displayed in Manifest MedEx should fill out the online form at https://www.manifestmedex.org/opt-out or call Manifest MedEx at (888) 510-7142, 7:00 a.m. to 7:00p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. TTY: 711 for the hearing impaired.

O. Reporting Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

What is fraud, waste, and abuse (FWA)?

• **Fraud** is an intentional misrepresentation that may result in unauthorized costs to a healthcare program.

• **Waste** is the inappropriate use of healthcare funds or resources without a justifiable need to do so.

• **Abuse** is a practice that is inconsistent with sound medical or business practices that may directly or indirectly result in unnecessary costs to a healthcare program.

Protect yourself and your benefits

- Never give out your Social Security, Medicare or health plan numbers or banking information to someone you don't know.
- Do not consent to any lab tests without your doctor's order.
- It is illegal to accept anything of value in exchange for medical services.

Be aware of genetic testing fraud

Scammers approach unsuspecting enrollees at local health fairs, senior housing facilities, community centers, home health agencies, and other trustworthy locations to carry out genetic testing fraud. They falsely promise that Medicare will pay for the test, and you simply need to provide a cheek swab, your ID, and Medicare information in order to receive your test results.

Unfortunately, now these scammers have your health plan or Medicare number, and they can bill Medicare thousands of dollars for tests or even services that you never receive. They also have your personal genetic information.

To report suspected fraud, waste, and abuse, please contact:

• Blue Shield of California's Medicare fraud hotline: (855) 331-4894 (TTY: 711) or via email: <u>MedicareStopFraud@blueshieldca.com</u>.

• Medicare at 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048).

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Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Introduction

This chapter includes key terms used throughout your *Member Handbook* with their definitions. The terms are listed in alphabetical order. If you can't find a term you're looking for or if you need more information than a definition includes, contact Customer Service. Activities of daily living (ADL): The things people do on a normal day, such as eating, using the toilet, getting dressed, bathing, or brushing teeth.

Administrative law judge: A judge that reviews a level 3 appeal.

AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP): A program that helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications.

Ambulatory surgical center: A facility that provides outpatient surgery to patients who do not need hospital care and who are not expected to need more than 24 hours of care.

Appeal: A way for you to challenge our action if you think we made a mistake. You can ask us to change a coverage decision by filing an appeal. **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook* explains appeals, including how to make an appeal.

Behavioral Health: An all-inclusive term referring to mental health and substance use disorder services.

Brand name drug: A prescription drug that is made and sold by the company that originally made the drug. Brand name drugs have the same ingredients as the generic versions of the drugs. Generic drugs are usually made and sold by other drug companies.

Care coordinator: One main person who works with you, with the health plan, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.

Care plan: Refer to "Individualized Care Plan."

Care Plan Optional Services (CPO Services): Additional services that are optional under your Individualized Care Plan (ICP). These services are not intended to replace long-term services and supports that you are authorized to get under Medi-Cal.

Care team: Refer to "Interdisciplinary Care Team."

Catastrophic coverage stage: The stage in the Medicare Part D drug benefit where our plan pays all costs of your drugs until the end of the year. You begin this stage when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$8,000 for Part D covered drugs during the year. You pay nothing.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS): The federal agency in charge of Medicare. **Chapter 2** of your *Member Handbook* explains how to contact CMS.

Community-Based Adult Services (CBAS): Outpatient, facility-based service program that delivers skilled nursing care, social services, occupational and speech therapies, personal care, family/caregiver training and support, nutrition services, transportation, and other services to eligible members who meet applicable eligibility criteria.

Complaint: A written or spoken statement saying that you have a problem or concern about your covered services or care. This includes any concerns about the quality of service, quality of your care, our network providers, or our network pharmacies. The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance".

Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF): A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness, accident, or major operation. It provides a variety of services, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and home environment evaluation services.

Copay: A fixed amount you pay as your share of the cost each time you get certain services or prescription drugs. For example, you might pay \$2 or \$5 for a service or a prescription drug.

Cost-sharing: Amounts you have to pay when you get certain services or prescription drugs. Cost-sharing includes copays.

Cost-sharing tier: A group of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on the *List of Covered Drugs* (also known as the Drug List) is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage decision: A decision about what benefits we cover. This includes decisions about covered drugs and services or the amount we pay for your health services. **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook* explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered drugs: The term we use to mean all of the prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs covered by our plan.

Covered services: The general term we use to mean all of the health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services our plan covers.

Cultural competence training: Training that provides additional instruction for our health care providers that helps them better understand your background, values, and beliefs to adapt services to meet your social, cultural, and language needs.

Customer Service: A department in our plan responsible for answering your questions about membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Member Handbook* for more information about Customer Service.

Daily cost- sharing rate: A rate that may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copay. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copay divided by the number of days in a month's supply.

Here is an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$1.35. This means that the amount you pay for your drug is less than \$0.05

per day. If you get a 7-day supply of the drug, your payment is less than \$0.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment less than \$0.35.

Department of Health Care Services (DHCS): The state department in California that administers the Medicaid Program (known as Medi-Cal).

Department of Managed Health Care (DMHC): The state department in California responsible for regulating health plans. DMHC helps people with appeals and complaints about Medi-Cal services. DMHC also conducts Independent Medical Reviews (IMR).

Disenrollment: The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Drug management program (DMP): A program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications.

Drug tiers: Groups of drugs on our Drug List. Generic, brand name, or over-the-counter (OTC) drugs are examples of drug tiers. Every drug on the Drug List is in one of five tiers.

Dual eligible special needs plan (D-SNP): Health plan that serves individuals who are eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. Our plan is a D-SNP.

Durable medical equipment (DME): Certain items your doctor orders for use in your own home. Examples of these items are wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

Emergency: A medical emergency when you, or any other person with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that need immediate medical attention to prevent death, loss of a body part, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function (and if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child). The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency care: Covered services given by a provider trained to give emergency services and needed to treat a medical or behavioral health emergency.

Exception: Permission to get coverage for a drug not normally covered or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations.

Excluded Services: Services that are not covered by this health plan.

Extra Help: Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D prescription drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy", or "LIS".

Generic drug: A prescription drug approved by the federal government to use in place of a brand name drug. A generic drug has the same ingredients as a brand name drug. It's usually cheaper and works just as well as the brand name drug.

Grievance: A complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies. This includes a complaint about the quality of your care or the quality of service provided by your health plan.

Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP): A program that provides free and objective information and counseling about Medicare. Chapter 2 of your *Member Handbook* explains how to contact HICAP.

Health plan: An organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of longterm services, and other providers. It also has care coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. All of them work together to provide the care you need.

Health risk assessment (HRA): A review of your medical history and current condition. It's used to learn about your health and how it might change in the future.

Home health aide: A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (like bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides don't have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Hospice: A program of care and support to help people who have a terminal prognosis live comfortably. A terminal prognosis means that a person has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less.

- An enrollee who has a terminal prognosis has the right to elect hospice.
- A specially trained team of professionals and caregivers provide care for the whole person, including physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.
- We are required to give you a list of hospice providers in your geographic area.

Improper/inappropriate billing: A situation when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than our cost-sharing amount for services. Call Customer Service if you get any bills you don't understand.

As a plan member, you only pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services we cover. We do **not** allow providers to bill you more than this amount.

In Home Supportive Services (IHSS): The IHSS Program will help pay for services provided to you so that you can remain safely in your own home. IHSS is an alternative to out-of-home care, such as nursing homes or board and care facilities. The types of services which can be authorized through IHSS are housecleaning, meal preparation, laundry, grocery shopping, personal care services (such as bowel and bladder care, bathing, grooming and paramedical services), accompaniment to medical appointments, and protective supervision for the mentally impaired. County social service agencies administer IHSS.

Independent Medical Review (IMR): If we deny your request for medical services or treatment, you can make an appeal. If you disagree with our decision and your problem is about a Medi-Cal service, including DME supplies and drugs, you can ask the California Department of Managed Health Care for an IMR. An IMR is a review of your case by doctors who are not part of our plan. If the IMR decision is in your favor, we must give you the service or treatment you asked for. You pay no costs for an IMR.

Independent review organization (IRO): An independent organization hired by Medicare that reviews a level 2 appeal. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. The formal name is the **Independent Review Entity.**

Individualized Care Plan (ICP or Care Plan): A plan for what services you will get and how you will get them. Your plan may include medical services, behavioral health services, and long-term services and supports.

Initial coverage stage: The stage before your total Medicare Part D drug expenses reach \$5,030. This includes amounts you paid, what our plan paid on your behalf, and the low-income subsidy. You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, we pay part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share.

Inpatient: A term used when you are formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. If you're not formally admitted, you may still be considered an outpatient instead of an inpatient even if you stay overnight.

Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT or Care team): A care team may include doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals who are there to help you get the care you need. Your care team also helps you make a care plan.

List of Covered Drugs (Drug List): A list of prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs we cover. We choose the drugs on this list with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs. The Drug List is sometimes called a "formulary".

Long-term services and supports (LTSS): Long-term services and supports help improve a long-term medical condition. Most of these services help you stay in your home so

you don't have to go to a nursing facility or hospital. LTSS covered by our plan include Community-Based Services, Nursing Facilities (NF), and Community Supports. IHSS and 1915(c) waiver programs are Medi-Cal LTSS provided outside our plan.

Low-income subsidy (LIS): Refer to "Extra Help"

Mail Service Pharmacy Program: Some plans may offer a mail service pharmacy program that allows you to get up to a 3-month supply of your covered prescription drugs sent directly to your home. This may be a cost-effective and convenient way to fill prescriptions you take regularly.

Medi-Cal: This is the name of California Medicaid program. Medi-Cal is managed by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government.

- It helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.
- It covers extra services and some drugs not covered by Medicare.
- Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medi-Cal.

Medi-Cal plans: Plans that cover only Medi-Cal benefits, such as long-term services and supports, medical equipment, and transportation. Medicare benefits are separate.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance): A program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs. Medi-Cal is the Medicaid program for the State of California.

Medically necessary: This describes services, supplies, or drugs you need to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare: The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a managed care plan (refer to "Health plan").

Medicare Advantage: A Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Part C" or "MA", that offers MA plans through private companies. Medicare pays these companies to cover your Medicare benefits.

Medicare Appeals Council (Council): A council that reviews a level 4 appeal. The Council is part of the Federal government.

Medicare-covered services: Services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.

Medicare diabetes prevention program (MDPP): A structured health behavior change program that provides training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

Medicare-Medi-Cal enrollee: A person who qualifies for Medicare and Medicaid coverage. A Medicare-Medicaid enrollee is also called a "dually eligible individual".

Medicare Part A: The Medicare program that covers most medically necessary hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health, and hospice care.

Medicare Part B: The Medicare program that covers services (such as lab tests, surgeries, and doctor visits) and supplies (such as wheelchairs and walkers) that are medically necessary to treat a disease or condition. Medicare Part B also covers many preventive and screening services.

Medicare Part C: The Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Advantage" or "MA", that lets private health insurance companies provide Medicare benefits through an MA Plan.

Medicare Part D: The Medicare prescription drug benefit program. We call this program "Part D" for short. Medicare Part D covers outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B or Medicaid. Our plan includes Medicare Part D.

Medicare Part D drugs: Drugs covered under Medicare Part D. Congress specifically excludes certain categories of drugs from coverage under Medicare Part D. Medicaid may cover some of these drugs.

Medication Therapy Management (MTM): A distinct group of service or group of services provided by health care providers, including pharmacists, to ensure the best therapeutic outcomes for patients. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Member Handbook* for more information.

Member (member of our plan, or plan member): A person with Medicare and Medi-Cal who qualifies to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and the state.

Member Handbook and Disclosure Information: This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, or riders, which explain your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you must do as a member of our plan.

Network pharmacy: A pharmacy (drug store) that agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. We call them "network pharmacies" because they agreed to work with our plan. In most cases, we cover your prescriptions only when filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network provider: "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

- They are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services.
- We call them "network providers" when they agree to work with our health plan, accept our payment, and do not charge members an extra amount.
- While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. Network providers are also called "plan providers".

Nursing home or facility: A facility that provides care for people who can't get their care at home but don't need to be in the hospital.

Ombudsman: An office in your state that works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The ombudsperson's services are free. You can find more information in **Chapters 2 and 9** of your *Member Handbook*.

Organization determination: Our plan makes an organization determination when we, or one of our providers, decide about whether services are covered or how much you pay for covered services. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions". **Chapter 9** of your *Member Handbook* explains coverage decisions.

Original Medicare (traditional Medicare or fee-for-service Medicare): The government offers Original Medicare. Under Original Medicare, services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers amounts that Congress determines.

- You can use any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. Original Medicare has two parts: Medicare Part A (hospital insurance) and Medicare Part B (medical insurance).
- Original Medicare is available everywhere in the United States.
- If you don't want to be in our plan, you can choose Original Medicare

If you have questions, please call Blue Shield TotalDual Plan at 1-800-452-4413 (TTY: 711), 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week. The call is free. **For more information**, visit blueshieldca.com/medicare. 277

Out-of-network pharmacy: A pharmacy that has not agreed to work with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Our plan doesn't cover most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-network provider or **Out-of-network facility:** A provider or facility that is not employed, owned, or operated by our plan and is not under contract to provide covered services to members of our plan. **Chapter 3** of your *Member Handbook* explains out-of-network providers or facilities.

Out-of-pocket costs: The cost- sharing requirement for members to pay for part of the services or drugs they get is also called the "out-of-pocket" cost requirement. Refer to the definition for "cost-sharing" above.

Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs: Over-the-counter drugs are drugs or medicines that a person can buy without a prescription from a health care professional.

Part A: Refer to "Medicare Part A."

Part B: Refer to "Medicare Part B."

Part C: Refer to "Medicare Part C."

Part D: Refer to "Medicare Part D."

Part D drugs: Refer to "Medicare Part D drugs."

Personal health information (also called Protected health information) (PHI): Information about you and your health, such as your name, address, social security number, physician visits, and medical history. Refer to our Notice of Privacy Practices for more information about how we protect, use, and disclose your PHI, as well as your rights with respect to your PHI.

Primary care provider (PCP): The doctor or other provider you use first for most health problems. They make sure you get the care you need to stay healthy.

- They also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them.
- In many Medicare health plans, you must use your primary care provider before you use any other health care provider.
- Refer to **Chapter 3** of your *Member Handbook* for information about getting care from primary care providers.

Prior authorization (PA): An approval you must get from us before you can get a specific service or drug or use an out-of-network provider. Our plan may not cover the service or drug if you don't get approval first.

Our plan covers some network medical services only if your doctor or other network provider gets PA from us.

• Covered services that need our plan's PA are marked in **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook*.

Our plan covers some drugs only if you get PA from us.

• Covered drugs that need our plan's PA are marked in the List of Covered Drugs.

Program for All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE): A program that covers Medicare and Medicaid benefits together for people age 55 and over who need a higher level of care to live at home.

Prosthetics and Orthotics: Medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider that include, but are not limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality improvement organization (QIO): A group of doctors and other health care experts who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The federal government pays the QIO to check and improve the care given to patients. Refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Member Handbook* for information about the QIO.

Quantity limits: A limit on the amount of a drug you can have. We may limit the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription.

Real Time Benefit Tool: A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific covered drugs and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative drugs that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative drugs.

Referral: A referral is your primary care provider's (PCP's) or our approval to use a provider other than your PCP. If you don't get approval first, we may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. You can find more information about referrals in **Chapters 3 and 4** of your *Member Handbook*.

Rehabilitation services: Treatment you get to help you recover from an illness, accident, or major operation. Refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Member Handbook* to learn more about rehabilitation services.

Sensitive services: Services related to mental or behavioral health, sexual and reproductive health, family planning, sexually transmitted infections (STIs), HIV/AIDS, sexual assault and abortions, substance use disorder, gender affirming care, and intimate partner violence.

Service area: A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Only people who live in our service area can enroll in our plan.

Share of cost: The portion of your health care costs that you may have to pay each month before your benefits become effective. The amount of your share of cost varies depending on your income and resources.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF): A nursing facility with the staff and equipment to give skilled nursing care and, in most cases, skilled rehabilitative services and other related health services.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care: Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous (IV) injections that a registered nurse or a doctor can give.

Specialist: A doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body.

Specialized pharmacy: Refer to Chapter 5 of your *Member Handbook* to learn more about specialized pharmacies.

State Hearing: If your doctor or other provider asks for a Medi-Cal service that we won't approve, or we won't continue to pay for a Medi-Cal service you already have, you can ask for a State Hearing. If the State Hearing is decided in your favor, we must give you the service you asked for.

Step therapy: A coverage rule that requires you to try another drug before we cover the drug you ask for.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI): A monthly benefit Social Security pays to people with limited incomes and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and over. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently needed care: Care you get for a sudden illness, injury, or condition that is not an emergency but needs care right away. You can get urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when network providers are unavailable or you cannot get to them.

Blue Shield TotalDual Plan Customer Service

CALL	1-800-452-4413
	Calls to this number are free.
	Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
ТТҮ	711
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week.
FAX	(877) 251-6671
WRITE	Blue Shield TotalDual Plan P.O. Box 927 Woodland Hills, CA 91365-9856
WEBSITE	blueshieldca.com/medicare

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